
**Bachelor in Computer Application (BCA),
Bachelor in Computer Application (Honours)
&
Bachelor in Computer Application (Honours
with Research**

ESTD

JAMSHEDPUR

2018



GENERAL COURSE STRUCTURE & CREDIT DISTRIBUTION

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GENERAL COURSE STRUCTURE & THEME

A. Definition of Credit:

1 Hr. Lecture (L) per week	1 Credit
1 Hr. Tutorial (T) per week	1 Credit
1 Hr. Practical (P) per week	0.5 Credit
2 Hours Practical (P) per week	1 Credit

B. Course code and definition:

Course code	Definitions
L	Lecture
T	Tutorial
P	Practical
CC	Core Courses
AEC	Ability Enhancement Courses
MDE	Multi-Disciplinary Elective course
VAC	Value added Courses
SEC	Skill Enhancement courses
DSE	Discipline Specific Elective
OE	Open Elective

Course Level/Duration/System:

Undergraduate / Three years/6 Semesters with multiple entry and exit. The following option will be made available to the students joining BCA Research Program:

A. One year: Under Graduate Certificate in Computer Application

B. Two years: Under Graduate Diploma in Computer Application

C. Three years: Bachelor in Computer Application (BCA)

D. Four years: Bachelor in Computer Application with Honours: BCA (Honours) or Bachelor in Computer Application Honours with Research: BCA (Honours with Research)

Minimum Eligibility Criteria:

Minimum eligibility criteria for opting the course in the fourth year will be as follows:

1. **BCA (Honours with Research):** BCA Degree
2. **For BCA (Honours):** BCA Degree

Note : The students who are eligible for BCA (Honours with Research) shall have choice to pursue either BCA (Honours) or BCA (Honours with Research).

SEMESTER WISE CREDIT DISTRIBUTION:

Semester	Core Courses	Ability Enhancement Courses	Multi-Disciplinary Elective course	Value added Courses	Skill Enhancement courses	Discipline Specific Elective	Total
I	9	2	2	2	5	-	20
II	12	-	-	2	9	-	23
III	12	0	0	2	5	3	22
IV	15	0	0	0	2	3	20
V	0	0	0	0	6	15	21
VI	4	3	0	0	4	10	21
BCA (Honours)							
VII	5	0	3	0	4	8	20
VIII					8	12	20
BCA (Honours with Research)							
VII	12					8	20
VIII	20						20

Category-wise distribution*

Description	Core Courses	Ability Enhancement Courses	Multi-Disciplinary Elective course	Value added Courses	Skill Enhancement courses	Discipline Specific Elective	Total
BCA	53	5	2	6	28	31	125
BCA (Honours)	58	5	5	6	40	51	165
BCA (Honours with Research)	65	5	2	6	48	39	165

3 Years BCA Program	Total Credits = 125
4 Years BCA (Honours) and BCA (Honours with Research)	Total Credits = 165

INDUCTION PROGRAM

The Essence and Details of Induction program can also be understood from the 'Detailed Guide on Student Induction program', as available on AICTE Portal, For more, Refer

Appendix III.

Induction program (mandatory)	Three-week duration
Induction program for students to be offered right at the start of the first year.	• Physical activity • Creative Arts • Universal Human Values • Literary • Proficiency Modules • Lectures by Eminent People • Visits to local Areas • Familiarization to Department/Branch & Innovations

Mandatory Visits/ Workshop/Expert Lectures:

1. It is mandatory to arrange one industrial visit every semester for the students of each branch.
2. It is mandatory to conduct a One-week workshop during the winter break after fifth semester on professional/ industry/ entrepreneurial orientation.
3. It is mandatory to organize at least one expert lecture per semester for each branch by inviting resource persons from domain specific industry.

For Summer Internship / Projects / Seminar etc.

1. Evaluation is based on work done, quality of report, performance in viva-voce, presentation etc.

Note: The internal assessment is based on the student's performance in mid semester tests (two best out of three), quizzes, assignments, class performance, attendance, viva-voce in practical, lab record etc.

Mapping of Marks to Grades

Each course (Theory/Practical) is to be assigned 100 marks, irrespective of the number of credits, and the mapping of marks to grades may be done as per the following table:

GRADING OF PERFORMANCE			
COURSE IN WHICH THE MIN. PASS PERCENTAGE IS 45%			
% OF MARKS	LETTER GRADE	GRADE POINT	REMARKS
90-100	O (Outstanding)	10	❖ C: Credit Point ❖ G: Grade Point $SGPA = \frac{C1G1+C2G2+C3G3}{C1+C2+C3}$
80-89	A+ (Excellent)	9	
70-79	A (Very Good)	8	
60-69	B+ (Good)	7	
50-59	B (Above Average)	6	
45-49	C (Pass)	5	
Less than 45	F (Fail)	0	

GRADING OF PERFORMANCE			
COURSE IN WHICH THE MIN. PASS PERCENTAGE IS 23%			
% OF MARKS	LETTER GRADE	GRADE POINT	REMARKS
45-50	O (Outstanding)	10	❖ C: Credit Point ❖ G: Grade Point $SGPA = \frac{C1G1+C2G2+C3G3}{C1+C2+C3}$
40-44	A+ (Excellent)	9	
35-39	A (Very Good)	8	
30-34	B+ (Good)	7	
25-29	B (Above Average)	6	
23-24	C (Pass)	5	
Less than 23	F (Fail)	0	

SEMESTER - I

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	INT	EXT	Credit
1	BCA-CC101	Mathematics Foundations to Computer Science - I	3	1	0	30	70	4
2	BCA-SEC101	Problem Solving Techniques and C Programming	3	0	0	30	70	3
3	BCA-CC102	Computer Architecture	3	0	0	30	70	3
4	BCA-AEC101	General English	1	1	0	30	70	2
5	BCA-MDE101	Indian Knowledge System	2	0	0	30	70	2
6	BCA-VAC101	Environmental Science and sustainability	2	0	0	30	70	2
7	BCA-AEC102	Additional Course - Indian or Foreign Language Other than Mother Tongue and English (1-1-0)) [optional course]*	1	1	0	30	70	0*
Practical Paper								
1	BCA-SEC101P	C Programming Lab	0	0	4	15	35	2
2	BCA-CC102P	Computer Architecture Lab	0	0	4	15	35	2
TOTAL								20

SEMESTER -II

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	INT	EXT	Credit
1	BCA-CC103	Mathematics Foundations to Computer Science - II	3	0	0	30	70	3
2	BCA-CC104	Data Structures	3	0	0	30	70	3
3	BCA-CC105	Operating Systems	3	0	0	30	70	3
4	BCA-SEC102	Object Oriented Programming using Java	3	0	0	30	70	3
5	BCA-SEC103	Web Technologies	3	0	0	30	70	3
6	BCA-VAC102	Indian Constitution	2	0	0	30	70	2
7	BCA-AEC103	Additional Course - Indian or Foreign Language Other than Mother Tongue and English	1	1	0			0
Practical								
1	BCA-CC104P	Data Structures Lab	0	0	4	15	35	2
2	BCA-CC105p	Operating Systems Lab	0	0	2	15	35	1
3	BCA-SEC103	Web tech Lab	0	0	2	15	35	1
4	BCA-CC105P	Object Oriented Programming using Java Lab	0	0	4	15	35	2
TOTAL								23

Semester - III

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	INT	EXT	Credit
1	CC201	Probability and Statistics	3	0	0	30	70	3
2	CC202	Data Base Management System	3	0	0	30	70	3
3	SEC201	Python Programming	2	0	0	30	70	2
4	CC203	Software Engineering	3	0	0	30	70	3
5	DSE201*	Professional Elective – I	1	0	0	30	70	1
6	VAC201	Yoga/Sports/NCC/NSS/Disaster Management	0	0	4	30	70	2
Practical								
1	CC202P	DBMS System Lab	0	0	4	15	35	2
2	SEC201P	Python Programming Lab	0	0	4	15	35	2
3	DSE201*P	Professional Elective – I Lab	0	0	4	15	35	2
TOTAL								20

Semester - IV

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	INT	EXT	Credit
1	BCA-CC204	Entrepreneurship and Startup Ecosystem	1	1	0	30	70	2
2	BCA-CC205	Computer Networks	3	0	0	30	70	3
3	BCA-CC206	Design and Analysis of Algorithm	3	0	0	30	70	3
4	BCA-CC207	Artificial Intelligence	3	0	0	30	70	3
5	BCA-DSE202*	Professional Elective – II	1	0	0	30	70	1
6	BCA-SEC202	Design Thinking and Innovation	1	1	0	30	70	2
Practical								
1	BCA-CC205P	Computer Networks	0	0	4	15	35	2
2	BCA-CC207P	Artificial Intelligence	0	0	4	15	35	2
3	BCA-DSE202P	Professional Elective – II	0	0	4	15	35	2
TOTAL								20

SEMESTER - V

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	INT	EXT	Credit
1	BCA-DSE301*	Professional Elective – III	3	0	0	30	70	3
2	BCA-DSE302*	Professional Elective – IV	3	0	0	30	70	3
3	BCA-DSE303*	Professional Elective – V	3	0	0	30	70	3
4	BCA-SEC301	Quantitative Techniques	0	2	0	30	70	2
5	BCA-SEC302	Internship/capstone Project	0	0	8	30	70	4
6	BCA-SEC303	Major Project [Evaluation in sixth semester]	-	-	-			0
Practical								
1	BCA-DSE301P	Professional Elective – III	0	0	4	15	35	2
2	BCA-DSE302P	Professional Elective – IV	0	0	4	15	35	2
3	BCA-DSE303P	Professional Elective – V	0	0	4	15	35	2
TOTAL						21		

SEMESTER - VI

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	INT	EXT	Credit
1	BCA-CC301	Generative AI	2	0	0	30	70	2
2	BCA- DSE304*	Professional Elective – VI	3	0	0	30	70	3
3	BCA- DSE305*	Professional Elective –VII	3	0	0	30	70	3
4	BCA -AEC301	Soft Skills	1	2	0	30	70	3
5	BCA-SEC304	Major Project [Initiated in 5th Semester]	0	0	8			4
Practical								
1	BCA-CC301P	Generative AI	0	0	4	15	35	2
2	BCA- DSE304P	Professional Elective – VI	0	0	4	15	35	2
3	BCA- DSE305P	Professional Elective –VII	0	0	4	15	35	2
TOTAL						21		

SEMESTER VII - (BCA (Honours))
Specialization – AI & ML

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credit
1	MDE401	Social Network Analysis	-	-	-	3
2	CC401	Optimization of ML	3	-	4	5
3	DSE401*	Professional Elective – VIII	3	-	4	5
4	DSE402*	Professional Elective – IX	-	-	-	3
5	SEC401	Dissertation work [Evaluation in Eight semester]	-	-	-	-
6	SEC402	Summer Internship II	0	0	8	4
TOTAL						20

*L-T-P w.r.t Open Elective and Discipline Specific Elective depends on the Courses offered by the University

SEMESTER VII - (BCA (Honours))
Specialization – Data Science

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credit
1	MDE401	Advanced Statistical methods for Data Science	-	-	-	3
2	CC401	Python for Data Science	3	-	4	5
3	DSE401*	Professional Elective – VIII	3	-	4	5
4	DSE402*	Professional Elective – IX	-	-	-	3
5	SEC401	Dissertation work [evaluation in Eight semester]	-	-	-	-
6	SEC402	Summer Internship II	0	0	8	4
TOTAL						20

*L-T-P w.r.t Open Elective and Discipline Specific Elective depends on the Courses offered by the University

SEMESTER VIII - (BCA (Honours))

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credit
1	DSE403*	Professional Elective – X	3	-	4	5
2	DSE404*	Professional Elective – XI	3	-	4	5
3	DSE405*	Professional Elective – XII	2	-	-	2
4	SEC403	Dissertation work [Started in Seventh semester]	0	0	16	8
TOTAL						20

*L-T-P w.r.t Open Elective and Discipline Specific Elective depends on the Courses offered by the University

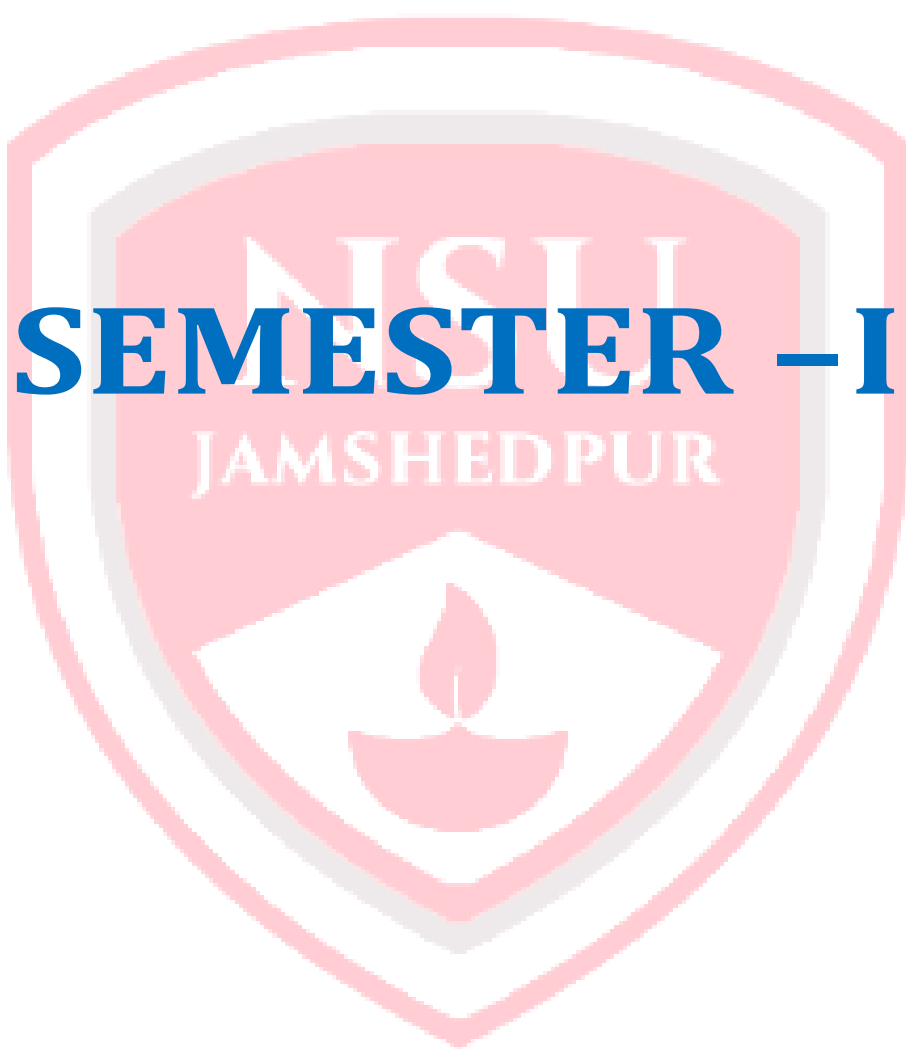
SEMESTER VII - (BCA – (Honours with Research))

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credit
1	CC401	Advanced Data Analysis Tools	0	2	4	4
2	CC402	Research Methodology	2	2	0	4
3	CC403	Research Internship Report and Viva –Voce	0	0	8	4
4	DSEX	Professional Elective – IX	-	-	-	4
5	DSEX	Professional Elective – X	-	-	-	4
TOTAL						20

L-T-P w.r.t Open Elective and Discipline Specific Elective depends on the Courses offered by the University

SEMESTER VIII- (BCA –(Honours with Research))

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credit
1	SEC401	Dissertation (For Research Track)*	-	-	-	20
TOTAL						20



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SEMESTER I

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	INT	EXT	Credit
1	BCA-CC101	Mathematics Foundations to Computer Science - I	3	1	0	30	70	4
2	BCA-SEC101	Problem Solving Techniques and c Programming	3	0	0	30	70	3
3	BCA-CC102	Computer Architecture	3	0	0	30	70	3
4	BCA-AEC101	General English	1	1	0	30	70	2
5	BCA-MDE101	Indian Knowledge System	2	0	0	30	70	2
6	BCA-VAC101	Environmental Science and sustainability	2	0	0	30	70	2
7	BCA- AEC102	Additional Course - Indian or Foreign Language Other than Mother Tongue and English (1-1-0)) [optional course]*	1	1	0	30	70	0*
Practical Paper								
1	BCA-SEC101P	C Programming Lab	0	0	4	15	35	2
2	BCA-CC102P	Computer Architecture Lab	0	0	4	15	35	2
TOTAL								20

BCA - CC101	Mathematics Foundation to Computer Science - I	3L:1T:0P	4 Credits
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Course Objectives

- CO1: Provide a basic understanding of fundamental mathematical concepts such as sets, functions, matrix algebra, and discrete mathematics.
- CO2: This course enables the students to use mathematical models and techniques to analyze and understand problems in computer science.
- CO3: This course demonstrates how the mathematical principles give succinct abstraction of computer science problems and help them to efficiently analyze.

Course Content:

UNIT I: Set, Relation and Function:

Set, Set Operations, Properties of Set operations, Subset, Venn Diagrams, Cartesian Products. Relations on a Set, Properties of Relations, Representing Relations using matrices and digraphs, Types of Relations, Equivalence Relation, Equivalence relation and partition on set, Closures of Relations, Warshall's algorithm. Functions, properties of functions (domain, range), composition of functions, surjective (onto), injective (one-to-one) and bijective functions, inverse of functions. Some useful functions for Computer Science: Exponential and Logarithmic functions, Polynomial functions, Ceiling and Floor functions.

UNIT II: Counting and Recurrence Relation:

Basics of counting, Pigeonhole principle, permutation, combination, Binomial coefficients, Binomial theorem.

Recurrence relations, modeling recurrence relations with examples, like Fibonacci numbers, the tower of Hanoi problem. Solving linear recurrence relation with constant coefficients using characteristic equation roots method.

UNIT III: Elementary Graph Theory:

Basic terminologies of graphs, connected and disconnected graphs, subgraph, paths and cycles, complete graphs, digraphs, weighted graphs, Euler and Hamiltonian graphs.

Trees, properties of trees, concept of spanning tree. Planar graphs. Definitions and basic results on the topics mentioned.

UNIT IV: Matrix Algebra:

Types of matrices, algebra of matrices—addition, subtraction, and multiplication of matrices, determinant of a matrix, symmetric and skew-symmetric matrices, orthogonal matrix, rank of a matrix, inverse of a matrix, applications of matrices to solve system of linear equations, Eigen values and Eigen vectors, Caley-Hamilton theorem.

Reference Books

1. Discrete Mathematics & its combinatory and Graph Theory . Rosen H. Kenneh
2. Discrete Mathematics and its application, McGraw Hills, 2019

Web Resources

1. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106103205>
2. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/111101115>

PO No.	Description
PO1	Apply knowledge of computing fundamentals, data structures, algorithms, and software engineering principles
PO2	Identify, formulate, and analyze computing problems and requirements..
PO3	Design and develop computer-based systems using appropriate tools and technologies.
PO4	Use modern tools and techniques to analyze and solve complex problems.
PO5	Understand and commit to professional ethics, cyber laws, and responsibilities.

BCA-SEC101	Problem Solving Techniques	3L:0T:4P	5 Credits
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Course Objectives

- CO1: Understand basic terminology of computers, problem solving, programming Languages and their evolution (Understand)
- CO2: Create specification from problem requirements by asking questions to disambiguate the requirement statement. (Create)
- CO3: Design the solution from specification of a problem and write pseudo code of the algorithm using basic building blocks or structured programming constructs (Sequence, Selection and Repetition statement). (Create)
- CO4: Translate an algorithm into a C computer program (Create)
- CO5: Testing and analyzing programs using debugging tools. (Analyze)

Course Content:

UNIT I:

Problems And Problem Instances, Generalization and Special Cases, Types of Computational Problems, Classification of Problems, Analysis of Problems, Solution Approaches, Algorithm Development, Analysis of Algorithm, Efficiency, Correctness, Role of Data Structures in Problem Solving, Problem-Solving Steps (Understand the Problem, Plan, Execute, And Review), Breaking the Problem into Sub problems, Input/Output Specification, Input Validation, Pre and Post Conditions.

UNIT II:

Structured Programming Concepts: Sequence (Input/Output/Assignment), Selection (If, If-Else) And Repetition (For, While, Do-While) Statements, Control Structure Stacking and Nesting. Different Kinds of Repetitions: Entry Controlled, Exit Controlled, Counter Controlled, Definite, Indefinite and Sentinel-Controlled Repetitions. Pseudocode and Flowcharts. Definition And Characteristics of Algorithms, Standard Algorithm Format. Problems Involving Iteration and Nesting: Displaying Different Patterns and Shapes Using Symbols and Numbers, Generating Arithmetic and Geometric Progression, Fibonacci and Other Sequences, Approximate Values For π , $\sin(x)$, $\cos(x)$, Etc. Using Taylor Series. Different Kinds of Data in The Real World and How They are Represented in The Computer Memory. Representation of Integers: Signed Magnitude Form, 1's Complement And 2's Complement. Representation of Real Numbers: IEEE 754 Floating Point Representation. Representation of Characters: ASCII, UNICODE.

C Language: Introduction To Programming Languages, Different Generations of Programming Languages. Typed Vs Typeless Programming Languages, History of C Language, An Empty C Program. C Language Counterparts For Input (scanf()), Output (printf()) Statements, Assignment, Arithmetic, Relational and Logical Operators. If, If-Else Statements, For, While,

Do-While Statements. Data Types. Translating Pseudocode/Algorithm to C Program. Incremental Compilation and Testing of The C Program. Simple Problems Involving Input, Output, Assignment Statement, Selection and Repetition. Good Coding Practices.

UNIT III:

Problems on Numbers: Extracting Digits of a Number (Left to Right and Right to Left), Palindrome, Prime Number, Prime Factors, Amicable Number, Perfect Number, Armstrong Number, Factorial, Converting Number from One Base to Another. C Language: else-if Ladder, switch Case, Increment/Decrement Operators, break and continue Statements.

UNIT IV:

Modular Programming, Top-Down and Bottom-Up Approaches to Problem Solving. Recursion. Problems on Arrays: Reading and Writing of Array Elements, Maximum, Minimum, Sum, Average, Median and Mode. Sequential And Binary Search. Any one Sorting Algorithm. Matrix Operations.

C Language: Function Definition and Declaration (Prototype), Role of Return Statement, One Dimensional and Two-Dimensional Arrays. String Functions. Other Operators, Operator Precedence and Associativity. Debugging.

Reference Books

1. The C Programming Language , 2nd Edition , Pearson 2009

Web Resources : nptel.ac.in/courses/106106210

Problem Solving Techniques: Lab Problems

UNIT-I

- Converting degrees Celsius to Fahrenheit and vice versa?
 - Display three input numbers in sorted (non-decreasing) order?
- Given a positive integer value n (≥ 0) display number, square and cube of numbers from 1 to n in a tabular format?
- Given an input positive integer number, display odd numbers from in the range [1,n]?
- Display first mathematical tables, each table up to 10 rows? Generalise this to display first n (> 0) mathematical tables up to m (> 0) rows?
- Display following patterns of n rows ($n > 0$), For the below examples n = 5? For each pattern write a separate algorithm/program?

\$	\$	12345	12345
\$\$	\$\$	1234	1234
\$\$\$	\$\$\$	123	123
\$\$\$\$	\$\$\$\$	12	12
\$\$\$\$\$	\$\$\$\$\$	1	1

Display the following patterns of n rows ($n > 0$), for the below examples $n = 5$?

Hollow square pattern:	Triangle Patterns with numbers:	Square with diagonals:	Diamond Pattern
##### # # # # # # #####	1 121 12321 1234321 123454321	* *	* *** ***** *** *

- Given the first term (a), difference/multiplier (d) and number of terms ($n > 0$), display the first n terms of the arithmetic/geometric progression?
- Display the first n ($n > 0$) terms of the fibonacci sequence?
- Display the first n ($n > 0$) terms of the Tribonacci sequence?
- Given two positive integer numbers n1 and n2 check if the numbers are consecutive numbers of the fibonacci sequence?
- Compute approximate value of π considering first n ($n > 0$) terms of the Taylor series for π ?
- Compute approximate value of e^x considering first n ($n > 0$) terms of the Taylor series for e^x ?
- Compute approximate value of $\sin(x)/\cos(x)$ considering first n ($n > 0$) terms of the Taylor series for $\sin(x)/\cos(x)$?

UNIT-III

1. Extract digits of an integer number (left to right and right to left)?
2. Given a sequence of digits form the number composed of the digits. Use sentinel controlled repetition to read the digits followed by -1. For example, for the input 2 7 3 2 9 -1 the output number is 27329?
3. Check if a given positive integer number is a palindrome or not?
4. Compute character grade from the marks ($0 \leq \text{marks} \leq 100$) of a subject. Grading Scheme: 80-100 : A, 60 - 79: B, 50 - 59: C, 40-49: D, 0-39: F? Solve this using both else-if ladder and switch case?
5. Compute the sum of a sequence of numbers entered using sentinel controlled repetition?
6. Check if a given positive integer number is a prime number or not?
7. Compute prime factors of a positive integer number?
8. Check if two positive integer numbers are amicable numbers or not?
9. Check if a given positive integer number is a perfect number or not?

10. Check if a given positive integer number Armstrong number or not?
11. Converting a positive integer number ($n > 0$) from one base (inputBase) to another base (outputBase) ($2 \leq \text{input Base}$, $\text{outputBase} \leq 10$). Input number should be validated before converting to make sure the number uses only digits allowed in the input base?
12. Write a program to display a number in text form. For example If the number is 5432 the output should be "FIVE FOUR THREE TWO"?
13. Using the grading scheme described in the question 4 (UNIT III), Compute how many students awarded each grade and display the frequency as a bar chart (horizontal) using single "*" for each student. Use sentinel controlled repetition (-1 as sentinel value) in reading the students marks. Use else-if ladder/switch case to compute the grade and the corresponding frequency.

Sample bar chart when the class has 7-A, 10-B, 3-C, 7-D and 1-F grades.

A:

B:

C: ***

D:

F: *

14. Compute maximum, minimum, sum and average of a sequence of numbers which are read using sentinel controlled repetition using only few variables?
15. Compute body mass index, $\text{BMI} = \text{weightinKGs} / (\text{HeightinMeters} * \text{HeightinMeters})$, Both weight and height values are positive real numbers. Your program should display BMI value followed by whether the person is Underweight, Normal, Overweight or Obese using the below ranges:

BMI Values

Underweight: less than 18.5

Normal: ≥ 18.5 and < 25

Overweight: ≥ 25 and < 30

Obese: ≥ 30

UNIT IV

1. Design a modularized algorithm/program to check if a given positive integer number is a circular prime or not?
2. Design a modularized algorithm/program to compute a maximum of 8 numbers?
3. Design a modular algorithm/program which reads an array of n integer elements and outputs mean (average), range (max-min) and mode (most frequent elements)?
4. Design a modular algorithm/program which reads an array of n integer elements and outputs median?
5. Implement your own string length and string reversal functions?
6. Design algorithm/program to perform matrix operations addition, subtraction and transpose?

7. Write a recursive program to count the number of digits of a positive integer number?
8. Recursive solutions for the following problems:
 - a. Factorial of a number?
 - b. Display digits of a number from left to right (and right to left)?
 - c. Compute x^y using only multiplication?
 - d. To print a sequence of numbers entered using sentinel controlled repetition in reverse order?

PO No.	Description
PO1	Apply knowledge of computing fundamentals and programming.
PO2	Analyze problems and identify computing requirements.
PO3	Design and develop solutions using programming principles.
PO4	Use modern tools and environments to implement and test programs.
PO5	Apply ethical principles and understand professional responsibilities

BCA-CC102	Computer Architecture	3L:0T:4P	5 Credits
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Course Objectives

- CO1: To Understand the basics of Digital Electronics and Binary Number System
 CO2: To Learn the implementation of Combinational Circuit.
 CO3: To Learn the implementation of Sequential Circuit.
 CO4: To Understand the Organization of basic computers.
 CO5: To Understand the concept of Parallel Processing.
 CO6: To understand the concept of memory organization.

Course Content:

UNIT-I

Digital Principles: Definition for Digital signals, Digital logic, Digital computers, Von Neumann Architecture, Boolean Laws and Theorems, K-Map: Truth Tables to K-Map, 2, 3 and 4 variable K Map, K-Map Simplifications, Don't Care Conditions, SOP and POS.

Number Systems: Decimal, Binary, Octal, Hexadecimal, Number System Conversions, Binary Arithmetic, Addition and subtraction of BCD, Octal Arithmetic, Hexadecimal Arithmetic, Binary Codes, Decimal Codes, Error detecting and correcting codes, ASCII, EBCDIC, Excess-3 Code, The Gray Code.

UNIT-II

Combinational Circuits: Half Adder and Full Adder, Subtractor, Decoders, Encoder, Multiplexer, Demultiplexer

Sequential Circuits: Flip-Flops- SR Flip- Flop, D Flip-Flop, J-K Flip-Flop, T Flip-Flop.

Register: 4 bit register with parallel load, Shift Registers- Bidirectional shift register with parallel load

Binary Counters-4 bit synchronous and Asynchronous binary counter.

UNIT-III

Basic Computer Organization and Design: Instruction Codes, Computer Registers, Computer Instructions, Timing and Control, Instruction Cycle, Memory-Reference Instructions, Input-Output Interrupt, Complete Computer Description, Design of Basic Computer, Design of Accumulator logic. Central Processing Unit: Introduction, General Register Organization, Stack Organization, Instruction Formats, Addressing Modes, Data Transfer and Manipulation, Program Control, Reduced Instruction Set Computer(RISC), RISC Vs CISC.

UNIT-IV

Pipeline and Vector Processing: Parallel Processing, Pipelining, Arithmetic Pipeline, Instruction Pipeline, RISC Pipeline. Input-Output Organization: Peripheral Devices, Input-Output Interface, Asynchronous data transfer, Modes of Transfer, Priority Interrupt, Direct memory Access, Input-Output Processor(IOP).

Memory Organization: Memory Hierarchy, Main Memory, Auxiliary memory, Associate Memory, Cache Memory, Virtual Memory, Memory Management Hardware.

Text Books:

1. Donald P Leach, Albert Paul Malvino, Goutam Saha- “Digital Principles & Applications” , Tata McGraw Hill Education Private Limited,2011Edition.
2. M. Morris Mano- “Computer System Architecture”, Pearson/Phi, Third Edition.

Reference Books:

- 1 William Stallings- “Computer Organization and Architecture”, Pearson/PHI, Sixth Edition,
- 2 Structured computer organization PHI PEARSON 6TH Edition

Suggestive Laboratory Experiments:

1. Verify logic behavior of AND, OR, NAND, NOR, EX-OR, EX-NOR, Invert and Buffer gates.
2. To study and verify NAND as a Universal Gate
3. To verify De- Morgan’s theorem for 2 variables
4. Design and test of an S-R flip-flop using NAND/NOR gate.
5. Convert BCD to Excess-3 code using NAND gate
6. To Convert Binary to Grey Code
7. Verification of Truth Tables of J-K Flip-Flop using NAND/NOR gate
8. Realize Decoder and Encoder circuit using Basic Gates.
9. Design and implement the 4:1 MUX using gates.
10. Implementation of 4-Bit Parallel Adder Using 7483 IC.
11. Design and verify operation of half adder and full adder.
12. Design and verify operation of half subtractor.
13. Design and Implement a 4 bit shift register using Flip flops.
14. Implement Boolean function using logic gates in both SOP and POS
15. Design and Implement a 4 bit synchronous counter.
16. Design and verify 4 bit asynchronous counter.

Hardware

1. Familiarize the computer system layout: marking positions of SMPS, motherboard, FDD, HDD, CD, DVD and add on cards.
2. Identify the Computer Name and Hardware Specification (RAM capacity, Processor

- type, HDD, 32 bit/ 64 bit)
- Identify and Troubleshoot the problems of RAM, SMPS and motherboard
 - Configure BIOS settings- disable and enable USB and LAN
 - Adding additional RAM to the system.(expanding RAM size).
 - To Study mother board layout of a system.
 - Demonstrate the assembly of a PC
 - Demonstration of various ports: CPU, VGA port, PS/2 (keyboard, mouse) ,USB, LAN, Speaker, Audio.
 - Install and configure windows OS
 - To study the installation of Printer and trouble shooting.

Web Resources: 1. nptel.ac.in/courses/106102157

2. nptel.ac.in/courses/106102062

PO No.	Description
PO1	Apply knowledge of computing fundamentals, digital logic, and number systems..
PO2	Identify and analyze digital problems and design logical solutions.
PO3	Design and implement combinational and sequential digital circuits..
PO4	Understand and analyze computer system architecture and organization..
PO5	Use appropriate tools and techniques for simulation and hardware design.

General English

BCA-AEC 101	General English	1L:1T:0P	2 Credits
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Course Objective:

- To provide learning environment to practice listening, speaking, reading and writing skills.
- To assist the students to carry on the tasks and activities through guided instructions and materials.
- To effectively integrate English language learning with employability skills and training.
- To provide hands-on experience through case-studies, mini-projects, group and individual presentations.

Course Content:

Unit- I: Vocabulary Building

The concept of Word Formation, Root words from foreign languages and their use in English, Acquaintance with prefixes and suffixes from foreign languages in English to form derivatives, Synonyms, antonyms, and standard abbreviations.

Unit-II: Basic Writing Skills

Sentence Structures, Use of phrases and clauses in sentences, Importance of proper punctuation, Creating coherence, Organizing principles of paragraphs in documents, Techniques for writing precisely

Unit- III: Identifying Common Errors in Writing

Subject-verb agreement, Noun-pronoun agreement, Misplaced modifiers, Articles, Prepositions, Redundancies

Unit- IV: Nature and Style of sensible Writing

Describing, Defining, Classifying, providing examples or evidence, writing introduction and conclusion, Module V: Writing Practices, Comprehension, Précis Writing, Essay Writing

Unit-V: Oral Communication (This Module involves interactive practice sessions in Language Lab)

Listening Comprehension, Pronunciation, Intonation, Stress and Rhythm, Common Everyday Situations: Conversations and Dialogues, Communication at Workplace, Interviews, Formal Presentations

Unit- VI: Oral Communication (This Module involves interactive practice sessions in Language Lab)

Listening Comprehension, Pronunciation, Intonation, Stress and Rhythm, Common Everyday Situations: Conversations and Dialogues, Communication at Workplace, Interviews, Formal Presentations

Text/Reference Books:

1. AICTE's Prescribed Textbook: Communication Skills in English (with Lab Manual), Anjana Tiwari, Khanna Book Publishing Co., 2023.
2. Effective Communication Skills. Kul Bhushan Kumar, Khanna Book Publishing, 2022.
3. Practical English Usage. Michael Swan. OUP. 1995.
4. Remedial English Grammar. F.T. Wood. Macmillan.2007
5. On Writing Well. William Zinsser. Harper Resource Book. 2001
6. Study Writing. Liz Hamp-Lyons and Ben Heasley. Cambridge University Press. 2006.
7. Communication Skills. Sanjay Kumar and PushpLata. Oxford University Press. 2011. 8. Exercises in Spoken English. Parts. I-III. CIEFL, Hyderabad. Oxford University Press.

Alternative NPTEL/SWAYAM Course:

S.No.	NPTEL/SWAYAM Course Name	Instructor	Host Institute
1	English language for competitive exams	Prof. Aysha iqbal	IIT MADRAS
2	Technical English for engineers	Prof. Aysha iqbal	IITM

Course Outcomes: The student will acquire basic proficiency in English including reading and listening comprehension, writing and speaking skills

PO No.	Description
PO1	Demonstrate effective communication in English across speaking, listening, reading, and writing.
PO2	Apply language skills in professional and academic contexts.
PO3	Integrate language learning with soft skills and workplace readiness.
PO4	Work effectively in teams through group tasks and presentations.
PO5	Develop confidence in public speaking and formal interactions.

BCA -MDE 101	Indian Knowledge System	2L:0T:0P	2 Credits
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***For Detail please go to Page no - 89**

BCA- VAC 101	Environmental Science and Sustainability	2L:0T:0P	2 Credits
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Course description:

This course aims to familiarize students with fundamental environmental concepts and their relevance to business operations, preparing them to address forthcoming sustainability challenges. It is designed to equip students with the knowledge and skills needed to make decisions that account for environmental consequences, fostering environmentally sensitive and responsible future managers. The course content is divided into four comprehensive units.

Unit 1: introduces basic environmental principles, the man-environment relationship, and sustainability issues.

Unit 2: focuses on ecosystems, biodiversity, and sustainable practices.

Unit 3: addresses environmental pollution, waste management, and sustainable development strategies. Finally,

Unit 4: explores social issues, environmental legislation, and practical applications through hands-on fieldwork. Through this holistic approach, students will gain a deep understanding of environmental processes, the importance of sustainable practices, and their role in promoting sustainability within business contexts.

Course Objective(s):

1. This course aims to familiarize students with basic environmental concepts, their relevance to business operations, and forthcoming sustainability challenges.
2. This course will equip students to make decisions that consider environmental consequences.
3. This course will enable future business graduates to become environmentally sensitive and responsible managers.

Course Content:

Unit 1: Understanding Environment, Natural Resources, and Sustainability

Fundamental environmental concepts and their relevance to business operations; Components and segments of the environment, the man-environment relationship, and historical environmental movements. Concept of sustainability; Classification of natural resources, issues related to their overutilization, and strategies for their conservation. Sustainable practices in managing resources, including deforestation, water conservation, energy security, and food security issues. The conservation and equitable use of resources, considering both intergenerational and intergenerational equity, and the importance of public awareness and education.

Unit 2: Ecosystems, Biodiversity, and Sustainable Practices

Various natural ecosystems, learning about their structure, functions, and ecological characteristics. The importance of biodiversity, the threats it faces, and the methods used for its conservation. Ecosystem resilience, homeostasis, and carrying capacity, emphasizing the need for sustainable ecosystem management. Strategies for in situ and ex situ conservation, nature reserves, and the significance of India as a mega diverse nation.

Unit 3: Environmental Pollution, Waste Management, and Sustainable Development

Various types of environmental pollution, including air, water, noise, soil, and marine pollution, and their impacts on businesses and communities. Causes of pollution, such as global climate change, ozone layer depletion, the greenhouse effect, and acid rain, with a particular focus on pollution episodes in India. Importance of adopting cleaner technologies; Solid waste management; Natural and man-made disasters, their management, and the role of businesses in mitigating disaster impacts.

Unit 4: Social Issues, Legislation, and Practical Applications

Dynamic interactions between society and the environment, with a focus on sustainable development and environmental ethics. Role of businesses in achieving sustainable development goals and promoting responsible consumption. Overview of key environmental legislation and the judiciary's role in environmental protection, including the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act of 1974, the Environment (Protection) Act of 1986, and the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act of 1981. Environmental justice, environmental refugees, and the resettlement and rehabilitation of affected populations; Ecological economics, human population growth, and demographic changes in India.

Readings:

Text Books (Latest Editions):

- Poonia, M.P. *Environmental Studies* (3rd ed.), Khanna Book Publishing Co.
- Bharucha, E. *Textbook of Environmental Studies* (3rd ed.) Orient Blackswan Private Ltd.
- Dave, D., & Katewa, S. S. *Text Book of Environmental Studies*. Cengage Learning India Pvt

Ltd.

References Web links:

- <https://www.ourplanet.com>
- <https://www.undp.org/content/undp/en/home/sustainable-development-goals.html>
- www.myfootprint.org
- <https://www.globalchange.umich.edu/globalchange1/current/lectures/kling/ecosystem/ecosystem.html>

PO No.	Description
PO1	Understand fundamental environmental concepts and issues.
PO2	Analyze the impact of business decisions on the environment.
PO3	Apply sustainable practices in business and technology.
PO4	Demonstrate environmental responsibility in professional roles.
PO5	Integrate environmental awareness into decision-making processes.

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SEMESTER II

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	INT	EXT	Credit
1	BCA-CC103	Mathematics Foundations to Computer Science - II	3	0	0	30	70	3
2	BCA-CC104	Data Structures	3	0	0	30	70	3
3	BCA-CC105	Operating Systems	3	0	0	30	70	3
4	BCA-SEC102	Object Oriented Programming using Java	3	0	0	30	70	3
5	BCA-SEC103	Web Technologies	3	0	0	30	70	3
6	BCA-VAC102	Indian Constitution	2	0	0	30	70	2
7	BCA-AEC103	Additional Course - Indian or Foreign Language Other than Mother Tongue and English	1	1	0			0
Practical								
1	BCA-CC104P	Data Structures Lab	0	0	4	15	35	2
2	BCA-CC105P	Operating Systems Lab	0	0	2	15	35	1
3	BCA-SEC103	Web tech Lab	0	0	2	15	35	1
4	BCA-CC105P	Object Oriented Programming using Java Lab	0	0	4	15	35	2
TOTAL						23		

BCA- CC103	Mathematics Foundation to Computer Science - II	3L:0T:0P	3 Credits
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Course Objectives

- CO1: This course helps the students to understand correct lines of arguments and proofs.
 CO2: This course introduces mathematical techniques that are foundations for understanding advanced computational methods, including numerical methods and optimization.
 CO3: This course helps the students to understand various problem-solving strategies and methods to tackle both theoretical and practical challenges in computer science.

Course Content:

UNIT I:

Logic and Methods of Proofs:

Propositions, logical operations (basic connectives), compound statements, construction of truth table, quantifiers, conditional statements, tautology, contradiction, contingency, logical equivalence. Conjunctive Normal Forms (CNF) and Disjunctive Normal Forms (DNF).
 Methods of proofs: Rules of inference for propositional logic, modus ponens, modus tollens, syllogism, proof by contradiction, Mathematical Induction.

UNIT II:

Algebraic Structures:

Semi-group, Monoid, Group, Subgroup, Cyclic group.

UNIT III:

Numerical Methods:

Concept and importance of errors in numerical methods. Solution of algebraic and transcendental equations: Bisection method and Newton-Raphson methods. Numerical Interpolation: Newton's Forward and Newton's Backward interpolation formula and Lagrange's formula.
 Numerical Integration: Trapezoidal rule and Simpson's 1/3 rule
 Only formula and problem solving for all the topics mentioned above.

UNIT IV:

Optimization Techniques:

Linear programming: Introduction, LP formulation, Graphical method for solving LPs with two variables, Special cases in graphical methods, Simplex method, Duality.
 Transportation problem: Definition, Linear form, North-west corner method, Least cost method, Vogel's approximation method for finding feasible solution, MODI method for finding optimum solution.

Reference Books

1. Rosen Kenneth H. and Krithivasan Kamala, Discrete Mathematics and its Applications, McGraw Hill, India, 2010.
2. Sharma J. K., Operations Research: Theory and Applications, Fourth Edition, Macmillan Publishers, 2007.

Web Resources

1. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/111107127>
2. <https://www.math.iitb.ac.in/~siva/si50716/SI507lecturenotes.pdf>

PO No.	Description
PO1	Apply knowledge of mathematics and engineering fundamentals to solve complex problems.
PO2	Identify and analyze complex engineering problems using foundational principles.
PO3	Conduct investigations using research-based knowledge and methods to provide valid conclusions.
PO4	Apply knowledge of mathematics and engineering fundamentals to solve complex problems.
PO5	Use modern engineering and IT tools for complex engineering activities, understanding their limitations.

BCA-CC104	Data Structures	3L:0T:4P	5 Credits
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Course Objectives

CO1: Understand the fundamental concepts of Data Structures and their applications.

CO2: Develop problem-solving skills using Data Structures.

CO3: Implement Data Structures using C programming language.

Course Content:

UNIT I:

Introduction and Overview: Definition, Classification and Operations of Data Structures. Algorithms: Complexity, Time-Space Tradeoff.

Arrays: Definition and Classification of Arrays, Representation of Linear Arrays in Memory, Operations on Linear Arrays: Traversing, Inserting, Deleting, Searching, Sorting and Merging. Searching: Linear Search and Binary Search, Comparison of Methods. Sorting: Bubble Sort, Selection Sort, and Insertion Sort. Two-Dimensional Arrays, Representation of Two-Dimensional Arrays in Memory, Matrices and Sparse Matrices, Multi-Dimensional Arrays.

UNIT II:

Linked Lists: Definition, Comparison with Arrays, Representation, Types of Linked lists, Traversing, Inserting, Deleting and Searching in Singly Linked List, Doubly Linked List and Circular Linked List. Applications of Linked Lists: Addition of Polynomials.

Hashing and Collision: Hashing, Hash Tables, Types of Hash Functions, Collision, Collision Resolution with Open Addressing and Chaining.

UNIT III:

Stacks: Definition, Representation of Stacks using Arrays and Linked List, Operations on Stacks using Arrays and Linked List, Application of Stacks: Arithmetic Expressions, Polish Notation, Conversion of Infix Expression to Postfix Expression, Evaluation of Postfix Expression.

Recursion: Definition, Recursive Notation, Runtime Stack, Applications of Recursion: Factorial of Number, GCD, Fibonacci Series and Towers of Hanoi.

Queues: Definition, Representation of Queues using Array and Linked List, Types of Queue: Simple Queue, Circular Queue, Double-Ended queue, Priority Queue, Operations on Simple

UNIT IV:

Graphs: Definition, Terminology, Representation, Traversal.

Trees: Definition, Terminology, Binary Trees, Traversal of Binary Tree, Binary Search Tree, Inserting, Deleting and Searching in Binary Search Tree, Height Balanced Trees: AVL Trees, Insertion and Deletion in AVL Tree.

Reference Books

1. Reema Thareja, "Data Structures Using C", Second Edition, Oxford University Press, 2014.
2. Ellis Horowitz, Sartaj Sahni, and Susan Anderson-Freed, "Fundamentals of Data Structures in C", Second Edition, Universities Press, 2020,2023.

Web Resources

1. **GeeksforGeeks** - Data Structures Tutorial
2. **Khan Academy** - [Algorithms Course](#)

Weblink : nptel.ac.in/courses/106106133
nptel.ac.in/courses/106106130

Lab Programs:

1. Write a program for insertion and deletion operations in an array.
2. Write a program to search for an element in an array using Linear Search and Binary Search.
3. Write a program to sort an array using Bubble Sort, Selection Sort and Insertion Sort.
4. Write a program to merge two arrays.
5. Write a program to add and subtract two matrices.
6. Write a program to multiply two matrices.
7. Write a program to insert an element into a Singly Linked List:
 - (a) At the beginning
 - (b) At the end
 - (c) At a specified position
8. Write a program to delete an element from a Singly Linked List:
 - (a) At the beginning
 - (b) At the end
 - (c) A specified element
9. Write a program to perform the following operations in a Doubly Linked List:
 - (a) Create
 - (b) Search for an element
10. Write a program to perform the following operations in a Circular Linked List:
 - (a) Create
 - (b) Delete an element from the end
11. Write a program to implement stack operations using an array.
12. Write a program to implement stack operations using a linked list.
13. Write a program to add two polynomials using a linked lists.
14. Write a program to evaluate a postfix expression using a stack.
15. Write a program to perform the following using recursion:
 - (a) Find the factorial of a number
 - (b) Find the GCD of two numbers

- (c) Solve Towers of Hanoi problem
16. Write a program to implement simple queue operations using an array.
 17. Write a program to implement circular queue operations using an array.
 18. Write a program to implement circular queue operations using a linked list.
 19. Write a program to perform the following operations on a binary search tree.
 - (a) Preorder Traversal
 - (b) Inorder Traversal
 - (c) Postorder Traversal
 20. Write a program to perform insertion operation in a binary search tree.

PO No.	Description
PO1	Apply knowledge of data structures and computing fundamentals.
PO2	Analyze and solve computational problems using appropriate data structures.
PO3	Design and implement efficient algorithms using structured programming.
PO4	Use C programming to implement and test data structures effectively.
PO5	Utilize modern tools and environments for software development and debugging.

BCA-CC105	Operating Systems	3L:0T:2P	4 Credits
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Course Objectives:

- CO1:** Understand the Role and Evolution of Operating Systems.
CO2: Explore Operating System Structures and Architectures
CO3: Define processes and threads, and comprehend their life cycles and states.
CO4: Master Concepts of Concurrency and Synchronization
CO5: Analyze Deadlock Handling Techniques

Course Content:

UNIT I:

Operating Systems Overview: Definition, Evaluation of O.S, Components & Services of OS, Structure, Architecture, types of Operating Systems, Batch Systems, Concepts of Multiprogramming and Time Sharing, Parallel, Distributed and real time Systems.

Operating Systems Structures: Operating system services and systems calls, system programs, operating system structure, operating systems generations.

UNIT II:

Process Management: Process Definition, Process states, Process State transitions, Process Scheduling, Process Control Block, Threads, Concept of multithreads, Benefits of threads, Types of threads.

Process Scheduling: Definition, Scheduling objectives, Scheduling algorithms, CPU scheduling Preemptive and Non-preemptive Scheduling algorithms (FCFS, SJF and RR), Performance evaluation of the scheduling Algorithms

UNIT III:

Process Synchronization: Introduction, Inter-process Communication, Race Conditions, Critical Section Problem, Mutual Exclusion, Semaphores, Monitors.

Deadlocks: System model, deadlock characterization, deadlock prevention, avoidance, Banker's algorithm, Deadlock detection, and recovery from deadlocks.

UNIT IV:

Memory Management: Logical and Physical address map, Swapping, Memory allocation, MFT, MVT, Internal and External fragmentation and Compaction, Paging, Segmentation.

Virtual Memory: Demand paging, Page Replacement algorithms, Allocation of frames, thrashing.

I/O Management: Principles of I/O Hardware: Disk structure, Disk scheduling algorithms.

Reference Books:

1. Andrew S Tanenbaum, Modern Operating Systems, Third Edition, Prentice Hall India.
2. Sumitabha Das, UNIX Concepts and Applications, 4th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill.

Web link : nptel.ac.in/courses/106106144
nptel.ac.in/courses/106102132

Operating Systems LAB

List of experiments

1. Write C program to simulate the FCFS CPU Scheduling algorithm.
2. Write C program to simulate the SJF CPU Scheduling algorithm.
3. Write C program to simulate the Round Robin CPU Scheduling algorithm.
4. Write a C program to simulate Bankers Algorithm for Deadlock Avoidance.
5. Write a C program to implement the Producer – Consumer problem using semaphores.
6. Write a C program to illustrate the IPC mechanism using Pipes.
7. Write a C program to illustrate the IPC mechanism using FIFOs.
8. Write a C program to simulate Paging memory management technique.
9. Write a C program to simulate Segmentation memory management technique.
10. Write a C program to simulate the Best Fit contiguous memory allocation technique.
11. Write a C program to simulate the First Fit contiguous memory allocation technique.
12. Write a C program to simulate the concept of Dining-Philosophers problem.
13. Write a C program to simulate the MVT algorithm.
14. Write a C program to implement FIFO page replacement technique.
15. Write a C program to write a C program for implementing sequential file allocation method.

PO No.	Description
PO1	Apply fundamental knowledge of operating systems and their evolution.
PO2	Analyze OS structures and architectural components.
PO3	Understand and model the behavior of processes and threads.
PO4	Apply concepts of concurrency and synchronization in multi-threaded environments.
PO5	Evaluate and implement deadlock detection and prevention techniques.

BCA-SEC102	Object Oriented Programming using Java	3L:0T:4P	5 Credits
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Course Objectives:

- CO1: To introduce the object oriented programming system concepts
 CO2: To introduce syntax and semantics of Java programming language
 CO3: To develop modular programs using Java
 CO4: To setup JDK environment to create, debug and run Java programs

Course Content:**UNIT I:**

Fundamentals of Object Oriented Programming: Basic Concepts of Object Oriented Programming (OOP), Benefits and Applications of OOP.

Java Evolution: Java Features, Difference between Java, C and C++, Java and Internet, Java Environment.

Overview of Java Language: Introduction to Simple Java Program, Use of Comments and Math function, Application of two classes, Java Program Structure, Java Tokens and statements, Implementing Java program And JVM, Command Line Arguments.
 Text Book 1: Chapters 1, 2 and 3.

UNIT II:

Constants, Variables and Data Types: Constants, Variables, Data Types, Declaration of Variables, Giving values to Variables, Symbolic Constants, Typecasting.

Operators & Expressions: Arithmetic operators, Relational operators, Logical operators, Assignment operators, Increment & Decrement operators, conditional operators, Bitwise operators, Arithmetic Expressions, Evaluation of Expressions, Type Conversions in Expressions, Operator Precedence & Associativity.

Decision Making, Branching & Looping: Decision Making with Control Statements, Looping statements, Jump in loops, Labelled loops.
 Text Book 1: Chapters 4, 5, 6, and 7.

UNIT III:

Classes, Objects and Methods: Defining Class, Methods Declaration, Constructors, Methods Overloading, Overriding Methods, Inheritance

Arrays, Strings and Vectors: 1D arrays, Creating an Array, 2D arrays, Strings, Vectors, Wrapper Classes, Enumerated Types

Inheritance: Defining, extending classes, and Implementing Interfaces. Multiple inheritance and polymorphism.

Text Book 1: Chapters 8, 9, and 10.

UNIT IV:

Packages: Basics of packages, System packages, Creating and accessing packages, Creating user defined packages, Adding class to a package.

Exception Handling: Using the main keywords of exception handling: try, catch, throw, throws

and finally; Nested try, Multiple catch statements, Creating user defined exceptions
Text Book 1: Chapters 11 & 13.

Text Books

1. Balaguruswamy E. (2023). Programming with JAVA: A Primer. 7th edition. India: McGraw Hill Education
2. Schildt, H. (2022). Java: The Complete Reference. 12th edition. McGraw-Hill Education.

Reference Books

1. The Essentials of JAVA, Khanna Book Publishing Company Private Limited, 2012.

Web Resources

1. nptel.ac.in/courses/106105191
2. nptel.ac.in/courses/106105224

List of Practical:

1. Write a program to read two numbers from user and print their product.
2. Write a program to print the square of a number passed through commandline arguments.
3. Write a program to send the name and surname of a student through command line arguments and print a welcome message for the student.
4. Write a java program to find the largest number out of n natural numbers.
5. Write a java program to find the Fibonacci series & Factorial of a number using recursive and non recursive functions.
6. Write a java program to multiply two given matrices.
7. Write a Java program for sorting a given list of names in ascending order.
8. Write a Java program that checks whether a given string is a palindrome or not. Ex: MADAM is a palindrome.
9. Write a java program to read n number of values in an array and display it in reverse order.
10. Write a Java program to perform mathematical operations. Create a class called AddSub with methods to add and subtract. Create another class called MulDiv that extends from AddSub class to use the member data of the superclass. MulDiv should have methods to multiply and divide. A main function should access the methods and perform the mathematical operations.
11. Create a JAVA class called Student with the following details as variables within it.
 - a. USN, NAME, BRANCH, PHONE, PERCENTAGE
 - b. Write a JAVA program to create n Student objects and print the USN, Name, Branch, Phone, and percentage of these objects with suitable headings.
12. Write a Java program that displays the number of characters, lines and words in a text.
13. Write a Java program to create a class called Shape with methods called getPerimeter() and getArea(). Create a subclass called Circle that overrides the getPerimeter() and getArea() methods to calculate the area and perimeter of a circle.
14. Write a Java program to create a class Employee with a method called calculateSalary(). Create two subclasses Manager and Programmer. In each subclass, override the calculateSalary() method to calculate and return the salary based on their specific roles.
15. Write a Java program using an interface called 'Bank' having function 'rate_of_interest()'. Implement this interface to create two separate bank classes 'SBI' and 'PNB' to print different rates of interest. Include additional member variables, constructors also in classes 'SBI' and 'PNB'.
16. Write a Java package program for the class book and then import the data from the package and display the result.

PO No.	Description
PO1	Apply OOP principles to design structured software solutions.
PO2	Analyze problems using object-oriented modeling.
PO3	Use correct logic and structures to solve problems.
PO4	Design modular and reusable Java code.
PO5	Apply Java libraries and frameworks for development..
P06	Use modern software tools (JDK, IDEs) for writing and testing code.

BCA-SEC103	Web Technologies	3L:0T:2P	4 Credits
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Course Objectives

- CO1: To understand the concepts and architecture of the World Wide Web, Markup languages along with Cascading Style Sheets.
- CO2: To understand the concepts of event handling and data validation mechanisms.
- CO3: To understand the concepts of embedded dynamic scripting on client and server side Internet Programming and basic full stack web development.
- CO4: To develop modern interactive web applications

Course Content:

Unit I:

Introduction to HTML, history of HTML, Objective, basic Structures of HTML, Header Tags, body tags, Paragraph Tags. Tags for FORM Creation, TABLE, FORM, TEXTAREA, SELECT, IMG, IFRAME FIELDSET, ANCHOR. Lists in HTML, Introduction to DIV tag, NAVBAR Design. Introduction to CSS, types, Selectors, and Responsiveness of a web page. Introduction to Bootstrap, downloads/linking, using classes of Bootstrap, understanding the Grid System in Bootstrap. Introduction to www, Protocols and Programs, Applications and development tools, web browsers, DNS, Web hosting Provider, Setting up of Windows/Linux/Unix web servers, Web hosting in cloud, Types of Web Hosting.

Unit II:

Introduction to JavaScript: Functions and Events, Document Object model traversing using JavaScript. Output System in JavaScript i.e. Alert, throughput, Input box, Console. Variables and Arrays in JavaScript. Date and String handling in JavaScript. Manipulating CSS through JavaScript: Form Validation like Required validator, length validator, Pattern validator. Advanced JavaScript, Combining HTML, CSS and JavaScript events and buttons, controlling your browser. Introduction to AJAX, Purpose, advantages and disadvantages, AJAX based Web applications and alternatives of AJAX. Introduction to XML: uses, Key concepts, DTD 8 schemas, XSL, XSLT, and XSL Elements and transforming with XSLT. Introduction to XHTML. JSON: Introduction to JSON, Keys and Values, Types of Values, Arrays, Objects

Text Books

1. Laura Lemay, Mastering HTML, CSS & Java Script Web Publishing, BPB Publications, 2016
2. Thomas A. Powell, The Complete Reference HTML & CSS, Fifth Edition, 2017

Reference Books

1. Silvio Moreto, Bootstrap 4 By Example, ebook, 2016.
2. Tanweer Alam, Web Technologies, Khanna Book Publishing, 2011.

Web Resources

1. www.javatpoint.com
2. www.w3schools.com
3. <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/web-technology/>

Practical list of Programs:

PART-A

1. Create your class time table using table tag.
2. Design a Webpage for your college containing description of courses, department, faculties, library etc. using list tags, href tags, and anchor tags.
3. Create web page using Frame with rows and columns where we will have header frame, left frame, right frame, and status bar frame. On clicking in the left frame, information should be displayed in right frame.
4. Create Your Resume using HTML, use text, link, size, color and lists.
5. Create a Web Page of a super market using (internal CSS)
6. Use Inline CSS to format your resume that you have created.
7. Use External CSS to format your time table created.
8. Use all the CSS (inline, internal and external) to format college web page that you have created.
9. Write a HTML Program to create your college website using for mobile device.

PART – B

- 1) Write an HTML/JavaScript page to create login page with validations.
- 2) Develop a Simple calculator for addition, subtraction, multiplication and division operation using JavaScript.
- 3) Use Regular Expressions for validations in Login Page using JavaScript.
- 4) Write a Program to retrieve date from a text file and displaying it using AJAX.
- 5) Create XML file to store Student Information like Register Number, Name, Mobile Number, DOB, and Email-Id.
- 6) Create a DTD for (0).
- 7) Create XML scheme for (0).
- 8) Create XSL file to convert XML file to XHTML file.
- 9) Write a JavaScript program using Switch case.
- 10) Write a JavaScript program using any 5 events.

PO No.	Description
PO1	Apply knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to solve complex engineering problems.
PO2	Identify, formulate, research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
PO3	Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet specified needs with appropriate consideration for public health and safety, cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.
PO4	Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools, including prediction and modeling, to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.
PO5	Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet specified needs with appropriate consideration for public health and safety, cultural, societal, and environmental considerations..

BCA-VAC102	Indian Constitution	2L:0T:0P	2 Credits
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Course Outcome :

- CO1: Understand the Historical Foundations and Core Principles.
 CO2: Analyze the Structure and Functions of the Union Government
 CO3: Evaluate the Organization and Roles of State Governments
 CO4: Explore the Framework of Local Administration
 CO5: Apply Constitutional Knowledge to Contemporary Governance

Course Content:

Unit 1: The Constitution - Introduction

- The History of the Making of the Indian Constitution
- Preamble and the Basic Structure, and its interpretation
- Fundamental Rights and Duties and their interpretation
- State Policy Principles

Unit 2: Union Government

- Structure of the Indian Union
- President – Role and Power
- Prime Minister and Council of Ministers
- Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha

Unit 3: State Government

- Governor – Role and Power
- Chief Minister and Council of Ministers
- State Secretariat

Unit 4: Local Administration

- District Administration
- Municipal Corporation
- Zila Panchayat

Unit 5: Election Commission

- a. Role and Functioning
- b. Chief Election Commissioner
- c. State Election Commission

Suggested Learning Resources:

1. Ethics and Politics of the Indian Constitution , Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2008
2. The Constitution of India by B.L. Fadia Sahitya Bhawan; New edition (2017)

Suggested Software/Learning Websites:

- a. <https://www.constitution.org/cons/india/const.html>
- b. <http://www.legislative.gov.in/constitution-of-india>
- c. <https://www.sci.gov.in/constitution>
- d. <https://www.toppr.com/guides/civics/the-indian-constitution/the-constitution-of-india/>

PO No.	Description
PO1	Demonstrate foundational knowledge of public administration principles.
PO2	Analyze historical contexts influencing public governance
PO3	Evaluate the organizational framework of national government institutions
PO4	Assess the roles and responsibilities of central governmental bodies.
PO5	Examine the structural dynamics of state-level governance.





SEMESTER III

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	INT	EXT	Credit
1	CC201	Probability and Statistics	3	0	0	30	70	3
2	CC202	Data Base Management System	3	0	0	30	70	3
3	SEC201	Python Programming	2	0	0	30	70	2
4	CC203	Software Engineering	3	0	0	30	70	3
5	DSE201*	Professional Elective – I	1	0	4	30	70	1
6	VAC201	Yoga/Sports/NCC/NSS/Disaster Management	0	0	4	30	70	2
Practical								
1	CC202P	DBMS System Lab	0	0	4	15	35	2
2	SEC201P	Python Programming Lab	0	0	4	15	35	2
3	DSE201*P	Professional Elective – I Lab	0	0	4	15	35	2
TOTAL								20

ESTD

JAMSHEDPUR

2018

BCA-CC201	Probability and Statistics	3L:0T:0P	3 Credits
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Course Objectives

- CO1: This course aims to make the students trained to handle randomness scientifically using theory of probability.
- CO2: This course intends to make the students able to represent the statistical data in a systematic way and analyze it to draw meaningful information from them.
- CO3: Through plentiful examples and exercises, this course provides the students scope to apply probabilistic and statistical techniques to deal with the real-life problems.

Course Content:

UNIT I:

Basic concepts of Statistics, qualitative and quantitative data, classification of data, construction of frequency distribution, diagrammatic representation of data.

Measures of Central Tendency: Arithmetic mean, median and mode—their properties

Measures of Dispersion: Range, mean deviation, quartile deviation, variance and standard deviation.

UNIT II:

Correlation: Definition, scatter diagram, types of correlation, measures—Karl Pearson's correlation coefficient and Spearman's rank correlation coefficient.

Regression: Linear regression-fitting by least square method and interpretation.

UNIT III:

Concepts of probability: Experiment and sample space, events and operations with events, probability of an event, basic probability rules, applications of probability rules, conditional probability.

Random Variables: Discrete and continuous random variable, probability distribution of a random variable, probability mass function, probability density function, expectation and variance of a random variable.

Standard Probability Distributions: Binomial probability distribution, Poisson probability distribution, Normal probability distribution.

UNIT IV:

Sampling Distribution: Concept of Population and Sample, parameter and statistic, sampling distribution of sample mean and sample proportion.

Statistical Inference: Estimation and Hypothesis Testing (only concept).

Hypothesis Testing for a Single Population: Concept of a hypothesis testing, tests involving a population mean and population proportion (z test and t test).

Chi square test for independence of attributes and goodness of fit.

Text Books

1. Manish Sharma, Amit Gupta, The Practice of Business Statistics, Khanna Book Publishing Company, 2010 (AICTE Recommended Textbook)
2. Das N. G., Statistical Methods, Combined Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2010.

Reference Books

1. Statistics: Concepts and Applications, Second Edition, PHI, 2013
2. Applied Statistics and Probability for Engineers, .

Web Resources

1. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/111106112>
2. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/111105041>

PO No.	Description
PO1	Apply fundamental knowledge of mathematics and statistics to model and analyze uncertainty in engineering and science.
PO2	Identify and analyze complex problems using probabilistic approaches.
PO3	Analyze problems using data interpretation and quantitative reasoning.
PO4	Conduct investigations using data analysis to reach logical conclusions.
PO5	Apply statistical methods to solve real-world problems.

BCA-CC202	Database Management Systems	3L:0T:4P	5 Credits
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Course Objectives

CO1: Understanding Core Concepts of DBMS
 CO2: Proficiency in Database Design and SQL
 CO3: Application of Advanced Database Techniques

Course Content:

UNIT I:

Introduction to Databases: Definition of Data, Database, and DBMS, Overview of Database Applications, Advantages and Disadvantages of DBMS, Roles of Database Users and Administrators

Data Models: Introduction to Data Models, Types of Data Models (Hierarchical, Network, Relational, Object-oriented), Importance of Data Models in DBMS

Database Design: Keys: Primary Key, Candidate Key, Super Key, Foreign Key, Composite Key, Alternate Key, Unique Key, Surrogate Key, Constraints in a table: Primary Key, Foreign Key, Unique Key, NOT NULL, CHECK, Entity-Relationship (ER) Model, Entities and Entity Sets, Attributes and Relationships, ER Diagrams, Key Constraints and Weak Entity Sets, Extended ER Features, Introduction to the Relational Model and Relational Schema

UNIT II:

Relational Algebra and Calculus: Introduction to Relational Algebra, Operations:

Selection, Projection, Set Operations, Join Operations, Division, Tuple and Domain Relational Calculus

Structured Query Language (SQL): SQL Basics: DDL and DML, Aggregate Functions (Min(), Max(), Sum(), Avg(), Count()), Logical operators (AND, OR, NOT), Predicates (Like, Between, Alias, Distinct), Clauses (Group By, Having, Order by, top/limit), Inner Join, Natural Join, Full Outer Join, Left Outer Join, Right outer Join, Equi Join

Advanced SQL: Analytical queries, Hierarchical queries, Recursive queries, Views, Cursors, Stored Procedures and Functions, Packages, Triggers, Dynamic SQL

Normalization and Database Design: Functional Dependencies: Armstrong's Axioms, Definition, Properties (Reflexivity, Augmentation, Transitivity), Types (Trivial, Non-Trivial, Partial and Full Functional Dependency), Closure of Functional Dependencies, Normal Forms (1NF, 2NF, 3NF, BCNF), Denormalization.

UNIT III:

Transaction Management: ACID Properties, Transactions and Schedules, Concurrent Execution of Transactions, Lock-Based Concurrency Control, Performance of Locking, Transaction Support in SQL, Introduction to Crash Recovery, 2PL, Serializability, and Recoverability, Introduction to Lock Management, Dealing with Deadlocks

Database Storage and Indexing: Data on External Storage, File Organizations and Indexing, Index Data Structures, Comparison of File Organizations, Indexes and Performance Tuning, Guidelines for Index Selection, Basic Examples of Index Selection

UNIT IV:

NoSQL Databases and Big Data: Introduction to NoSQL, Data Models: Document, Key value, Column family, Graph. Uses and Features of NO/SQL document databases. CAP theorem, BASE vs ACID, CRUD operations, MongoDB operators, Overview of Big Data Technologies: Hadoop, MongoDB, Cassandra.

Database Security and Advanced Topics: Introduction to Database Security, Access Control, Discretionary Access Control, Introduction to Data Warehousing, OLAP, Data Mining

Text Books

1. "Database Management Systems", korth, Silbertz, Sudarshan
2. Oracle PL/SQL by Example", fifth edition, Prentice Hall, 2015

Reference Books

1. Korth, Silbertz, Sudarshan, "Database System Concepts", Seventh Edition, McGraw - Hill.(2019)
2. R.P. Mahapatra, Govind Verma, "Database Management Systems", Khanna Publishing House, 2025.

Web Resources

1. nptel.ac.in/courses/106106093
2. nptel.ac.in/courses/106106220

List of Practicals:

1. Draw an ER Diagram of Registrar Office
2. Draw an ER Diagram of Hospital Management System

3. Reduce The ER diagram in question no 1 into tables
4. Reduce the ER diagram of question no 2 into tables

Consider the following Schema

Supplier(SID, Sname, branch, city, phone)

Part(PID, Pname, color, price)

Supplies(SID, PID, qty, date_supplied)

DDL Commands

5. Create the above tables
6. Add a new attribute state in supplier table
7. Remove attribute city from supplier table
8. Modify the data type of phone attribute
9. Change the name of attribute city to address
10. Change a table's name, supplier to sup
11. Use truncate to delete the contents of supplies table
12. Remove the part table from database

DML Commands

1. Insert at least 10 records in tables supplier, part and supplies
2. Show the contents in tables supplier, part and supplies
3. Find the name and city of all suppliers
4. Find the name and phoneno of all suppliers who stay in 'Delhi'
5. Find all distinct branches of suppliers
6. Delete the record of the supplier whose SID is 204001
7. Delete all records of supplier table
8. Delete all records of suppliers whose city starts with capital A.
9. Find the supplier names which have 'lk' in any position
10. Find the supplier name where 'R' is in the second position
11. Find the name of supplier whose name starts with 'V' and ends with 'A'
12. Change the city of all suppliers to 'BOMBAY'
13. Change the city of supplier 'Vandana' to 'Goa'

Queries with Constraints

1. Create the supplier table with Primary Key Constraint
2. Create supplies table with Foreign key Constraint
3. Create a part table with UNIQUE Constraint
4. Create supplier Table with Check Constraints
5. Create Supplier table with Default Constraint

Queries on TCL

1. Create Savepoints
2. Rollback to SavePoints
3. Use Commit to save on

Aggregate Functions:

1. Find the minimum, maximum, average and sum of costs of parts
2. Count the total number of parts present
3. Retrieve the average cost of all parts supplied by 'Mike'

Queries on GROUP BY, HAVING AND ORDER BY

Clauses

1. Display total price of parts of each color
2. Find the branch and the number of suppliers in that branch for branches which have more than 2 suppliers
3. Find all parts sorted by pname in ascending order and cost in descending order
4. Find the branch and the number of suppliers in that branch

Queries on Analytical, Hierarchical, Recursive nature.

1. Find out the 5th highest earning employee details.
2. Which department has the highest number of employees with a salary above \$80,000, and what percentage of employees in that department have a salary above \$80,000
3. Retrieve employee table details using the hierarchy query and display that hierarchy path starting from the top level indicating if it is a leaf and there exists a cycle.
4. What is the average salary for employees in the top 2 departments with the highest average salary, and what is the hierarchy of departments and sub-departments for these top 2 departments?
5. Use recursion to retrieve the employee table and display the result in breadth first and depth first order.
6. Write a recursive query to show the equivalent of level, connect_by_root and connect_by_path
7. Use recursion to retrieve the employee table and display the result in depth first order showing id, parent_id, level, root_id, path and leaf.

Queries on Operators

1. Find the pname, phoneno and cost of parts which have cost equal to or greater than 200 and less than or equal to 600.
2. Find the sname, SID and branch of suppliers who are in 'local' branch or 'global' branch
3. Find the pname, phoneno and cost of parts for which cost is between 200 and 600
4. Find the pname and color of parts, which has the word 'NET' anywhere in its pname.
5. Find the PID and pname of parts with pname either 'NUT' or 'BOLT'
6. List the suppliers who supplied parts on '1st may2000', '12 JAN 2021', '17 dec 2000', '10 Jan 2021'
7. Find all the distinct costs of parts

Join Operators

1. Perform Inner join on two tables
2. Perform Natural Join on two tables
3. Perform Left Outer Join on tables
4. Perform Right Outer join on tables
5. Perform Full Outer Join on tables

Set Theory Operators

1. Show the use of UNION operator with union compatibility
2. Show the use of intersect operator with union compatibility
3. Show the use of minus operator with union compatibility
4. Find the cartesian product of two tables

Queries on Set Theory Operators

1. List all parts except 'NUT' and 'BOLT' in ascending order of costs
2. display all parts that have not been supplied so far
3. To display the supplier names who have supplied 'green' part with cost 500 Rupees AND 'red' part with cost 400 Rupees.
4. To display the supplier names who have supplied 'green' part with cost 500 Rupees OR 'red' part with cost 400 Rupees.
5. To Display the name of suppliers who have supplied all parts that are 'red' in color.

PL/SQL Programs

1. Write a PL/SQL Code to add two numbers
2. Write a PL/SQL code for Fibonacci series
3. Write a PL/SQL Code for greatest of 3 numbers
4. Write a PL/SQL code for area and circumference of a circle

PL/SQL Programs on Cursors

1. Write a Program using CURSOR to display SID and city of 1st record of supplier
2. Write a program using cursors to display the SID and City of all suppliers and then print the count of suppliers.

PL/SQL Programs on Triggers, Procedures and Functions

1. Write a Program using TRIGGER on UPDATE
2. Write a command to See the effect of trigger
3. Write a Program using PROCEDURE to increase the cost by Rs.1000 for part whose PID is passed as an argument.
4. Write a procedure to update the city of an supplier whose SID and city are passed as arguments and the procedure returns the name of supplier whose city is updated.
5. Write a function to return the total number of suppliers
6. Write a function to return the PID of part, for which the part name is passed
7. Write a function to find the sum total of costs of all parts.

PL/SQL Programs on Implicit Cursors

1. Insert a record using %ROWTYPE
2. Write a code using %NOTFOUND, %FOUND, %ROWCOUNT
3. Write a code using %TYPE

MongoDB Queries

1. Create a collection and insert documents into it using insertOne() and insertMany()
2. Select all documents in collection
3. Find the count of all suppliers
4. Find all records that have city = 'Delhi'
5. Retrieve all documents that have color equal to 'red' or 'green'
6. Retrieve all documents where part_name is 'P1' or price is less than 200.
7. Update the record of 'Geeta', set city = 'Bombay' and phoneno = '11223344'
8. Delete all records where price is greater than 5000
9. Display only the name and city of the supplier
10. Sort all suppliers on city and display only the first two records.

PO No.	Description
PO1	Identify and analyze user requirements for database systems..
PO2	Analyze and design efficient, normalized database schemas.
PO3	Use modern tools and SQL techniques for querying and managing data.
PO4	Design and implement advanced database solutions for real-world problems.
PO5	Apply modern database technologies and tools with awareness of their limitations.

BCA- SEC201	Python Programming	3L:0T:4P	5 Credits
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Course Objectives:

CO1: Develop modular Python programs.

CO2: Apply suitable Python programming constructs, built-in data structures using Python libraries to solve a problem.

CO3: Understand basic Data visualization and File handling in Python.

Prerequisites:

Understanding of Problem solving techniques using a programming language and basic data structures.

Course Content:

UNIT I:

Introduction: History and Application areas of Python; Structure of Python Program; Identifiers and Keywords; Operators and Precedence; Basic Data Types and type conversion; Statements and expressions; Input/Output statements.

Strings: Creating and Storing Strings, Built-in functions for strings; string operators, String slicing and joining; Formatting Strings.

Control Flow Statements: Conditional Flow statements; Loop Control Statements; Nested control Flow; continue and break statements, continue, Pass and exit.

UNIT II:

Functions: Built-In Functions, Function Definition and call; Scope and Lifetime of Variables, Default Parameters, Command Line Arguments; Lambda Functions; Assert statement; Importing User defined module;

Mutable and Immutable objects: Lists, Tuples and Dictionaries; Commonly used

Functions on Lists, Tuples and Dictionaries. Passing Lists, tuples and Dictionaries as arguments to functions. Using Math and Numpy module for list of integers and arrays.

UNIT III:

Files: Types of Files; Creating, Reading and writing on Text and Binary Files; The Pickle Module, Reading and Writing CSV Files. Reading and writing of csv and JSON files.

Exception Handling: Try-except-else-finally block, raise statement, hierarchy of exceptions, adding exceptions.

Data visualization: Plotting various 2D and 3D graphics; Histogram; Pi charts; Sine and cosine curves.

Text Books:

1. Venkatesh, Nagaraju Y, *Introduction to Python Programming*, Khanna Publishing House, 2021.
2. Jeeva Jose, *Introduction to Computing & Problem Solving With PYTHON*, Khanna Publishing House, 2023.
3. Sheetal Taneja & Naveen kumar: *Python Programming a Modular approach – A Modular approach with Graphics, Database, Mobile and Web applications*, Pearson, 2017.

Reference Books:

1. Think Python, by Allen Downey, 2nd edition, 2015, O'Reilly.
https://drive.google.com/file/d/1p9Pul6d5UvnQrO9-Q-LE2_p4YvMk5cIg/view
2. An introduction to Python for absolute beginners, by Bob Dowling, Cambridge Univ.
3. Introduction to Computation and Programming using Python, by John Guttag, 2nd edition, 2016, PHI India.

Web Resources:

1. nptel.ac.in/courses/111102613
2. nptel.ac.in/courses/106106212
3. [106106212.pdf - Google Drive](#)

Practical List:

1. Write a program to find whether a number is a prime number.
2. Write a program to print m raise to power n, where m and n are read from the user.
3. Write a program having a parameterised function that returns True or False depending on whether the parameter passed is even or odd.
4. Write a program to print the summation of the following series upto n terms: 1-2+3-4+5-6+7----- n
5. Write a menu driven program to perform the following operations on strings using string built in functions.
 - a. Find the frequency of a character in a string.
 - b. Replace a character by another character in a string.
 - c. Remove the first occurrence of a character from a string.
 - d. Remove all occurrences of a character from a string.
6. Write a program that accepts two strings and returns the indices of all the occurrences of the second string in the first string as a list. If the second string is not present in the first string, then it should return -1
7. Using Numpy module write menu driven program to do following
 - a. Create an array filled with 1's.
 - b. Find maximum and minimum values from an array
 - c. Dot product of 2 arrays.
 - d. Reshape a 1-D array to 2-D array.

8. Write a function that takes a sentence as input from the user and calculates the frequency of each letter. Use a variable of dictionary type to maintain the count.
9. Consider a tuple t1=(1,2,5,7,9,2,4,6,8,10). Write a program to perform following operations:
 - a. Print contents of t1 in 2 separate lines such that half values come on one line and other half in the next line.
 - b. Print all even values of t1 as another tuple t2.
 - c. Concatenate a tuple t2=(11,13,15) with t1.
 - d. Return maximum and minimum value from t1..
10. Write a function that reads a file file1 and copies only alternative lines to another file file2. Alternative lines copied should be the odd numbered lines.
11. Write a Python program to handle a Zero Division Error exception when dividing a number by zero.
12. Write a program that reads a list of integers from the user and throws an exception if any numbers are duplicates.
13. Write a program that makes use of a function to display sine, cosine, polynomial and exponential curves.
14. Take as input in the months and profits made by a company ABC over a year. Represent this data using a line plot. Generated line plot must include X axis label name = Month Number and Y axis label name = Total profit.

PO No.	Description
PO1	Apply foundational programming concepts including data types, control flow, functions, and modular coding to solve problems
PO2	Analyze and design algorithms using built-in data structures like lists, tuples, dictionaries, and advanced modules
PO3	Develop robust programs with file handling, exception management, and modularization.
PO4	Use data visualization techniques to interpret and present data effectively.
PO5	Employ modern Python libraries and tools for data manipulation, file operations, and graphical representation.

BCA-CC203	Software Engineering	3L:0T:2P	4 Credits
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Course Objectives

- CO1: To Acquire a comprehensive understanding of the software development lifecycle and its application in contemporary software engineering practices.
- CO2: To Develop proficiency in project management methodologies and strategic decision-making for successful software project execution.
- CO3: To Master the art of software design, development, and testing to produce robust and efficient software solutions.

Prerequisites: Basic understand of Software, Applications, Programming fundamentals.

Course Content:

UNIT I:

The evolving role of software, changing nature of software, layered technology, a process framework, Process models: The waterfall model, incremental process models, evolutionary process models, the unified process.

Agile software development: Agility Principles, Agile methods, Plan-driven and agile development, Extreme programming, Scrum, A Tool Set for the Agile Process.

UNIT II:

Software Requirements Engineering: Functional and non-functional requirements, the software requirements document, Requirements specification, Requirements engineering processes, Requirements elicitation and analysis, Requirements validation, Requirements management.

Risk management: Reactive Vs proactive risk strategies, software risks, risk identification, risk projection, risk refinement, RMMM, RMMM plan.

Project planning- Software pricing, Plan-driven development, Project scheduling, Agile planning, Estimation techniques.

UNIT III:

Design: Design process and design quality, design concepts, the design model, software architecture, data design, architectural design, Basic structural modeling, class diagrams, sequence diagrams, collaboration diagrams, use case diagrams, component diagrams.

Testing Strategies: A strategic approach to software testing, test strategies for conventional software, black-box and white-box testing, validation testing, system testing, the art of debugging.

Product metrics: Software quality, metrics for analysis model, metrics for design model, metrics for source code, metrics for testing, metrics for maintenance.

UNIT IV:

Quality Management: Quality concepts, software quality assurance, software reviews, formal technical reviews, statistical software quality assurance, software reliability.

Release Management: Release planning, development and build plans, release strategies, risk management, and post-deployment monitoring.

Product sustenance: Maintenance, updates, End of life, migration strategies.

Text Books

1. Software Engineering, N.S. Gill, Khanna Publishing House, 2023 (AICTE Recommended Textbook)
2. Software Engineering, Ian Somerville, 9th edition, Pearson education.
3. Software Engineering A practitioner's Approach, 8th edition, Roger S Pressman, Bruce R. Maxim. McGraw Hill Education, 2015.

Reference Books

1. Stephen Schach, Software Engineering 7th ed, McGraw-Hill, 2007
2. Software Engineering: Principles and Practice Hans van Vliet

Web Resources:

1. nptel.ac.in/courses/106105182
2. nptel.ac.in/courses/106101061

PO No.	Description
PO1	Understand software development life cycles and process models including Agile and plan-driven approaches.
PO2	Analyze and specify software requirements effectively, managing risks and project planning.
PO3	Apply testing strategies and debugging techniques to ensure software quality.
PO4	Use software metrics and quality management practices to evaluate and improve software products.
PO5	Manage software releases, maintenance, and sustainment throughout the software lifecycle.

Professional Elective -I

BCA-DSE201	<i>Professional Elective -I</i>	1L:0T:4P	3 Credits
	(Data Science/ AIML/Full Stack Development)		

Refer to Professional Electives and choose either one specialization from the basket of **Data Science / Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning/ Full Stack Development**

Sl.No	Semester	Course Code	Professional Elective
1	III	DSE*201	Basics of Data Analytics using Spreadsheet
2	III	DSE*201	Feature Engineering
3	III	DSE*201	Web Programming -I

DSE201	Basics of Data Analytics using Spreadsheet	1L:0T:4P	3 Credits
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Course Objectives

CO1: Understand the basics of data analytics and its applications.

CO2: Develop proficiency in using spreadsheet software for data manipulation and analysis.

CO3: Build and use spreadsheet models for decision making & Communicate data insights effectively

Prerequisite: Knowledge on basics of mathematical & Statistical concepts such as arithmetic, percentages, averages, and basic algebra.

Course Content:

UNIT I: Introduction to Data Analytics

Understanding data and its types (structured, unstructured, semi-structured)-What is Data Analytics- Types of data Analytics-Importance of Data Analytics- Applications of Data Analytics.

UNIT II: Data, Ethics, and Industry: Case Studies

Data Collection Methods - Different Data Sources & format - Data Cleaning and Transformation - Handling Missing Data and Outliers. - Ethical considerations in data analytics. - Real-world Applications of Data Analytics- Industry-specific applications (finance, marketing, operations) - Case Study

Note: Case study is for discussion not to be considered for evaluation.

Text Books

1. "Beginner's Guide for Data Analysis using R Programming" by Jeeva Jose, Khanna Publishing House, 2024.
2. "Data Analytics" by V.K. Jain, Khanna Book Publishing Company, 2024.
3. "Excel Data Analysis For Dummies" by Stephen L. Nelson and E. C. Nelson, John Wiley & Sons; 3rd edition, 2016

Reference Books

1. "Excel 2019 Bible" by Michael Alexander, Richard Kusleika, and John Walkenbach, John Wiley & Sons, 25 Sept 2018
2. "Spreadsheet Modeling and Decision Analysis: A Practical Introduction to Business Analytics" by Cliff T Ragsdale, Cengage learning asia pet. 2015

PO No.	Description
PO1	Understand different types of data and core concepts of data analytics.
PO2	Analyze data collection methods and apply data cleaning and transformation techniques.
PO3	Recognize ethical considerations in data handling and analytics.
PO4	Apply data analytics concepts to real-world industry scenarios.

Basics of Data Analytics using Spreadsheet: Lab Program List

PART – A: Understanding and Describing the Data

Introduction to Excel and Basic Functions

1. Getting started with Excel: Workbook, Worksheet, Cells, and Ranges
2. Data entry and basic formatting techniques
3. Using basic arithmetic functions: SUM, AVERAGE, MIN, MAX, ROUND
4. Introduction to cell referencing: relative, absolute, and mixed

Data Importing and Pre-processing

1. Importing data from various sources (CSV, text files, web data)
2. Data cleaning: removing duplicates, handling missing data, and standardizing formats
3. Data transformation: text-to-columns, data validation techniques
4. Using the "Find & Replace" and "Text Functions" (LEFT, RIGHT, MID, CONCATENATE)

Descriptive Statistics Using Excel

1. Calculating measures of central tendency: mean, median, mode
2. Computing measures of dispersion: range, variance, standard deviation
3. Creating and interpreting frequency distributions and histograms
4. Using Excel's "Data Analysis Toolpak" for basic statistical analysis

PART- B: Beyond the Basics: Visualizing and Communicating Data

Advanced Spreadsheet Functions

1. Using logical functions: IF, AND, OR, IFERROR
2. Lookup and reference functions: VLOOKUP, HLOOKUP, INDEX, MATCH
3. Data aggregation techniques: SUMIFS, COUNTIFS, AVERAGEIFS
4. Text functions for data manipulation: TRIM, CLEAN, TEXT, RIGHT, LRFT, MID

Data Visualization Techniques

1. Creating various chart types: bar, line, pie, scatter
2. Advanced charting techniques: combo charts, dual-axis charts
3. Data visualization best practices: choosing the right chart, formatting, and styling
4. Creating and customizing PivotTables and Pivot Charts

Dashboard Creation

1. Introduction to dashboards: concepts and components
2. Using PivotTables and Pivot Charts for dashboard elements
3. Applying conditional formatting for dynamic visual cues
4. Creating interactive dashboards with slicers and timeline

Feature Engineering

DSE201	Feature Engineering	1L:0T:4P	3 Credits
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Course Outcomes

- CO1: Understand the importance of features in machine learning and differentiate between various types of data and features (structured vs. unstructured, categorical, numerical, text, and date-time).
- CO2: Apply basic feature preprocessing techniques such as handling missing data, data cleaning, and feature scaling and normalization.
- CO3: Implement feature engineering techniques for numerical data, including binning, discretization, polynomial and interaction features, and log transformation.
- CO4: Utilize categorical data techniques, such as one-hot encoding and label encoding, and understand feature selection methods, including filter and wrapper methods.
- CO5: Perform feature transformation using techniques like Principal Component Analysis (PCA) and understand its application in machine learning.

Prerequisite: Basic knowledge of data analytics/machine learning and familiarity with any programming language.

Course Content:**UNIT I: Introduction to Feature Engineering**

Introduction to Data and Features: Importance of Features in Machine Learning. Data types and features: Numerical, Categorical, Ordinal, Discrete, Continuous, Interval and Ratio. Basic Feature Preprocessing: Handling Missing Data, Data Cleaning, Feature Scaling, Normalization, and Transformation.

UNIT II: Feature Engineering Techniques

Techniques for Numerical Data: Binning and Discretization, Polynomial and Interaction Features. Categorical Data Techniques: One Hot Encoding, Label Encoding. Feature extraction vs. feature selection, Steps in feature selection. Feature Selection Methods: Filter, Wrapper, and Hybrid. Feature Reduction: Introduction and application of Principal Components Analysis.

Text Books

1. M.C. Trivedi, Data Science and Data Analytics Using Python Programming, Khanna Publishing House, 2024.
2. Zheng, Alice, & Casari, Amanda. (2018). Feature engineering for machine learning: Principles and techniques for data scientists. O'Reilly Media, Inc.

Reference Books:

1. Duda, R. O., Hart, P. E., Stork, D (2007). Pattern classification (2Ed), John Wiley & Sons, ISBN-13: 978-8126511167.
2. N. Bhaskar, Vasundhara, Machine Learning, Khanna Publishing House, 2024.
3. M.C. Trivedi, Deep Learning and Neural Network_MC Trivedi, Khanna Publishing House, 2024.

PO No.	Description
PO1	Understand different types of data and their roles in machine learning.
PO2	Apply data preprocessing techniques for clean and normalized datasets.
PO3	Use feature engineering methods to enhance model input quality.
PO4	Implement encoding and feature selection techniques for categorical data.
PO5	Apply dimensionality reduction methods like PCA for efficient modeling.

DSE201	Feature Engineering Lab	1L:0T:4P	3 Credits
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Course Outcomes

- CO1: Demonstrate proficiency in handling and preprocessing missing data, including filling missing values and cleaning invalid data entries.
- CO2: Apply feature scaling techniques, such as Min-Max normalization, and perform exploratory data analysis through data visualization methods like histograms and boxplots.
- CO3: Implement feature engineering techniques, including binning, polynomial feature creation, and logarithmic transformations on numerical data.
- CO4: Perform text data preprocessing tasks, such as tokenization, stemming, lemmatization, and apply TF-IDF and Bag-of-Words transformations.
- CO5: Apply image and time series data augmentation and decomposition techniques to enhance and analyze image and time series data.

Prerequisite: Knowledge of Python Programming language

LAB Experiments

The lab experiments can be implemented in Python using relevant libraries such as numpy, pandas, sklearn, nltk, matplotlib, and seaborn. Kaggle datasets, public repositories (e.g., UCI, Machine Learning etc.), or generated datasets can be used for conducting the experiments. Experiments may be conducted on numerical, image, or time-series datasets.

Suggested list of Experiments (not limited to):

1. Handle missing values in column(s) of a dataset. For example, fill missing values with the mean/median/mode of the columns such as 'Age', 'Height', 'Weight', 'Grade' for a dataset.
2. Clean a dataset by identifying and removing invalid data entries. For example, a dataset having columns 'Name', 'Gender' and 'Age' where 'Name' contains 'invalid data'.
3. Scale numerical features using Min-Max normalization for a dataset with columns like 'Height', 'Weight'.
4. Perform exploratory data analysis and visualize data distributions using histograms and boxplots.
5. Compute and visualize the correlation matrix of a dataset with 2 or more columns.
6. Bin numerical data into discrete intervals for a dataset with a column containing numerical values.
7. Create polynomial and interaction features from numerical data in a dataset with two columns.
8. Apply logarithmic transformation to skewed numerical features in a dataset with column 'Distance'.
9. Perform one-hot encoding on categorical features in a dataset with column 'Category' containing categorical values. The distinct values in the Category feature are [Good, Better, Best] and Gender

[Male, Female].

10. Preprocess text data (tokenization) for a dataset with a column 'Text'.
11. Preprocess text data (stemming) for a dataset with a column 'Text'.
12. Preprocess text data (lemmatization) for a dataset with a column 'Text'.
13. Convert text data into a Bag-of-Words representation for a dataset with a column 'Text'.
14. Apply TF-IDF transformation to text data for a column 'Text'.
15. Perform image augmentation (resizing, normalization, rotation, translation) for a set of images.
16. Perform image augmentation resizing for a set of images.
17. Perform image augmentation normalization for a set of images.
18. Perform image augmentation rotation for a set of images.
19. Perform image augmentation translation for a set of images.
20. Decompose a time series into trend, seasonal, and residual components for a dataset with a column 'TimeSeries'.
21. Perform Principal Component Analysis (PCA) on a dataset and visualize the first two principal components.

SEC103	Web Programming	1L:0T:2P	2 Credits
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Course Objectives

- CO1: To understand the concepts and architecture of the World Wide Web, Markup languages along with Cascading Style Sheets.
- CO2: To understand the concepts of event handling and data validation mechanisms.
- CO3: To understand the concepts of embedded dynamic scripting on client and server side Internet Programming and basic full stack web development.
- CO4: To develop modern interactive web applications

Prerequisite:

1. Proficiency in at least one programming language, such as Python, Java, or C++. Understanding of programming concepts such as loops, conditionals, functions, and data structures like arrays, lists.
2. Familiarity with object-oriented programming (OOP) principles, including classes, objects, inheritance, and polymorphism.

Course Content:

Unit I:

Introduction to HTML, history of HTML, Objective, basic Structures of HTML, Header Tags, body tags, Paragraph Tags. Tags for FORM Creation, TABLE, FORM, TEXTAREA, SELECT, IMG, IFRAME FIELDSET, ANCHOR. Lists in HTML, Introduction to DIV tag, NAVBAR Design. Introduction to CSS, types, Selectors, and Responsiveness of a web page. Introduction to Bootstrap, downloads/linking, using classes of Bootstrap, understanding the Grid System in Bootstrap. Introduction to www, Protocols and Programs, Applications and development tools, web browsers, DNS, Web hosting Provider, Setting up of windows/Linux/Unix web servers, Web hosting in cloud, Types of Web Hosting.

Unit II:

Introduction to JavaScript: Functions and Events, Document Object model traversing using JavaScript. Output System in JavaScript i.e. Alert, throughput, Input box, Console. Variables and Arrays in JavaScript. Date and String handling in JavaScript.

Manipulating CSS through JavaScript: Form Validation like Required validator, length validator, Pattern validator. Advanced JavaScript, Combining HTML, CSS and JavaScript events and buttons, controlling your browser. Introduction to AJAX, Purpose, advantages and disadvantages, AJAX based Web applications and alternatives of AJAX.

Introduction to XML: uses, Key concepts, DTD 8 schemas, XSL, XSLT, and XSL Elements and transforming with XSLT. Introduction to XHTML.

JSON: Introduction to JSON, Keys and Values, Types of Values, Arrays, Objects

Text Books

1. Laura Lemay, Mastering HTML, CSS & Java Script Web Publishing, BPB Publications, 2016
2. Thomas A. Powell, The Complete Reference HTML & CSS, Fifth Edition, 2017

Reference Books

1. Silvio Moreto, Bootstrap 4 By Example, ebook, 2016.
2. Tanweer Alam, Web Technologies, Khanna Book Publishing, 2011.

Web Resources

1. www.javatpoint.com
2. www.w3schools.com
3. <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/web-technology/>

Practical list of Programs:

PART-A

1. Create your class time table using table tag.
2. Design a Webpage for your college containing description of courses, department, faculties, library etc. using list tags, href tags, and anchor tags.
3. Create web page using Frame with rows and columns where we will have header frame, left frame, right frame, and status bar frame. On clicking in the left frame, information should be displayed in right frame.
4. Create Your Resume using HTML, use text, link, size, color and lists.
5. Create a Web Page of a super market using (internal CSS)
6. Use Inline CSS to format your resume that you have created.
7. Use External CSS to format your time table created.
8. Use all the CSS (inline, internal and external) to format college web page that you have created.
9. Write a HTML Program to create your college website using for mobile device.

PART – B

- 1) Write an HTML/JavaScript page to create login page with validations.
- 2) Develop a Simple calculator for addition, subtraction, multiplication and division operation using JavaScript.
- 3) Use Regular Expressions for validations in Login Page using JavaScript.
- 4) Write a Program to retrieve date from a text file and displaying it using AJAX.
- 5) Create XML file to store Student Information like Register Number, Name, Mobile Number, DOB, and Email-Id.
- 6) Create a DTD for (0).

- 7) Create XML scheme for (0).
- 8) Create XSL file to convert XML file to XHTML file.
- 9) Write a JavaScript program using Switch case.
- 10) Write a JavaScript program using any 5 events.
- 11) Write a JavaScript program using built in JavaScript objects.
- 12) Write program for populating values from JSON text.
- 13) Write a program to transform JSON text to a JavaScript object.

PO No.	Description
PO1	Understand and apply core web technologies like HTML and CSS.
PO2	Implement event handling and data validation for user interaction.
PO3	Develop dynamic web applications using client-side and server-side scripting.
PO4	Build modern, responsive, and interactive full-stack web applications.

ESTD



2018

SEMESTER –IV

ESTD

NSU
JAMSHEDPUR

2018

SEMESTER IV

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	INT	EXT	Credit
1	BCA-CC204	Entrepreneurship and Startup Ecosystem	1	1	0	30	70	2
2	BCA-CC205	Computer Networks	3	0	0	30	70	3
3	BCA-CC206	Design and Analysis of Algorithm	3	0	0	30	70	3
4	BCA-CC207	Artificial Intelligence	3	0	0	30	70	3
5	BCA-DSE202*	Professional Elective – II	1	0	0	30	70	1
6	BCA-SEC202	Design Thinking and Innovation	1	1	0	30	70	2
Practical								
1	BCA-CC205P	Computer Networks	0	0	4	15	35	2
2	BCA-CC207P	Artificial Intelligence	0	0	4	15	35	2
3	BCA-DSE202P	Professional Elective – II	0	0	4	15	35	2
TOTAL								20

BCA-CC 204	Entrepreneurship and Startup Ecosystem	1L:1T:0P	2 Credits
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Course Objective(s):

- To understand Entrepreneurship and its types
- To understand that not all ideas can be turned into viable business models and guesstimate business potential of an idea
- To understand different type of finances available and financing methods
- To be able to draft business plans on an identified idea
- To understand the nuances of operating a startup – low budget marketing, stabilizing operations, build a team from scratch and scaling the business
- To know what is a Family Business and how is it different from Entrepreneurship

Course Content:

Unit 1: Introduction to Entrepreneurship & Family Business

- Definition and Concept of entrepreneurship
- Entrepreneur Characteristics
- Classification of Entrepreneurs
- Role of Entrepreneurship in Economic Development –Start-ups
- Knowing the characteristics of Family business with discussion on few Indian cases of Family Business like Murugappa, Dabur, Wadia, Godrej, Kirloskar etc.

Unit 2: Evaluating Business opportunity

- Sources of business ideas and opportunity recognition
- Guesstimating the market potential of a business idea
- Feasibility analysis of the idea
- Industry, competition and environment analysis

Unit 3: Building Blocks of starting ventures

- Low cost Marketing using digital technologies
- Team building from scratch
- Venture Funding
- Establishing the value-chain and managing operations
- Legal aspects like IPR and compliances

Unit 4: Start-up Ecosystem

- Know the components of the start-up ecosystem including Incubators, Accelerators, Venture Capital Funds, Angel Investors etc.
- Know various govt. schemes like Start-up India, Digital India, MSME etc.
- Sources of Venture Funding available in India
- Source of Technology, Intellectual Property management

Text Books (Latest Edition):

1. *Startup India Learning Program* by Start Up India available at www.startupindia.gov.in

2. *Entrepreneurship*, Rajeev Roy, Oxford University Press
3. *Entrepreneurship: Successfully Launching New Ventures* by R. Duane Ireland
Bruce R. Barringer, Pearson Publishing
4. *Family Business Management* by Rajiv Agarwal, Sage Publishing
5. Anish Tiwari (2003), "Mapping the Startup Ecosystem in India", *Economic & Political Weekly*
6. Ramachandran, K, *Indian Family Businesses: Their survival beyond three generations*, ISB Working Paper Series

References

Course Outcome(s):

At the end of the course, the student would be able to -

- Understand basic building blocks of creating a venture
- Be able to identify a business opportunity and translate it into a viable business model
- Identify the elements of the Indian entrepreneurship ecosystem and take relevant benefits from the constituents
- Know the legacy of family businesses and key differentiations from entrepreneurship

PO No.	Description
PO1	Understand the fundamentals and types of entrepreneurship.
PO2	Evaluate business ideas for feasibility and market potential.
PO3	Identify financing options and basic financial planning methods.
PO4	Apply startup management techniques including marketing, operations, and scaling.
PO5	Differentiate between family businesses and traditional entrepreneurship models.

BCA-CC205	Computer Networks	3L:0T:4P	5 Credits
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Course Objectives:

- CO1: Understand the fundamental concepts of Computer Networks and their applications.
CO2: Develop problem-solving skills related to network design, implementation, and troubleshooting.
CO3: Implement network protocols and configure network devices.

Prerequisites:

1. Basic Networking Knowledge: Familiarity with basic networking concepts such as IP addressing and network topologies.
2. Programming Skills: Ability to write basic network programs and scripts in languages such as Python or C.

3. Operating Systems: Understanding of OS concepts related to networking, such as process management and memory allocation

Course Content:

UNIT I: Introduction to Computer Networks

Overview of Computer Networks: Definition and Objectives, Applications and Examples Network Components and Architecture

Network Models: OSI Model: Layers and Functions, TCP/IP Model: Layers and Functions Comparison between OSI and TCP/IP Models

Network Topologies: Physical vs. Logical Topologies, Common Topologies: Star, Ring, Bus, Mesh, Hybrid, Advantages and Disadvantages of Each Topology

Data Transmission: Analog vs. Digital Signals, Transmission Modes: Simplex, Half-Duplex, Full-Duplex, Bandwidth and Latency

Networking Devices: Routers, Switches, Hubs, Bridges, Gateways, Functions and Configurations of Each Device.

UNIT II: Data Link Layer and Networking Protocols

Data Link Layer Fundamentals: Functions of the Data Link Layer, Framing, Error Detection, and Error Correction, Flow Control Mechanisms.

Ethernet: Ethernet Standards and Frame Structure, MAC Addressing and ARP, Ethernet Switching: Basic Concepts and Methods

Network Protocols: Introduction to TCP/IP Protocol Suite, IP Addressing: IPv4 and IPv6 Subnetting and CIDR Notation

Address Resolution Protocol (ARP): ARP Operation and Table, ARP Spoofing and Security Considerations

Virtual LANs (VLANs): Concept of VLANs, VLAN Tagging and Configuration, Benefits and Use Cases

UNIT III: Network Layer and Transport Layer

Network Layer: IP Routing: Static vs. Dynamic Routing, Routing Protocols: RIP, OSPF, BGP, Network Address Translation (NAT)

Transport Layer: TCP vs. UDP: Characteristics and Use Cases, TCP Handshake and Connection Management, Flow Control and Congestion Control in TCP

Congestion Control Algorithms: Techniques: Slow Start, Congestion Avoidance, Fast Retransmit, Fast Recovery, TCP Variants: TCP Reno, TCP Vegas.

Quality of Service (QoS): QoS Principles and Mechanisms, Differentiated Services (DiffServ) and Integrated Services (IntServ)

Network Security Fundamentals: Threats and Vulnerabilities, Basic Security Mechanisms: Firewalls, VPNs, Encryption

UNIT IV: Application Layer and Emerging Technologies

Application Layer Protocols: HTTP/HTTPS: Structure and Operation, FTP, SMTP, POP3, IMAP: Protocols and Uses, DNS: Domain Name System and Resolution

Network Applications: Web Browsing, Email Communication, File Transfer, Voice over IP (VoIP) and Streaming.

Emerging Technologies: Software-Defined Networking (SDN), Network Function Virtualization (NFV), Internet of Things (IoT) and Its Impact on Networking

Network Management: SNMP: Simple Network Management Protocol, Network Monitoring Tools and Techniques.

Future Trends in Networking: 5G and Beyond, Network Automation and Artificial Intelligence in Networking.

Text Books:

1. Andrew S. Tanenbaum, "Computer Networks", 5th Edition, Pearson Education, 2011.
2. James F. Kurose and Keith W. Ross, "Computer Networking: A Top-Down Approach", 8th Edition, Pearson, 2021.

Reference Books:

1. Behrouz A. Forouzan, "Data Communications and Networking", 5th Edition, McGraw-Hill Education, 2012.
2. Larry L. Peterson and Bruce S. Davie, "Computer Networks: A Systems Approach", 6th Edition, Morgan Kaufmann, 2019.
3. Bhavneet Sidhu, An Integrated Approach to Computer Networks, Khanna Publishing House, 2023.
4. Mastering PC Hardware & Networking, Khanna Publishing House, 2024.

Web Resources:

1. nptel.ac.in/courses/106105183
2. nptel.ac.in/courses/106106243
3. nptel.ac.in/courses/106105081
4. nptel.ac.in/courses/106105080

Lab Programs:

1. Configure Basic Network Settings:
 - a) IP Address Configuration
 - b) Subnet Mask and Gateway Settings
2. Implement Network Protocols:
 - a) Write a simple Python script to perform DNS resolution.
 - b) Implement a basic HTTP client-server application.
3. Network Simulation:

- a) Use network simulation tools (e.g., Cisco Packet Tracer) to design and simulate network topologies.
- b) Configure routers and switches in a simulated environment.
- 4. Performance Measurement:
 - a) Measure network performance using tools like `ping`, `tracert`, and `iperf`.
 - b) Analyze network traffic using Wireshark.
- 5. Implement VLANs:
 - a) Configure VLANs on a switch and verify using simulation tools.
- 6. Set Up a Simple Web Server:
 - a) Deploy a basic web server and configure HTTP/HTTPS access.
- 7. Network Security Lab:
 - a) Implement basic firewall rules and VPN configurations.
 - b) Perform vulnerability scanning and analyze results.
- 8. Network Troubleshooting:
 - a) Diagnose and resolve common network issues.
 - b) Use troubleshooting commands and techniques to fix connectivity problems.

PO No.	Description
PO1	Understand basic networking concepts, architectures, models, and topologies..
PO2	Apply data transmission techniques and identify functions of key networking devices.
PO3	Analyze protocols at data link and network layers, including addressing and VLAN configuration.
PO4	Compare routing protocols and manage transport layer communication (TCP/UDP).
PO5	Understand QoS, congestion control, and foundational network security mechanisms.

BCA-CC206	Design and Analysis of Algorithms	3L:0T:0P	3 Credits
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Course Objectives

- CO1: This course envisions to impart to students the understanding of basic algorithm designing paradigms.
- CO2: This course introduces the basic knowledge on how to analyse an algorithm.
- CO3: This course expects to enable a student to synthesize efficient algorithms in common design situations and real-life problems.

Prerequisite: Knowledge of Data Structures

Course Content:

UNIT I:

What is an algorithm? Design and performance analysis of algorithms, time complexity, space complexity. Asymptotic notations (O , Ω , Θ) to measure growth of a function and application to measure complexity of algorithms. Analysis of sequential search, bubble sort, selection sort, insertion sort, matrix multiplication. Recursion: Basic concept. Analysis of recursive algorithms, Master's theorem.

UNIT II:

The Divide & Conquer Design Technique:

The general concept. Binary search, finding the maximum and minimum, merge sort, quick sort. Best and worst case analysis for the mentioned algorithms. Strassen's matrix multiplication. Lower bound for comparison-based sorting.

The Greedy Design Technique:

The general concept. Applications to general Knapsack problem, finding minimum weight spanning trees: Prim's and Kruskal's algorithms, Dijkstra's algorithm for finding single source shortest paths problem.

UNIT III:

The Dynamic Programming Design Technique:

The general concept. Computation of Fibonacci series and Binomial coefficients, all pair shortest paths problem (Floyd-Warshall's algorithm), 0/1 Knapsack problem.

Algorithms on Graphs:

Breadth First Search, Depth First Search, finding connected components, depth first search of a directed graph, topological sorting.

UNIT IV:

Limitations of Algorithmic Power:

Backtracking Method: n-Queen problem; sum of subsets problem/ Hamiltonian circuit problem/vertex cover problem.

Computational Intractability: Overview of non-deterministic algorithms, P, NP, NP-Complete and NP-hard problems.

Text Books

1. Gajendra Sharma, Design and Analysis of Algorithms, Khanna Publishing House (AICTE Recommended Textbook)
2. Cormen Thomas H., Leiserson Charles E., Rivest Ronald L. and Stein Clifford, Introduction to Algorithms, PHI publication, 3rd Edition, 2009.
3. Horowitz Ellis, Sahni Sartaj and Rajasekaran Sanguthevar, Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms, University Press (I) Pvt. Ltd., 2012.
4. Levitin Anany, Introduction to Design and Analysis of Algorithms, 3rd Edition, Pearson, 2012

Reference Books

1. Aho Alfred V., Hopcroft John E. & Ullman Jeffrey D., The Design & Analysis of Computer Algorithms, Addison Wesley Publications, Boston, 1983.
2. Kleinberg Jon & Tardos Eva, Algorithm Design, Pearson Education, 2006.

Web Resources

1. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106101060>
2. <https://www.cs.umd.edu/~mount/451/Lects/451lects.pdf>
3. nptel.ac.in/courses/106106131

PO No.	Description
PO1	Understand algorithm fundamentals, time/space complexity, and asymptotic notations.
PO2	Apply and analyze basic and recursive algorithms using Divide & Conquer and Greedy techniques.
PO3	Solve complex problems using Dynamic Programming and Graph Algorithms.
PO4	Explore limitations of algorithmic solutions through Backtracking and NP-completeness.
PO5	Evaluate algorithm performance for optimization and efficiency in real-world scenarios.

BCA-CC207	Artificial Intelligence	3L:0T:4P	5 Credits
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Course Objectives :

CO1 : Understand Fundamental Concepts of Artificial Intelligence

CO2: Develop Problem-Solving and Search Strategies

CO3: Explore Logical Reasoning and Handling Uncertainty

CO4: Investigate Advanced AI Domains and Applications

Course Content:

UNIT I: Introduction to AI

What is AI? Intelligent Agents: Agents and environment, the concept of Rationality, the nature of environment, the structure of Agents. Knowledge-Based Agents: Introduction to Knowledge-Based Agents, The Wumpus World as an Example World. Problem-solving: Problem-solving agents.

UNIT II: Advanced Search Techniques

Uninformed Search: DFS, BFS, Iterative Deepening Search. Informed Search: Best First Search, A* search, AO* search. Adversarial Search & Games: Two-player zero-sum games, Minimax Search, Alpha-Beta pruning. Constraints and Constraint Satisfaction Problems (CSPs), Backtracking search for CSP. Evolutionary Search Techniques: Introduction to evolutionary algorithms, Genetic algorithms, Applications of evolutionary search in AI.

UNIT III: Logical Reasoning and Uncertainty

Logic: Propositional logic, First-order predicate logic, Propositional versus first-order inference, Unification and lifting. Inference: Forward chaining, Backward chaining, Resolution, Truth maintenance systems. Introduction to Planning: Blocks World problem, Strips; Handling Uncertainties: Non-monotonic reasoning, Probabilistic reasoning, Introduction to Fuzzy set theory.

UNIT IV: Domains and Applications of AI

Domains in AI: Introduction to Machine Learning, Computer Vision, Robotics, Natural Language Processing, Deep Neural Networks, and their Applications. Expert

Systems: The architecture and role of expert systems include two case studies. Legal and Ethical Issues: Concerns related to AI.

Text Books:

1. M.C. Trivedi, *A Classical Approach to Artificial Intelligence*, Khanna Book Publishing Company, 2024 (AICTE Recommended Textbook).
2. Nilsson Nils J, *Artificial Intelligence: A new Synthesis*, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers Inc. San Francisco, CA, ISBN: 978-1-55-860467-4.
3. Dan W Patterson, *Introduction to Artificial Intelligence & Expert Systems*, PHI Learning 2010.
4. Rajiv Chopra, *Data Science with Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning and Deep Learning*, Khanna Book Publishing Company, 2024.

Reference Books:

1. M.C. Trivedi, *Introduction to AI and Machine Learning*, Khanna Book Publishing Company, 2024.
2. Russell, S. and Norvig, P., “Artificial Intelligence - A Modern Approach”, 3rd edition, Prentice Hall
3. Van Hirtum, A. & Kolski, C. (2020). *Constraint Satisfaction Problems: Algorithms and Applications*. Springer
4. Rajiv Chopra, *Machine Learning and Machine Intelligence*, Khanna Book Publishing Company, 2024.

Artificial Intelligence Lab

Prerequisites: Basic understanding of algorithms and data structures (e.g., trees, graphs, lists). Proficiency in Python programming, including libraries like NLTK for NLP tasks.

LAB Experiments

The lab experiments may be implemented in Python. Libraries like NLTK, Tensorflow and Keras may be used for Machine learning experiments.

Suggested list of Experiments (not limited to):

1. Demonstrate basic problem-solving using Breadth-First Search on a simple grid.
2. Implement Depth-First Search (DFS) on a small graph.
3. Solve the Water Jug Problem using Breadth First Search (BFS).
4. Implement a Hill Climbing search to find the peak in a numeric dataset.
5. Apply the A* Search algorithm to find the shortest path in a 4x4 grid.
6. Implement the Minimax search algorithm for 2-player games. You may use a game tree with 3 plies.
7. Solve the 4 – Queens Problem as a CSP backtracking problem.
8. Use constraint propagation to solve a Magic Square puzzle.
9. Apply optimization techniques to find the maximum value in a list.
10. Represent and evaluate propositional logic expressions.
11. Implement a basic rule-based expert system for weather classification.
12. Implement a basic AI agent with simple decision-making rules.
13. Implement a basic Rule-Based Chatbot.
14. Using Python NLTK, perform the following Natural Language Processing (NLP) tasks for text content.

- a) Tokenizing
- b) Filtering Stop Words
- c) Stemming
- d) Part of Speech tagging
- e) Chunking
- f) Named Entity Recognition (NER)

15. Perform Image classification for a given dataset using CNN. You may use Tensorflow /Keras.

Course outcomes:

CO1: Apply Uninformed Search Algorithms and Implement Heuristic Search techniques
 CO2: Analyze and Solve Constraint Satisfaction Problems
 CO3: Develop Rule-Based Systems
 CO4: Implement and Evaluate Optimization Techniques
 CO5: Apply and illustrate the NLP concepts

Web Resources :

1. nptel.ac.in/courses/103106681
2. nptel.ac.in/courses/106106226

PO No.	Description
PO1	Understand AI fundamentals, intelligent agents, and problem-solving concepts.
PO2	Apply uninformed, informed, adversarial, and evolutionary search techniques..
PO3	Use logical and probabilistic reasoning to handle uncertainty in AI systems.
PO4	Explore AI applications in domains like ML, NLP, robotics, and expert systems.
PO5	Recognize ethical and legal implications of AI technologies..

BCA-DSE202	Professional Elective -I (Data Science/ AIML/ Full Stack Development)	1L:0T:4P	3 Credits
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Refer to Professional Electives and choose either one specialization from the basket of **Data Science /Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning/ Full Stack Development.**

Sl.No	Semester	Course Code	Professional Elective
1	IV	DSE*202	Data Visualization
2	IV	DSE*202	Introduction to ML
3	IV	DSE*202	Web Programming -II

DSE202	Data Visualization	1L:0T:4P	3 Credits
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Course Objectives

- CO1: Understand the fundamentals of data visualization and its importance.
- CO2: Learn about visual perception and its impact on data interpretation.
- CO3: Explore the ethical considerations and challenges in data visualization.
- CO4: Study different types of visualizations and their appropriate uses.
- CO5: Utilize Power BI to create and customize various types of visualizations.

Prerequisite:

Familiarity with using a computer, including file management and basic software navigation. Basic knowledge of data structures, such as tables and databases. Basic understanding of data analysis concepts and familiarity with data types.

Course Content:

UNIT I: Introduction to Data Visualization

Definition and importance of data visualization-Role of data visualization in decision making- Types of data (numerical, categorical, temporal, geographical)-Data visualization process (data collection, exploration, analysis, visualization, interpretation)-Challenges and limitations of data visualization

UNIT II: Visualization tools & Data Storytelling

Overview of Visualization Tools (e.g., Excel, Tableau, Power BI, Python)-Comparing and contrasting features and Use Cases among these tools.

Principles of Data Storytelling: Narrative and Context-Best Practices for Dashboard Layout and Interactivity

UNIT III: Designing Effective Visualizations

Principles of Good Visualization Design - Understanding and Using Color in Visualizations – Importance of Data Modelling in Visualization.

Text Books

1. "Storytelling with Data: A Data Visualization Guide for Business Professionals" Cole Nussbaumer Knaflic, Wiley; 1st edition, 2015.
2. "The Visual Display of Quantitative Information" by Edward Tufte, Graphics Press USA; 2nd edition, 2001.

Reference Books

1. "Data Visualization: A Practical Introduction" Kieran Healy, Princeton University Press, 2018.
2. "Analyzing Data with Power BI and Power Pivot for Excel", Alberto Ferrari and Marco Russo, Microsoft Press; 1st edition, 2017.
3. "Microsoft Power BI Complete Reference", Devin Knight, Brian Knight,

Mitchell Pearson, and Manuel Quintana, Packt Publishing; 1st edition, 2018.

Web Resources

1. <https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/power-bi/>
2. <https://www.storytellingwithdata.com/>
3. https://jpsm.umd.edu/sites/jpsm.umd.edu/files/syllabi/Syllabus_Introduction%20to%20Data%20Visualization_Spring%202024.pdf

Lab Programs for Data Visualization Using Power BI

Introduction to Power BI Interface and Basics

1. Installation and interface overview
2. Exploring the Power BI workspace: Ribbon, panes, and canvas.
3. Importing data from Excel and CSV files.
4. Introduction to multiple data sources
5. Basic report creation: Adding visuals and saving a report.

Data Transformation and Preparation

1. Using Power Query Editor
2. Cleaning data: Removing duplicates, handling missing values.
3. Transforming data: Splitting columns, changing data types, renaming columns.
4. Merging and appending queries.
5. Creating custom columns and calculated columns

Data Modeling

1. Creating relationships between tables
2. Identifying and resolving data inconsistencies
3. Creating calculated columns and measures

Creating Basic Visualizations

1. Creating various chart types (bar, column, line, pie, area, etc.,)
2. Formatting and customizing visualizations

Publishing and Sharing Reports

1. Publishing a report to Power BI Service.
2. Sharing reports and dashboards with team members.
3. Setting up data refresh schedules and managing permissions.

PO No.	Description
PO1	Understand the significance and principles of effective data visualization.
PO2	Apply visual perception principles to improve data interpretation...
PO3	Recognize ethical issues and challenges in representing data visually..
PO4	Select appropriate visualization types for various data scenarios.
PO5	Use Power BI to design, customize, and present interactive visualizations.

DSE202	Introduction to Machine Learning	1L:0T:4P	3 Credits
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Course Objective:

- CO1: Understand the Fundamentals of Machine Learning
- CO2: Develop Skills in Supervised Learning Techniques
- CO3: Explore Unsupervised Learning and Clustering Methods

Course Content:

UNIT I: Introduction to Machine Learning

Introduction: Definition, History and Application of Machine Learning, *Types of Machine Learning:* Supervised, Unsupervised, Semi-Supervised, and Reinforcement Learning. Labeled and Unlabelled Dataset. *Supervised Learning Tasks:* Regression vs. Classification, *Learning Framework:* Training, Validation and Testing of ML models. *Performance Evaluation Parameters:* Confusion matrix, Accuracy, Precision, Recall, F1 Score, and AUC.

UNIT II: Supervised Learning and Unsupervised Learning

Regression: Linear and non-linear Regression, Logistic Regression. *Classification:* Naïve Bayes, K-Nearest Neighbors, Decision Trees. *Linear model:* Introduction to Artificial Neural Networks, Perceptron Learning Algorithm, Single Layer Perceptron, Introduction to Support Vector Machine for linearly separable data. *Clustering:* K-Means, Hierarchical Clustering, DBSCAN, Clustering Validation Measures. *ML Applications:* Ethical Considerations in Machine Learning, Case study and Real-world Applications.

Text Books:

1. Rajiv Chopra (2024), Machine Learning and Machine Intelligence, Khanna Publishing House.
2. Jeeva Jose (2023), Introduction to Machine Learning, Khanna Publishing House.
3. Mitchell T. (1997). Machine Learning, First Edition, McGraw-Hill.
4. Kalita, J. K., Bhattacharyya, D. K., & Roy, S. (2023). Fundamentals of Data Science: Theory and Practice. Elsevier. ISBN9780323917780

Reference Books:

1. Flach, P. A. (2012). Machine Learning: The Art and Science of Algorithms that Make Sense of Data. Cambridge University Press. ISBN: 9781107422223, 2012.
2. Duda, R. O., Hart, P. E., Stork, D (2007). Pattern classification (2Ed), John Wiley & Sons, ISBN-13: 978-8126511167.
3. Haykin S. (2009). Neural Networks and Learning Machines, Third Edition, PHI Learning.
4. Chollet, F. (2018). Deep Learning with Python. Manning Publications.
5. Bishop, C. M. (2006). Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning. Springer.
6. Goodfellow, I., Bengio, Y., & Courville, A. (2016). Deep Learning. MIT Press.
7. Géron, A. (2017). Hands-On Machine Learning with Scikit-Learn and TensorFlow: Concepts, Tools, and Techniques to Build Intelligent Systems* (1st ed.). O'Reilly .

PO No.	Description
PO1	Understand machine learning concepts, types, and evaluation metrics..
PO2	Apply supervised learning techniques for regression and classification problems.
PO3	Implement unsupervised learning algorithms for clustering and pattern discovery.
PO4	Analyze performance of ML models using appropriate validation measures.

PO5	Explore ethical considerations and real-world applications of machine learning.
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Introduction to Machine Learning Lab

Prerequisites: Understanding of machine learning algorithms and concepts (e.g., classification, clustering, regression). Proficiency in Python programming, with experience using libraries such as NumPy, pandas, Scikit-Learn, NLTK, Matplotlib, and Seaborn.

LAB Experiments

The lab experiments may be implemented in Python using relevant ML libraries, and datasets from Kaggle, public repositories, or generated datasets.

Suggested list of Experiments (not limited to):

1. Implement linear regression on a dataset and visualize the regression line.
2. Implement logistic regression on a binary classification dataset and plot the decision boundary.
3. Implement and evaluate the performance of Decision tree ID3/Cart classifier for any given dataset.
4. Implement and evaluate the performance of the Naive Bayes Classifier on a given dataset.
5. Build and evaluate a random forest classifier using a numerical dataset.
6. Implement a support vector machine for linearly separable classes and visualize the margins and decision boundary.
7. Implement K-Means clustering on a point dataset and visualize and evaluate the clusters.
8. Implement hierarchical clustering on a dataset and plot the dendrogram.
9. Implement DBSCAN clustering on a dataset and visualize and evaluate the clusters.
10. Perform Principal Components Analysis (PCA) and apply any one or more classifiers to show the performance variation with or without feature reduction.
11. Build a single layer perceptron model to classify AND, OR, and XOR problems (may use TensorFlow/Keras) and visualize their decision boundaries. Also evaluate its performance.
12. Demonstrate the concept of boosting using the AdaBoost algorithm.

Program Outcomes

PO1: Implement and evaluate supervised learning techniques, including K-Nearest Neighbors, linear regression, and logistic regression, and measure model performance using accuracy, precision, recall, and F1 score.
PO2 Apply and visualize clustering algorithms such as K-Means, hierarchical clustering, and DBSCAN on datasets. This practical application helps you understand their real- world use.
PO3: Perform dimensionality reduction using Principal Component Analysis (PCA) and interpret the results.
PO4: Develop and assess classification models using random forests, support vector machines, and neural networks.
PO5: Demonstrate ensemble learning concepts through bagging with random forests and boosting with the AdaBoost algorithm.

BCA-SEC 202	Design Thinking and Innovation	1L:1T:0P	2 Credits
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Course Objectives:

Operating under turbulent and uncertain business environment, ‘innovation’ has become the key driver of organizational success for all companies. Managers are expected to be leading this change by navigating companies into rapid evolution of new products/services and business models.

The primary focus of DTI is to help learners develop creative thinking skills and apply design based approaches/tools for identifying and implementing innovation opportunities into implementable projects. Following a learning-by-doing approach, the objectives of the course are –

1. Introduce students to design-based thinking approach to solve problems
2. Observe and assimilate unstructured information to well framed solvable problems
3. Introduce student to templates of ideation
4. Understand the importance of prototyping in the innovation journey
5. Implementing innovation projects

Course Content:**Unit 1: Basics of Design Thinking**

1. Understand the concept of innovation and its significance in business
2. Understanding creative thinking process and problem solving approaches
3. Know Design Thinking approach and its objective
4. Design Thinking and customer centricity – real world examples of customer challenges, use of Design Thinking to Enhance Customer Experience, Parameters of Product experience, Alignment of Customer Expectations with Product.
5. Discussion of a few global success stories like AirBnB, Apple, IDEO, Netflix etc.
6. Explain the four stages of Design Thinking Process – Empathize, Define, Ideate, Prototype, Implement

Unit 2: Learning to Empathize and Define the Problem

1. Know the importance of empathy in innovation process – how can students develop empathy using design tools
2. Observing and assimilating information
3. Individual differences & Uniqueness Group Discussion and Activities to encourage the understanding, acceptance and appreciation of individual differences.
4. What are wicked problems
5. Identifying wicked problems around us and the potential impact of their solutions

Unit 3 : Ideate, Prototype and Implement

1. Know the various templates of ideation like brainstorming, systems thinking

2. Concept of brainstorming – how to reach consensus on wicked problems
3. Mapping customer experience for ideation
4. Know the methods of prototyping, purpose of rapid prototyping.
5. Implementation

Unit 4 : Feedback, Re-Design & Re-Create

1. Feedback loop, focus on User Experience, address ergonomic challenges, user focused design
2. Final concept testing,
3. Final Presentation – Solving Problems through innovative design concepts & creative solution

Text Books (Latest Edition):

1. E Balaguruswamy (2023), Developing Thinking Skills (The way to Success), Khanna Book Publishing Company
2. Tim Brown, (2008), “Change by Design: How Design Thinking Transforms Organizations and Inspires Innovation”, *Harvard Business Review*
3. 8 steps to Innovation by R T Krishnan & V Dabholkar, Collins Publishing

Reference Book

1. Design Thinking by Nigel Cross, Bloomsbury

PO No.	Description
PO1	Understand the fundamentals of innovation, creativity, and design thinking in business contexts
PO2	Apply empathy and observation techniques to define complex, real-world problems.
PO3	Generate and prototype creative solutions using structured ideation methods.
PO4	Implement and iterate user-centered designs based on feedback and usability principles.
PO5	Analyze successful design-driven innovations and apply insights to customer-centric challenges.

SEMESTER V

Semester -V

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	INT	EX T	Credit
1	BCA-DSE301*	Professional Elective – III	3	0	0	30	70	3
2	BCA-DSE302*	Professional Elective – IV	3	0	0	30	70	3
3	BCA-DSE303*	Professional Elective – V	3	0	0	30	70	3
4	BCA-SEC301	Quantitative Techniques	0	2	0	30	70	2
5	BCA-SEC302	Internship/capstone Project	0	0	8	30	70	4
6	BCA-SEC303	Major Project [Evaluation in sixth semester]	-	-	-			0
Practical								
1	BCA-DSE301P	Professional Elective – III	0	0	4	15	35	2
2	BCA-DSE302P	Professional Elective – IV	0	0	4	15	35	2
3	BCA-DSE303P	Professional Elective – V	0	0	4	15	35	2
TOTAL						21		

***L-T-P for Discipline Electives depends on the subject that the University offers**

Sl.No	Semester	Course Code	Professional Elective
1	V	BCA DSE301	Introduction to Data Science

CO1: Understand the foundational concepts of data science Gain knowledge of data science definitions, terminologies, and its applications across industries.

CO2: Comprehend and apply the data science process

CO3: Demonstrate understanding of steps involved in a data science project lifecycle — from objective setting to reporting results. Perform basic data acquisition, cleaning, exploration, and preparation.

CO4: Apply basic machine learning techniques Identify and implement suitable machine learning methods (supervised, unsupervised, etc.) for data-driven problems.

Unit I: Introduction to Data Science

- **Definition and Evolution:** Understanding what data science is and how it has developed over time.
- **Key Terminologies:** Familiarization with essential terms used in data science.
- **Applications:** Exploring the significance of data science in various industries.
- **Exploratory vs. Descriptive Statistics:** Differentiating between these two statistical approaches.
- **Data Visualization:** The role and importance of visualizing data effectively.

Unit II: Data Science Process

- **Research Objectives:** Setting clear goals for data analysis projects.
- **Data Acquisition and Preparation:** Collecting and cleaning data for analysis.
- **Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA):** Techniques for summarizing and visualizing data.
- **Model Development and Evaluation:** Building predictive models and assessing their performance.
- **Presentation and Automation:** Communicating results and automating data workflows.

Unit III : Machine Learning in Data Science

- **Introduction to Machine Learning:** Understanding the basics and its relevance in data science.
- **Types of Machine Learning:**
- **Supervised Learning:** Learning from labeled data.
- **Unsupervised Learning:** Finding patterns in unlabeled data.
- **Reinforcement Learning:** Learning optimal actions through rewards.
- **Deep Learning:** Advanced neural network techniques. [C](#)

Unit IV: Tools and Technologies

- **Programming Languages:** Introduction to Python for data analysis.
- **Data Visualization Tools:** Overview of tools like Matplotlib, Seaborn, and ggplot2.
- **Data Handling:** Basics of data manipulation using libraries like Pandas and NumPy

PO No.	Description
PO1	Understand core concepts, terminology, and real-world applications of data science.
PO2	Apply the structured data science process for solving analytical problems.
PO3	Perform essential data handling tasks such as acquisition, cleaning, and exploration.
PO4	Implement basic machine learning techniques for data-driven decision-making.

Sl.No	Semester	Course Code	Professional Elective
1	V	BCA DSE302	Time Series

Course Outcomes:

- CO1:** Understand the fundamentals of time series data, its components, and practical applications.
CO2: Apply trend analysis methods such as moving averages and least squares for identifying trends. **CO3:** Measure and analyze seasonal variations using different statistical techniques.
CO4: Use forecasting techniques like naïve forecasting, exponential smoothing, and ARIMA models.
CO5: Utilize tools such as Excel, Python, or R for implementing time series analysis and forecasting.

UNIT I: Introduction to Time Series

- **Time Series Definition:** A sequence of data points collected or recorded at regular time intervals.
- **Importance & Applications:** Forecasting sales, stock prices, weather patterns, etc.
- **Types of Data:**
 - *Time Series:* Data collected over time (e.g., monthly sales).
 - *Cross-sectional:* Data collected at a single point in time.
- **Components of Time Series:**
 - **Trend (T):** Long-term increase or decrease.
 - **Seasonality (S):** Regular pattern over short periods (e.g., monthly sales spikes).
 - **Cyclical (C):** Long-term wave-like movements (often economic).
 - **Irregular (I):** Random or unpredictable components.

UNIT II: Trend Analysis

- **Graphical Method:** Visualizing trends using line graphs.
- **Moving Average Method:** Smooths out fluctuations using average values (e.g., 3-year or 5-year moving averages).
- **Least Squares Method:** Statistical technique to find a line (or curve) that best fits the data.
 - *Linear Trend:* $Y = a + bt$
 - *Quadratic Trend:* $Y = a + bt + ct^2$
- **Decomposition:** Breaking a series into trend, seasonal, and irregular components.

UNIT III: Seasonal Variation

- **Measurement Methods:**
 - *Simple Averages*
 - *Ratio to Trend*
 - *Ratio to Moving Average*
 - *Link Relatives*
- **Deseasonalization:** Removing seasonal effects to better understand the trend and cyclical components.

UNIT IV: Forecasting Methods

- **Naïve Forecasting:** Using the last known value as the forecast.
- **Exponential Smoothing:**
 - *Single Smoothing:* $F_t = \alpha Y_{t-1} + (1 - \alpha)F_{t-1}$

- *Double Smoothing (Holt's method)*: Adjusts for trend as well.
- **ARIMA Models:**
 - *AR (Auto-Regressive), MA (Moving Average), I (Integrated)*
 - Used for more complex time series modeling.
- **Software Tools:** Introduction to Excel, Python (pandas, statsmodels), R (forecast package).

PO No.	Description
PO1	Understand fundamental concepts and components of time series data and its real-world applications.
PO2	Apply trend analysis techniques such as graphical, moving average, and least squares methods to analyze patterns.
PO3	Analyze and measure seasonal variations and perform <u>deseasonalization</u> to isolate trends.
PO4	Implement various forecasting techniques including exponential smoothing and ARIMA models using relevant software tools.

Sl.No	Semester	Course Code	Professional Elective
1	V	BCA DSE303	Natural Language Processing

CO1: Understand the basic concepts and techniques of NLP.

CO2: Study the tools and algorithms used in language modeling and processing.

CO3: Explore real-world NLP applications like machine translation, chatbots, and sentiment.

Course Content:

UNIT I: Introduction to NLP and Language Basics

- Definition and scope of NLP
- Importance of NLP in AI and data science
- Key NLP tasks: Text classification, sentiment analysis, machine translation, etc.
- NLP vs Computational Linguistics vs Linguistics
- Levels of language: Phonology, Morphology, Syntax, Semantics, Pragmatics
- Ambiguity in language: Lexical and Syntactic
- Applications of NLP in real-world systems

UNIT II: Text Processing and Linguistic Resources

- Tokenization
- Stop-word removal
- Stemming (Porter, Snowball)
- Lemmatization
- Normalization (lowercasing, punctuation handling)

Unit III : Syntax and Parsing Techniques

- Phrase structure grammar (constituency)
- Dependency grammar
- Context-Free Grammar (CFG)

UNIT IV: Semantics and Word Representations

- Meaning representation
- Word Sense Disambiguation (WSD) – Lesk Algorithm, Knowledge-based approaches

Unit V : NLP Applications and Recent Advances

- Sentiment Analysis
- Chat bots and Conversational Agents
- Machine Translation (Rule-based, Statistical, Neural)

Recent Trends in NLP:

- Introduction to Deep Learning in NLP
- Transformers and Self-Attention Mechanism

Laboratory (Optional / Practical Component)

- Tokenization, POS tagging using NLTK / spaCy
- Build a rule-based NER system
- Simple sentiment analyzer using Python
- Visualizing word embeddings
- Basic chatbot using Python (rule-based)

Recommended Books

1. **Daniel Jurafsky & James H. Martin** – *Speech and Language Processing*
2. **Tanveer Siddiqui & U.S. Tiwary** – *Natural Language Processing and Information Retrieval* (OUP)
3. **Steven Bird, Ewan Klein & Edward Loper** – *Natural Language Processing with Python (NLTK Book)*

PO No.	Program Outcome Description
PO1	Apply knowledge of computing fundamentals to understand the principles of NLP techniques.
PO2	Identify, analyze and solve computational problems in language processing and understanding.
PO3	Design and develop NLP-based applications using standard tools and models.
PO4	Apply modern tools like NLTK, spaCy, and TensorFlow to simulate NLP tasks.

Sl.No	Semester	Course Code	Professional Elective
1	V	BCA-SEC301	Quantitative Techniques

Unit I: Introduction to Quantitative Techniques

- Meaning and scope of QT
- Role of QT in decision-making
- Classification of models
- Limitations of quantitative techniques

Unit II: Linear Programming Problem (LPP)

- Formulation of LPP
- Graphical method of solving LPP (for two variables)
- Simplex method (basic introduction)
- Applications of LPP in business and management

Unit III: Transportation and Assignment Problems

- Transportation problem: Initial Basic Feasible Solution (IBFS) using NWCM, LCM, VAM
- Optimality test using MODI method
- Assignment problem: Hungarian method
- Balanced and unbalanced problems

Unit IV: Queuing Theory and Decision Theory

- Basic concepts of queuing systems
- M/M/1 queue model
- Introduction to Decision Theory
 - Decision-making under certainty, risk, and uncertainty
 - Expected Value (EV) and Expected Opportunity Loss (EOL)

Unit V: Probability and Probability Distributions

- Basic probability rules and theorems
- Conditional probability
- Bayes' theorem
- Discrete distributions: Binomial, Poisson
- Continuous distribution: Normal distribution

Unit VI: Network Analysis and Simulation (Optional/Advanced)

- Introduction to PERT and CPM
- Critical path and slack time
- Simulation: Concept, advantages, Monte Carlo simulation (basic idea)

PO No.	Description
PO1	Formulate and solve linear programming problems.
PO2	Analyze transportation and assignment problems.
PO3	Apply probability distributions in real-world problems.

Model curriculum for UG Degree in BCA

PO4	Use decision-making tools under uncertainty.
PO5	Understand basic concepts of queuing and network models

□ **Tools (Optional):**

- MS Excel or Python (NumPy, SciPy) for solving LPP and simulation problems
- TORA or LINDO software for optimization problems (if available in lab)

SEMESTER VI

Semester -VI

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	INT	EXT	Credit
1	BCA-CC301	Generative AI	2	0	0	30	70	2
2	BCA- SE304*	Professional Elective – VI	3	0	0	30	70	3
3	BCA- SE305*	Professional Elective – VII	3	0	0	30	70	3
4	BCA -AEC301	Soft Skills	1	2	0	30	70	3
5	BCA-SEC304	Major Project [Initiated in 5th Semester]	0	0	8			4
Practical								
1	BCA-CC301P	Generative AI	0	0	4	15	35	2
2	BCA- SE304P	Professional Elective – VI	0	0	4	15	35	2
3	BCA- SE305P	Professional Elective – VII	0	0	4	15	35	2
TOTAL							21	

***L-T-P for Discipline Electives depends on the subject that the University offers**

BCA -CC301	Generative AI	1L:0T:4P	3 Credits
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CO1: Students will grasp the basics of how generative models work and where they are used AI deepfakes
CO2: Explanation: Students will use mathematical techniques to create models that can learn from data .

Unit 1 : Introduction to Generative AI

- **What is Generative AI?**
 - Overview of AI vs. Generative AI
 - Difference between discriminative and generative models
- **History and Evolution:**
 - Early generative models (Naive Bayes, HMMs)
 - Neural generative models (GANs, VAEs, LLMs)
- **Key Applications:**
 - AI art, music, deepfake videos, game content generation, drug design
 - Chatbots (e.g., ChatGPT), AI companions, marketing content

Unit II: Fundamentals of Generative Modeling

- **Statistical Foundations:**
 - Probability distributions, joint & conditional probability
 - Maximum Likelihood Estimation (MLE)
- **Types of Generative Models:**
 - Explicit vs. implicit models
 - Latent variable models
- **Sampling Techniques:**
 - Monte Carlo sampling
 - Gibbs Sampling
 - Importance sampling

Unit III: Variational Autoencoders (VAEs)

- **Autoencoders Review:**
 - Encoder-decoder architecture
 - Bottleneck & latent representation
- **Variational Autoencoders (VAEs):**
 - Latent space modeling
 - Probabilistic encoder and decoder
 - KL-divergence and ELBO (Evidence Lower Bound)
- **VAE Applications:**
 - Image generation
 - Face morphing
 - Anomaly detection

PO No.	Description
PO1	Understand the fundamental differences between traditional AI and generative AI, including key models and their evolution.
PO2	Apply statistical and probabilistic foundations to comprehend and implement generative modeling techniques.
PO3	Demonstrate knowledge of sampling methods and generative model types, including latent variable models.
PO4	Analyze and implement Variational Autoencoders (VAEs) for real-world

	tasks like image generation and anomaly detection.
PO5	Explore practical applications of generative AI in diverse fields such as art, media, chatbots, and healthcare.

Sl.No	Semester	Course Code	Professional Elective
1	V	BCA -DSE304	Big Data Analytics

Course outcomes:

CO1: Understand the fundamentals of big data and its ecosystem.
 CO2: Apply big data processing techniques using Hadoop and Spark.
 CO3: Analyze real-world datasets to extract meaningful insights.

Unit I: Introduction to Big Data

- What is Big Data?
- Characteristics of Big Data (5 Vs – Volume, Velocity, Variety, Veracity, Value)
- Traditional vs Big Data systems
- Challenges in big data management
- Applications of Big Data: Business, healthcare, IoT, social media

Unit II: Big Data Technologies Overview

- Big Data architecture and lifecycle
- Introduction to Hadoop ecosystem:
 - HDFS (Hadoop Distributed File System)
 - MapReduce programming model
- Overview of NoSQL databases:
 - Types: Key-value, Columnar, Document, Graph
 - Examples: MongoDB, Cassandra

Unit III: Hadoop Ecosystem Components

- Hadoop core components:
 - NameNode, DataNode
- YARN (Yet Another Resource Negotiator)
- HDFS commands and architecture
- Hadoop MapReduce: Concepts and example programs
- Introduction to Hive and Pig

Unit IV: Data Processing with Spark

- Introduction to Apache Spark
- Spark architecture and RDDs
- Spark vs Hadoop MapReduce
- Spark SQL basics
- PySpark: Working with DataFrames

Unit V: Data Analytics and Visualization

- Data wrangling and preparation
- Basic analytics with Python (NumPy, Pandas)
- Data visualization using:
 - Matplotlib
 - Seaborn

PO No.	Description
PO1	Understand the fundamental concepts, characteristics, challenges, and applications of Big Data across industries.
PO2	Gain knowledge of Big Data technologies including Hadoop architecture, HDFS, and the MapReduce programming model..
PO3	Explore and use components of the Hadoop ecosystem such as YARN, Hive, and Pig for Big Data processing.
PO4	Apply Apache Spark and PySpark for distributed data processing and perform operations using RDDs and DataFrames.
PO5	Perform data analytics and visualization using Python libraries like NumPy, Pandas, and Matplotlib for insightful data interpretation.

Sl.No	Semester	Course Code	Professional Elective
1	VI	BCA -DSE305	Predictive Analysis

Course Outcomes:

- CO1: Understand the concepts and lifecycle of predictive analytics
- CO2: Preprocess and prepare real-world data for predictive modeling
- CO3: Apply statistical and machine learning techniques for prediction

Unit I: Introduction to Predictive Analytics

- Definition and scope of predictive analytics
- Types of analytics: Descriptive, Diagnostic, Predictive, Prescriptive
- Importance of predictive modeling in decision-making
- Common real-world applications
- Predictive modeling lifecycle (data collection to deployment)

Unit II: Data Understanding and Preparation

- Types of data (structured, unstructured)
- Data cleaning and preprocessing techniques
- Handling missing data and outliers
- Feature selection and transformation
- Data splitting: training, validation, and test sets

Unit III: Statistical and Machine Learning Techniques

- Regression models:

- Linear Regression (continuous outcomes)
- Logistic Regression (binary classification)
- Classification algorithms:
 - Decision Trees
 - k-Nearest Neighbors (k-NN)
 - Naive Bayes
- Model evaluation metrics: Accuracy, Precision, Recall, F1-Score, ROC-AUC

Unit IV: Time Series Forecasting

- Introduction to time series and its components:
- Trend, Seasonality, Cyclical, Irregular
- ARIMA (AutoRegressive Integrated Moving Average)
- Exponential smoothing methods
- Forecasting error metrics: MAE, MAPE, RMSE

PO No.	Description
PO1	Understand the fundamental concepts, characteristics, challenges, and applications of Big Data across industries.
PO2	Gain knowledge of Big Data technologies including Hadoop architecture, HDFS, and the MapReduce programming model..
PO3	Explore and use components of the Hadoop ecosystem such as YARN, Hive, and Pig for Big Data processing.
PO4	Apply Apache Spark and PySpark for distributed data processing and perform operations using RDDs and DataFrames.
PO5	Perform data analytics and visualization using Python libraries like NumPy, Pandas, and Matplotlib for insightful data interpretation.

Sl.No	Semester	Course Code	Professional Elective
4	VI	BCA -AEC301	Soft Skill

Course Objective

CO1:

Learners will be able to demonstrate effective written and oral communication by applying vocabulary training, structured writing formats (letters, reports, emails).

CO2:

Learners will understand the significance of time management and apply practical techniques to enhance productivity.

CO3:

Learners will develop advanced communication skills including active listening, understanding and applying soft skills, improving interpersonal relationships, body language.

Unit 1 : Communication Skill

- Know your self
- Vocabulary Training
- Letter Writing
- Report Writing
- E Mail Writing
- Group Discussion

Unit 2 : Time Management

- Importance of Time Management,

- Ways to manage time in work
- Time Management for the

Unit 3 : Advanced of Communication Skill

- Active Listening Skill
- Knowledge of Soft Skill
- Identifying the Communication Barrier
- Interpersonal Skill
- Body Language

Unit 4 : Leadership Skill

- Managerial Skill
- Emotional Quotient and Emotional Intelligence
- Perception
- Problem Solving Quality
- positive attitude

Unit 5 : Industrial Know how

- Introduction to various job sectors
- Ethics at work place
- Introduction to performance evaluation
- Corporate culture

Unit6 : Interview Handling Session

- Dress Code
- Body Language
- Psychology of the Interviewer
- Pre Interview Preparation
- Mock Interview Session

PO No.	Description
PO1	Develop effective written and oral communication skills suitable for academic and professional settings.
PO2	Apply time management techniques to improve individual productivity and meet deadlines efficiently.
PO3	Enhance interpersonal and professional effectiveness through active listening, soft skills, and non-verbal communication.

Minimum eligibility criteria for opting the course in the fourth year will be as follows:

1. **BCA (Honours with Research):** BCA Degree
2. **For BCA (Honours):** BCA Degree

SEMESTER VII - (BCA (Honours))
Specialization – AI & ML

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credit
1	MDE401	Social Network Analysis	-	-	-	3
2	CC401	Optimization of ML	3	-	4	5
3	DSE401*	Professional Elective – VIII	3	-	4	5
4	DSE402*	Professional Elective – IX	-	-	-	3
5	SEC401	Dissertation work [evaluation in Eight semester]	-	-	-	-
6	SEC402	Summer Internship II	0	0	8	4
TOTAL						20

*L-T-P w.r.t Open Elective and Discipline Specific Elective depends on the Courses offered by the University

SEMESTER VII - (BCA (Honours))
Specialization – Data Science

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credit
1	MDE401	Advanced Statistical methods for Data Science	-	-	-	3
2	CC401	Python for Data Science	3	-	4	5
3	DSE401*	Professional Elective – VIII	3	-	4	5
4	DSE402*	Professional Elective – IX	-	-	-	3
5	SEC401	Dissertation work [evaluation in Eight semester]	-	-	-	-
6	SEC402	Summer Internship II	0	0	8	4
TOTAL						20

*L-T-P w.r.t Open Elective and Discipline Specific Elective depends on the Courses offered by the University

SEMESTER VIII - (BCA (Honours))

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credit
1	DSE403*	Professional Elective – X	3	-	4	5
2	DSE404*	Professional Elective – XI	3	-	4	5
3	DSE405*	Professional Elective – XII	2	-	-	2
4	SEC403	Dissertation work [Started in Seventh semester]	0	0	16	8
TOTAL						20

***L-T-P w.r.t Open Elective and Discipline Specific Elective depends on the Courses offered by the University**

SEMESTER VII - (BCA – (Honours with Research))

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credit
1	CC401	Advanced Data Analysis Tools	0	2	4	4
2	CC402	Research Methodology	2	2	0	4
3	CC403	Research Internship Report and Viva –Voce	0	0	8	4
4	DSEX	Professional Elective – IX	-	-	-	4
5	DSEX	Professional Elective – X	-	-	-	4
TOTAL						20

L-T-P w.r.t Open Elective and Discipline Specific Elective depends on the Courses offered by the University

SEMESTER VIII- (BCA –(Honours with Research))

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credit
1	SEC401	Dissertation (For Research Track)*	-	-	-	20
TOTAL						20

Proposed Streams with Discipline-Specific Electives (DSE)

Note: The following is indicative. Universities/Institutes may add streams / electives as per their specific requirements.

1. Data Science

Sl.No	Semester	Course Code	Professional Elective
1	III	DSE*201	Basics of Data Analytics using Spreadsheet
2	IV	DSE*202	Data Visualization
3	V	DSE301	Introduction to Data Science
4	V	DSE302	Time Series Analysis
5	V	DSE303	Machine Learning
6	VI	DSE304	Big Data Analytics
7	VI	DSE305	Exploratory Data Analysis
8	VII	DSE401	Business Intelligence & Analytics
9	VII	DSE402	Data Mining & Warehousing
10	VIII	DSE403	Advanced Data Visualization
11	VIII	DSE404	Cloud Computing for Data Analytics
12	VIII	DSE405	Data Security & Privacy

2. Artificial Intelligence & Machine Learning

Sl.No	Semester	Course Code	Professional Elective
1	III	DSE*201	Feature Engineering
2	IV	DSE*202	Introduction to ML
3	V	DSE301	Neural Network
4	V	DSE302	Digital Image Processing
5	V	DSE303	Natural Language Processing
6	VI	DSE304	Deep Learning for Computer Vision
7	VI	DSE305	Predictive Analysis
8	VII	DSE401	Explainable AI
9	VII	DSE402	Evolutionary Algorithm
10	VIII	DSE403	Speech Recognition
11	VIII	DSE404	Augmented Reality & Virtual Reality
12	VIII	DSE405	Security aspects of ML

Indian Knowledge Systems (IKS)

IKS-I: Indian Knowledge Systems and Traditions

Course Objectives

- To sensitize the students about context in which they are embedded i.e. Indian culture and civilisation including its Knowledge System and Tradition.
- To help student to understand the knowledge, art and creative practices, skills and values in ancient Indian system.
- To help to study the enriched scientific Indian heritage.
- To introduce the contribution from Ancient Indian system & tradition to modern science & Technology

Detailed contents:

Module 1: Introduction to IKS

(Any eight of total sessions assigned for Literary activity)

Introductory lecture on the **any eight** topics below:

1. Indian Knowledge System
2. Indian Culture & Civilization
3. Ancient Indian Chemistry
4. Ancient Indian Metallurgy
5. Ancient Indian Mathematics
6. Ancient Indian Astronomy
7. Indian Astronomical Instruments
8. Indian Knowledge System (Upveda: Ayurveda)
9. Indian Knowledge System (Upveda: Gandharveda)
10. Indian Knowledge System (Vedangas: Shiksha, Kalpa, Vyakrana)
11. Indian Knowledge System (Vedangas: Jyotisha, Nirukta, Chandas)
12. Indian Architecture I: Sthapatya-Veda
13. Indian Architecture II: Temples
14. Indian Architecture III: Town & Planning
15. Indian Philosophical System

Module 2: Introduction to Creative Practices

(Twenty Lectures with at least Five different topics of total session under Creative activity)

Introductory lecture on the topics below:

1. Dhātuvada: art of metallurgy
2. Akara jñāna: art of mineralogy
3. Vastuvidyā: art of engineering
4. Yantramātrika: art of mechanics
5. Takshana: art of carpentry
6. Chalitakayoga: art of practicing as a builder of shrines
7. Raupyaratnapariksha: art of testing silver and jewels
8. Maniraga jñāna: art of tinging jewels
Sūcivayakarma: art of needleworks and weaving

9. Vadya vidya: art of playing on musical instruments
10. Geet vidya : art of singing
11. Nritya vidya: art of dancing
12. Natya vidya: art of theatricals
13. Alekhya vidya: art of painting
14. Viseshakacchedya vidya: art of painting the face and body with color
15. Uadakavadya: art of playing on music in water
16. Manasi kavyakriya: art of composing verse
17. Bhushanayojana: art of applying or setting ornaments
18. Citrasakapupabhakshyavikarakriya: art of preparing varieties of delicious food
19. Dasanavasanangaraga: art of applying preparations for cleansing the teeth, cloths and painting the body
20. Utsadana: art of healing or cleaning a person with perfumes
21. Vastragopana: art of concealment of cloths
22. Balakakridanaka: art of using children's toys
23. Tandulakusumabalivikara: art of preparing offerings from rice and flowers
24. Pushpastarana: art of making a covering of flowers for a bed

References:

1. Textbook on IKS by Prof. B Mahadevan, IIM Bengaluru
2. Kapur K and Singh A.K (Eds) 2005). Indian Knowledge Systems, Vol. 1. Indian Institute of Advanced Study, Shimla. Tatvabodh of sankaracharya, Central chinmay mission trust, Bombay, 1995.
3. The Cultural Heritage of India. Vol.I. Kolkata:Ramakrishna Mission Publication, 1972.
4. Nair, Shantha N. Echoes of Ancient Indian Wisdom. New Delhi: Hindology Books, 2008.
5. Dr. R. C. Majumdar, H. C. Raychaudhuri and Kalikinkar Datta: An Advanced History of India (Second Edition) published by Macmillan & Co., Limited, London, 1953.
6. Rao, N. 1970. The Four Values in Indian Philosophy and Culture. Mysore: University of Mysore.
7. Avari, B. 2016. India: The Ancient Past: A History of the Indian Subcontinent from c. 7000 BCE to CE 1200. London: Routledge.

IKS-I: Indian Knowledge Systems and Traditions

Course Objectives

- To sensitize the students about context in which they are embedded i.e. Indian culture and civilisation including its Knowledge System and Tradition.
- To help student to understand the knowledge, art and creative practices, skills and values in ancient Indian system.
- To help to study the enriched scientific Indian heritage.
- To introduce the contribution from Ancient Indian system & tradition to modern science & Technology

Detailed contents:

Module 1: Introduction to IKS

(Any eight of total sessions assigned for Literary activity)

Introductory lecture on the **any eight** topics below:

1. Indian Knowledge System
2. Indian Culture & Civilization
3. Ancient Indian Chemistry
4. Ancient Indian Metallurgy
5. Ancient Indian Mathematics
6. Ancient Indian Astronomy
7. Indian Astronomical Instruments
8. Indian Knowledge System (Upveda: Ayurveda)
9. Indian Knowledge System (Upveda: Gandharveda)
10. Indian Knowledge System (Vedangas: Shiksha, Kalpa, Vyakrana)
11. Indian Knowledge System (Vedangas: Jyotisha, Nirukta, Chandas)
12. Indian Architecture I: Sthapatya-Veda
13. Indian Architecture II: Temples
14. Indian Architecture III: Town & Planning
15. Indian Philosophical System

Module 2: Introduction to Creative Practices

(Twenty Lectures with at least Five different topics of total session under Creative activity)

Introductory lecture on the topics below:

25. Dhatuvada: art of metallurgy
26. Akara jnana: art of mineralogy
27. Vastuvidya: art of engineering
28. Yantramatrika: art of mechanics
29. Takshana: art of carpentry
30. Chalitakayoga: art of practicing as a builder of shrines
31. Raupyaratnapariksha: art of testing silver and jewels
32. Maniraga jnana: art of tinging jewels

33. Sucivayakarma: art of needleworks and weaving
34. Vadya vidya: art of playing on musical instruments
35. Geet vidya : art of singing
36. Nritya vidya: art of dancing
37. Natya vidya: art of theatricals
38. Alekhya vidya: art of painting
39. Viseshakacchedya vidya: art of painting the face and body with color
40. Udakavadya: art of playing on music in water
41. Manasi kavyakriya: art of composing verse
42. Bhushanayojana: art of applying or setting ornaments
43. Citrasakapupabhakshyavikarakriya: art of preparing varieties of delicious food
44. Dasanavasanangaraga: art of applying preparations for cleansing the teeth, cloths and painting the body
45. Utsadana: art of healing or cleaning a person with perfumes
46. Vastragopana: art of concealment of cloths
47. Balakakridanaka: art of using children's toys
48. Tandulakusumabalivikara: art of preparing offerings from rice and flowers
49. Pushpastarana: art of making a covering of flowers for a bed

References:

8. Textbook on IKS by Prof. B Mahadevan, IIM Bengaluru
9. Kapur K and Singh A.K (Eds) 2005). Indian Knowledge Systems, Vol. 1. Indian Institute of Advanced Study, Shimla. Tatvabodh of sankaracharya, Central chinmay mission trust, Bombay, 1995.
10. The Cultural Heritage of India. Vol.I. Kolkata:Ramakrishna Mission Publication, 1972.
11. Nair, Shantha N. Echoes of Ancient Indian Wisdom. New Delhi: Hindology Books, 2008.
12. Dr. R. C. Majumdar, H. C. Raychaudhuri and Kalikinkar Datta: An Advanced History of India (Second Edition) published by Macmillan & Co., Limited, London, 1953.
13. Rao, N. 1970. The Four Values in Indian Philosophy and Culture. Mysore: University of Mysore.
14. Avari, B. 2016. India: The Ancient Past: A History of the Indian Subcontinent from c. 7000 BCE to CE 1200. London: Routledge.

IKS-II: Indian Culture and Civilization

Course Objectives

- To introduce fundamentals of Ancient Indian Educations to understand the pattern and purpose of studying vedas, vedangas, upangas, upveda, purana & Itihasa
- To help students to trace, identify and develop the ancient knowledge systems.
- To help to understand the apparently rational, verifiable and universal solution from ancient Indian knowledge system for the holistic development of physical, mental and spiritual wellbeing
- To build in the learners a deep rooted pride in Indian knowledge, committed to universal human right, well-being and sustainable development.

Detailed contents:

Module 1: Introduction to IKS

Caturdaśa Vidyāsthānam, 64 Kalas, Shilpa Śāstra, Four Vedas, Vedāṅga, Indian Philosophical Systems, Vedic Schools of Philosophy (Sāṃkhya and Yoga, Nyaya and Vaiśeṣika, Pūrva-Mīmāṃsā and Vedānta), Non-Vedic schools of Philosophical Systems (Cārvāka, Buddhist, Jain), Puranas (Maha-puranas, Upa-Puranas and Sthala-Puranas), Itihasa (Ramayana, Mahabharata), Niti Sastras, Subhasitas

Module 2: Foundation concept for Science & Technology

Linguistics & Phonetics in Sanskrit (panini's), Computational concepts in Astadhyayi Importance of Verbs, Role of Sanskrit in Natural Language Processing, Number System and Units of Measurement, concept of zero and its importance, Large numbers & their representation, Place Value of Numerals, Decimal System, Measurements for time, distance and weight, Unique approaches to represent numbers (Bhūta Sāṃkhya System, Kaṭapayādi System), Pingala and the Binary system, Knowledge Pyramid, Prameya – A Vaiśeṣikan approach to physical reality, constituents of the physical reality, Pramāṇa, Saṃśaya

Module 3: Indian Mathematics & Astronomy in IKS

Indian Mathematics, Great Mathematicians and their contributions, Arithmetic Operations, Geometry (Sulba Sutras, Aryabhatiya-bhasya), value of π , Trigonometry, Algebra, Chandah Sastra of Pingala,

Indian Astronomy, celestial coordinate system, Elements of the Indian Calendar Aryabhatiya and the Siddhantic Tradition Pancanga – The Indian Calendar System Astronomical Instruments (Yantras) Jantar Mantar or Raja Jai Singh Sawal.

Module 4: Indian Science & Technology in IKS [Duration: 8 Lectures]

Indian S & T Heritage ,sixty-four art forms and occupational skills (64 Kalas) Metals and Metalworking technology (Copper, Gold, Zinc, Mercury, Lead and Silver), Iron & Steel, Dyes and Painting Technology), Town & Planning Architecture in India, Temple Architecture, Vastu Sastra,

Module 5: Humanities & Social Sciences in IKS [Duration: 8 Lectures]

Health, Wellness & Psychology, Ayurveda Sleep and Food, Role of water in wellbeing Yoga way of life Indian approach to Psychology, the Triguna System Body-Mind-Intellect- Consciousness Complex. Governance, Public Administration & Management reference to ramayana, Artha Sastra, Kautilyan State

References:

1. Textbook on IKS by Prof. B Mahadevan, IIM Bengaluru.
2. Kapur K and Singh A. K (Eds) 2005). Indian Knowledge Systems, Vol. 1. Indian Institute of Advanced Study, Shimla. Tatvabodh of sankaracharya, Central chinmay mission trust, Bombay, 1995.
3. Nair, Shantha N. Echoes of Ancient Indian Wisdom. New Delhi: Hindology Books, 2008.
4. SK Das, The education system of Ancient hindus, Gyan publication house, India
5. BL Gupta, Value and distribution system in india, Gyan publication house, India University Press, 1931.
6. Radhakrishnan, S. *Principal Upanishads*. New York: Harper Collins, 1963.
7. Satprakashananda. *The Methods of Knowledge according to Advaita Vedanta*. Calcutta: Advaita Ashram, 2005.
8. Potter, K.H. *Encyclopaedia of Indian Philosophies*, Vol.III. Delhi: Motilal Banarasidass, 2000.

IKS-III: Indian Vision for Human Society (Vishva Kalyan thru Vasudhaiva Kutumbkam)

Course Objectives

- To help the learner to understand the concept of “vasudhaiva kutumbkam” and its realization process as an base for the development of vision for a humane society.
- To help to identify the universality in humans and its coexistence in existence
- To introduce the sense of responsibility, duties and participation of individual for establishment of fearless society.
- To help to understand the apparently rational, verifiable and universal solution from ancient Indian knowledge system for the holistic development of physical, mental and spiritual wellbeing of one and all, at the level of individual, society, nation and ultimately the whole world.

Detailed contents:

Module 1: The world view & Vision of Human Society

The concept of non-duality of Prakriti (Jad) and Purush (Chetana), human as coexistence of Jad & Chetan, Pancha-mahabhutas, the root of sorrow and suffering, freedom from sorrow, salvation, eternal peace truth (vyaharika satya), ultimate truth. The acceptance of various systems of philosophy for realization of truth and complementariness in society in ancient Indian system.

Module 2: Aspiration and Purpose of Individual and Human Society

Aims of Human life; at individual level and societal level. At societal level; Four purusarthas Dharma, Artha, Kama, Moksha. Individual level; Abhyudaya (progress),

Nihsreyasa (perfection) Pravrtti, Nivrtti. Dharma; Dharma sutras (Gautama, apastamba, baudhayana, vasistha). Dharma-Shastra; (manusmriti, naradamrti, visnusmrti, yajnavalkya smriti) sociology, different stages of life like studenthood, householdership, retirement and renunciation, rites and duties, judicial matters, and personal laws (Aachara, Vyavahara, Prayaschitta). Artha; Kautliya Arthashastra, Kamandakiya Nitisara, Brihaspati Sutra, Sukra Niti, Moksha: Human liberation (Ignorance to Knowledge)

Module 3: Program for Ensuring Human Purpose: at Individual and Societal level –I

Fundamental concept of Nitishastra: Satyanishtha Aur Abhiruchi (Ethics, Integrity & aptitude). The true nature of self; Shiksha Valli, Bhrigu Valli (concept of Atman-Brahman (self, soul). The true constitution of Human: Ananda Valli (Annamaya Kosha, Pranamaya Kosha, Manomaya Kosha, Vijnanamaya Kosha, Anandamaya Kosha). The four states of consciousness (Waking state, Dreaming state, Deep Sleep State, Turiya the fourth state), Consciousness (seven limbs and nineteen mouths), Prajna, Awareness. The Life Force *Prana* (Praana-Apaana-Vyaana-Udaana- Samaana)

Module 4: Program for Ensuring Human Purpose: at Individual and Societal level - II

Differentiating *Vidya* and *Avidya*, human bondages, Higher and Lower Knowledge (Para Vidhya & Apar Vidhya). Concept of Sattva, Rajas, Tamas and need of balancing the same, Patanjali yog sutra; Yama, Niyama, Asanas, pranayams, pratyahara, dharna, dhyana, Samadhi, Sixteen category of padartha, pramans (pratyaksh, anumana, upamana, shabda). Saadhana chatustayam (viveka, vairagya, mumukshatavam, shadsampathi (sama, dama, uparama, titiksha, shradha, samadhana), Understanding Nitya karma, Naimittika Karma, Kamya karma, prayaschitta karma, Nishidha Karma.

Meditation and Progressive meditation (Narada's education), Ativadin to self-knowledge, Jyan yog, Karma yog, sanyas yog in aspect to harmonious practice

in society

Module 5: Practices for Ensuring Human Purpose – III

Practice in philosophy, architecture, grammar, mathematics, astronomy, metrics, sociology, economy and polity, ethics, geography, logic, military science, weaponry, agriculture, mining, trade and commerce, metallurgy, shipbuilding, medicine, poetics, biology and veterinary science.

References:

1. Maharaj swami chidatmanjee, Ancient Indian Society, Anmol publication pt ltd, indi
2. S. C. Manerjee, Society in Ancient India: Evolution Since the Vedic Times Based on Sanskrit, Pali, Pakrit and Other Classical Sources: No. 1 (Reconstructing Indian History and Culture), DK printing, India
3. Rao, N. 1970. *The Four Values in Indian Philosophy and Culture*. Mysore: University of Mysore.
4. Chakraborti, K. 2001. Religious Process: The Puranas and the Making of Regional Tradition, Delhi, OUP.
5. Kuhn, T. 1970. *The Structure of Scientific Revolutions*, (2nd ed.). University of Chicago Press, USA.
6. Keith, A. (1925). *The religion and philosophy of the Veda and Upanishads*. Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass Publishers.
7. Shendge, M. (1977). *The civilized demons. The Harappans in Rgveda*. New Delhi: Abhinav Publications
8. Kane, P. 1941. *History of Dharmashastra*. Vol II, Part I. Poona: Bhandarkar Oriental Research Institute.
9. The Religion and Philosophy of the Veda and Upanishads. Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass.
10. Parpola, A. 2007. 'Human Sacrifice in India in Vedic Times and Before', Chapter VIII, in *The Strange World of Human Sacrifice*, ed., J. Bremmer. Leuven, Belgium: Peeters.

IKS-IV: Indian Science, Engineering and Technology (Past, Present and Future)

Course Objectives

- To familiarize learners with major sequential development in Indian science, engineering and technology.
- To review & strengthen the ancient discovery and research in physics, chemistry, maths, metallurgy, astronomy, architecture, textile, transport, agriculture and Ayurveda etc.
- To help students to trace, identify and develop the ancient knowledge systems to make meaningful contribution to development of science today
- To help to understand the apparently rational, verifiable and universal solution from ancient Indian knowledge system for the scientific, technological and holistic development of physical, mental and spiritual wellbeing.

Detailed contents:

Module 1: Indian Traditional Knowledge; Science and Practices

Introduction to the Science and way of doing science and research in India, Ancient Science in Intra & Inter Culture Dialogue & coevolution.

Traditional agricultural practices, Traditional water-harvesting practices, Traditional Livestock and veterinary Sciences Traditional Houses & villages, Traditional Forecasting, Traditional Ayurveda & plant based medicine, Traditional writing Technology

Module 2: Ancient Indian Science (Physics, Chemistry, Maths)

Physics in India: Vaisheshika darshan Atomic theory & law of motion, theory of panchmahabhoota, Brihath Shathaka (divisions of the time, unit of distance), bhaskaracharya (theory of gravity, surya siddhanta & sidhanta shriomani), Lilavati (gurutvakashan Shakti).

Chemistry in India Vatsyayana, Nagarjuna, Khanda, Al-Biruni, Vagbhaṭa – building of the ras-shala (laboratory), working arrangements of ras-shala, material and equipment, Yaśodhara Bhaṭṭa-process of distillation, apparatus, saranasamskara, saranataila

Mathematics in India: Baudhayana's Sulbasutras, Aryabhata, Bhaskaracharya-I, Severus Sebokht, Syria, Brahmagupta, Bhaskaracharya-II, Jyēṣṭhadeva

Module 3: Ancient Indian Science (metallurgy, Astronomy, Architecture)

Metallurgy in India: Survarṇa(gold) and its different types, prosperities, Rajata(silver), Tamra(copper), Loha(iron), Vanga(tin), Naga / sisa(lead), Pittala(brass)

Astronomy in India Vedang Jyotish, aryabhatta siddhanta, Mahabhaskriya, Laghubhaskariya, vatesvarasiddhanta, Sisyadhivrddhida, Grahashyay, Goladhyaya, Karabakutuhala (Aryabhaṭa, Varahamihira, Brahmagupta, Vaṭesvara, Bhaskara, Paramesvara, NilakaṇṭhaSomayaji, Jyeṣṭhadeva, ŚankaraVarman)

Architecture in India: Nagara (northern style), Vesara (mixed style), and Dravida (southern style), Indian vernacular architecture, Temple style, cave architecture, rock cut architecture, kalinga architecture, chandels architecture, rajput architecture, jain architecture, sikh architecture, Maratha architecture Indo-Islamic architectural, Indo-Saracenic revival architecture, Greco Buddhist style.

Module 4: Ancient Indian Science (Textile, Agriculture, Transport)

Textile Technology in India: Cotton (natural cellulose fiber), silk, wool (natural protein fibers), bast and leaf fibers, mridhudhautadhupitambaram (meaning a practice of fumigating the fabric with incense smoke before use as a part of the finishing process), sitadhautavasana-yugala (bleached white—a finishing process); suchhastah, sutradharah (needle and thread – tools for stitching). dyeing, washing spinning and weaving technology, Agriculture in India: krishisuktas, Krishiparashara, Brihatsamhita, Types of crops, Manures, Types of land- devamatraka, nadimatraka, use of animals in warfare, animal husbandry, Animals for medicines. Ancient transport in India

Module 5: Ancient Indian Science (Ayurveda & Yoga)

Ayurveda for Life, Health and Well-being: Introduction to Ayurveda: understanding Human body and Pancha maha bhuta, the communication between body & mind, health

regimen for wellbeing, introduction to yoga (raja yoga, astang yoga, gyan yoga), understanding of Indian psychological concept, consciousness, tridosha & triguna.

References:

1. Textbook on IKS by Prof. B Mahadevan, IIM Bengaluru.
2. Kapur K and Singh A.K (Eds) 2005). Indian Knowledge Systems, Vol. 1. Indian Institute of Advanced Study, Shimla. Tatvabodh of sankaracharya, Central chinmay mission trust, Bombay, 1995.
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- Felicitation Volume), publication division unieristy of Calicut, 2006
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 10. R N Basu, T K Bose, CS, Cakraborty History of Science in India - Agricultural Science (Volume V), the national academy of science, India & the ramkrishna mission institute of culture 2014
 11. A Gosh, History of Science in India (Volume-I Part-II Astronomy), the national academy of science, India & the ramkrishna mission institute of culture, 2014
 12. Dharmpal, Indian science and technology in the eighteen century, rashtrottahana sahitya, 1983
 13. S Biswal, B L ray, vedic Science and technology, DK Print world, 2009
 14. A.K Bag, Histroy of technology in Indian (Set 3 vol), Indian Nation Science Academy, 1997.
 15. AR vasudev Murty, Science and Technology in Ancient India as Reflected in the Mahabharata, Sanskrit bharati, 2019

IKS-VI: Indian Mathematics and Astronomy

Course Objectives

- To provide information about great mathematicians and astronomers who given significant contribution in Indian mathematics and astronomy.
- To help students to trace, identify, practice and develop the significant Indian mathematic and astronomical knowledge.
- To help to understand the astronomic significance with the human holistic development of physical, mental and spiritual wellbeing
- Enumerate the main characteristics of education system in Vedic and post Vedic period to enrich the intellectual imagination and diminish the dogmatic assurance which closes the mind against speculation

Detailed contents:

Module 1: The Introduction to Ancient Mathematics & Astronomy

Introduction to Brief introduction of inception of Mathematics & Astronomy from vedic periods. Details of different authors who has given mathematical & astronomical sutra (e.g. arytabhatta, bhaskara, brahmagupta, varamahira, budhyana, yajanvlkya, panini, pingala,

bharat muni, sripati, mahaviracharya, madhava, Nilakantha somyaji, jyeshthadeva, bhaskara-II, shridhara)

Periodical enlisting of Mathematical & Astrological achievement in India. Evolution of Indian Numerals (Brahmi (1st century), Gupta (4th century) & Devanagri Script (11th century)

Module 2: Ancient Mathematics –I

Veda & Sulvasutras (Pythagoras theorem, Square root & Squaring Circle) (baudhayana sulbhasutra, apastamba sulbhasutra, katyayana sulbhasutra, manava sulbhasutra, maitrayana sulbhasutra, varaha sulbhasutra, vadhula sulbhasutra , Pingala's chandasutras, sunya, yaat-tavat, Aryabhata (Aryabhatiya, Asanna, ardha-jya, kuttaka,), bhaskara (trigonometry,shridhara, mahavira), Bhaskara Acharya (Sidhantashiromani), Varamahira panchasiddhantika.

Module 3: Ancient Mathematics –II

Brahmagupta (vargaprakrati, bhramasphuta siddhanta, bhavana), ayatavrtta, ganitasarasamgraha, lilavathi, ganesadaivajna, randavantika, suryasiddhanta, grahalaghava, sadratnamala, mandavrtta, sigrartta, Bijaganita, Bakshali manuscript

Golavada, Madhyamanayanaprakara, Mahajyanayanaprakara (Method of Computing Great Sines), Lagnaprakarana, Venvaroha, Sphutacandrapti, Aganita-grahacara , Chandravakyani (Table of Moon-mnemonics)

Module 4: Ancient Astronomy –I

Parahita system of astronomy and drk system of astronomy, Manda samskara, sighra samskara.

Vedanga Jyotisha (astronomical calculations, calendrical studies, and establishes rules for empirical observation), Aryabhatiya (earth rotation, shining of moon), Brahmasphutasiddhanta (motion of planets), varahmihira (pancasiddhantika), Mahabhaskariya, lahubbaskariya & aryabhatiya bhashya (Planetary longitudes, heliacal rising and setting of the planets, conjunctions among the planets and stars, solar and lunar eclipses, and the phases of the Moon), Sisyaadiveddhida (grahadhyaya, goladhyaya), siddhantasiromani, karanakutuhala (planetary positions, conjunctions, eclipses, cosmography), siddhantasekhara, yantra-kirnavali, Sphutanirṇaya, Uparagakriyakrama.

Module 5: Ancient Astronomy –II

Positional astronomy (sun, planets, moon, coordinate systems, precision of the equinox and its effects, eclipses, comets and meteors), Mahayuga & Kalpa system Yuga system, ayanas, months, tithis and seasons, time units, sun and moon's motion, planet position, ayanachalana, zero-precision year, katapayaadi system, Indian nakshatra system, astronomy

Instruments for naked eye astronomy (vedic observatories). The principal and application of Samrat Yantra, Jai Prakash Yantra, Disha Yantra, Rama Yantra, Chakra Yantra, Rashiwalya Yantra, Dingash Yantra, Utaansh Yantra

IKS-VII: Indian Aesthetics (including Music and Music Instruments)

Course Objectives

- To provide information about the foundations of Indian aesthetics as integral part of Indian culture
- To help to understand the importance of Indian aesthetics in individual realization of the truth arises by realizing the harmony within.
- To help learner to trace, identify and develop the Indian aesthetics to correlate human creative practices
- To build the learners a deep rooted pride in Indian aesthetic knowledge, committed to universal human right, well-being and sustainable development.

Detailed contents:

Module 1: The Introduction to Indian Aesthetics

The nature of aesthetics, principle, its relation to philosophy and literature: Indian traditions. Sadanga its origin and Applications of Six limbs in Indian Aesthetics Introduction to Alamkara, Rasa, Dhvani, Vakrokti, Auchitya

Module 2: Ancient Music and Music Instruments-I

Rasa Siddhanta, the concept of Rasa, constituent of rasa (Bhav, abhinay, Sthayibhava, Vibhava, Vyabhicharibhava), number of rasa, Rasasvadana Bharata's Natya Shastra and its Critics, Abhinavagupta's Rasa Siddhanta., Kāvya-prayojana, Sādhāranīkarana, Sahrdaya, Rasavighna.

DhvaniSiddhanta, the Concept of Dhvani, Sphota, Pratibhā, classification of dhvani (Laukika Vyangya, Alaukika Vyangya, Avivaksita Vacya, Vivaksitanyapara Vacya) Anandavardana's Dhanyaloka, with reference to Abhidha, lakshana, Vyanjana and Tatpary, extension of dhvani siddhanta to music, dance and drama.

Alamkara Siddhanta, proponent, classification of alamkara, sabdalamkara (Anuprāsa, Yamaka, Ślesha, Dhvanyātmakatā), Arthālamkāra (Upamā, Drstanta, Virodha)

Module 3: Ancient Music and Music Instruments-II

VakroktiSiddhanta, Kuntaka's Vakroktijivita, Classification of Vakrokti (Varna-vinyasa vakrata (Phonetic Obliquity), Pada-purvardha vakrata (Lexical Obliquity) & Pada-parardha vakrata (Grammatical Obliquity), Vakya-vakrata (Sentential obliquity), Prakarana-vakrata (Episodic obliquity), Prabandha-vakrata (Compositional obliquity))

Different Classes of Musical Instrument as per Natyashastra of Bharat, Gana Vadya, Avanaddha Vadya, sushira vadya, tata/tantu vadya.

Brief introduction to following indian instruments

Veena, Ghatam, Gootuvadhyam, Flute, Thavil, Nadaswaram, Mridangam, Plain-

drum, Harmonium, Sitar, Sarod, Shehnai, Tabla, Maddalam, violin, morsing, Tambura.

Module 4: Ancient Dance & Drama

Natyaveda: inception from Veda (pathya words(rigveda), abhinaya gestures (Yajurveda), geet music (samaveda), rasa emotions (atharvaveda), Natya Shastra, Nata-nritya, geet- nritya, roop-nritya, bhav-nritya

Indian traditional and folk dances (bharatnatyam, kuchipudi, kathakali, yakshagan, Bhangra, Bihu, Ghumura Dance, Sambalpuri, Chhau and Garba

Module 5: Ancient Art

Architecture, sculptures & popular art forms of Pallava& Cholas period, Chalukya & Rastrakuta period, Chandela/Hosalya period, Rajput period. Rock cut architecture, cave architecture, stupa, temples, sculpture

Hindu Shilpa texts as per Vishnudharmotara-puran, Samaranana, Sutracharana, Sukranitisara, Silparatham

Reference:

1. History of Indian Music by Swami Prajananda, Ram Krishna vedanta math, Kolkata
2. Prof. P. Sambomorthy: A History of Indian Music, published by the Indian Music Publishing House, Madras-1.
3. Hulgur Krishnacharya (Hubli: Introduction to the Study, of Bharatiya Sangita-Sastra, pts. I & II in the Journal of the Music Academy, Madras, vol. I, January, 1930.
4. Lalita Ramkrishna, Ancient Indian Classical Music, shubhi publications

IKS-VIII: Indian Health, Wellness and Psychology (including Ayurved)

Course Objectives

- Understanding the fundamental principles of Indian health systems such as Ayurveda and yoga which are useful in maintaining the health of a healthy person
- Practical implementation of health principles to correct the intake of our food, air, water and sunlight to achieve perfect health.
- Understanding traditional way of cleansing the body regularly, strengthening body with Yogic exercises, maintaining the internal balance to prevent diseases.
- Understanding our unique Mind Body Constitution and choosing the right lifestyle suitable to maintain the internal balance.
- Understanding the influence of external environment on internal health and ways to synchronise our body and mind with nature to ensure smooth functioning of all organ systems of our body.
- Understanding mind and its dynamics through knowledge of Ayurveda and

Yoga and using the knowledge to maintain harmony between body and mind to achieve perfect mental health.

Detailed contents:

Module 1: Understanding human body [Duration: 8 Lectures]

Introduction to Ayurveda, the Knowledge of Life, Health and treatment aspects in Ayurveda, Influence of Pancha maha bhuta on Internal environment of Human being, Understanding composition of Human body through the concept of Dosha Dhatu Mala, Understanding Prakruthi , the Mind – Body Constitution.

Module 2: Understanding the communication between body & Mind

Establishing communication between body and mind by understanding the language of body. Understanding the concept of Agni, Koshta, Sara and Ojas and their relevance in enhancing our immunity to protect from various infections. Looking at the world through the lenses of Dravya, Guna and Karma Applying the principle of Samanya and Vishesha in every aspect of life to achieve perfect health.

Module 3: Introduction to Health Regimen

Understanding Swastha vritta, the healthy regimen to maintain state of wellbeing Dinacharya, the Daily regimen including Daily detoxification, exercise, Intake of Food, Water, Air and Sunlight, work and ergonomics, Rest and sleep hygiene. Ritu charya, the seasonal regimen, Sadvritta and the concept of social wellbeing, understanding trividha upastambhas, three pillars to health, Concept of Shadrasa in choosing appropriate nourishment to the body and mind.

Module 4: Introduction to Yoga

Definition, Meaning and objectives of Yoga, Relevance of yoga in modern age. Brief Introduction of Hatha yoga, Raja yoga, Karma yoga, Gyana Yoga, Bhakti yoga Understanding eight steps of Ashtanga yoga, Understanding Shatkriyas , the six cleansing procedures of Yoga

Module 5: Introduction to Indian Psychology

Concept of Manas in Ayurveda and understanding Mind Body harmony, Triguna based Psychology in Ayurveda and Yoga, Influence of Tri dosha on Mind, Mind body intellect and consciousness complex, Understanding Consciousness and solution to issues within Human Mind.

Reference:

1. The Charaka Samhita
2. The Susruta Samhita
3. Teh Ashtanga Hridaya

Appendix – I

A Guide to Induction Program

1. Introduction

(Induction Program was discussed and approved for all colleges by AICTE in March 2017. It was discussed and accepted by the Council of IITs for all IITs in August 2016. It was originally proposed by a Committee of IIT Directors and accepted at the meeting of all IIT Directors in March 2016.¹ This guide has been prepared based on the Report of the Committee of IIT Directors and the experience gained through its pilot implementation in July 2016 as accepted by the Council of IITs. Purpose of this document is to help institutions in understanding the spirit of the accepted Induction Program and implementing it.)

Engineering colleges were established to train graduates well in the branch/department of admission, have a holistic outlook, and have a desire to work for national needs and beyond.

The graduating student must have knowledge and skills in the area of his study. However, he must also have broad understanding of society and relationships. Character needs to be nurtured as an essential quality by which he would understand and fulfill his responsibility as an engineer, a citizen and a human being. Besides the above, several meta-skills and underlying values are needed.

There is a mad rush for engineering today, without the student determining for himself his interests and his goals. This is a major factor in the current state of demotivation towards studies that exists among UG students.

The success of gaining admission into a desired institution but failure in getting the desired branch, with peer pressure generating its own problems, leads to a peer environment that is demotivating and corrosive. Start of hostel life without close parental supervision at the same time, further worsens it with also a poor daily routine.

To come out of this situation, a multi-pronged approach is needed. One will have to work closely with the newly joined students in making them feel comfortable, allow them to explore their academic interests and activities, reduce competition and make them work for excellence, promote bonding within them, build relations between teachers and students, give a broader view of life, and build character.

¹A Committee of IIT Directors was setup in the 152nd Meeting of IIT Directors on 6th September 2015 at IIT Patna, on how to motivate undergraduate students at IITs towards studies, and to develop verbal ability. The Committee submitted its report on 19th January 2016. It was considered at the 153rd Meeting of all IIT Directors at IIT Mandi on 26 March 2016, and the accepted report came out on 31 March 2016. The Induction Program was an important recommendation, and its pilot was implemented by three IITs, namely, IIT(BHU), IIT Mandi and IIT Patna in July 2016. At the 50th meeting of the Council of IITs on 23 August 2016, recommendation on the Induction Program and the report of its pilot implementation were discussed and the program was accepted for all IITs.

2. Induction Program

When new students enter an institution, they come with diverse thoughts, backgrounds and preparations. It is important to help them adjust to the new environment and inculcate in them the ethos of the institution with a sense of larger purpose. Precious little is done by most of the institutions, except for an orientation program lasting a couple of days.

We propose a 3-week long induction program for the UG students entering the institution, right at the start. Normal classes start only after the induction program is over. Its purpose is to make the students feel comfortable in their new environment, open them up, set a healthy daily routine, create bonding in the batch as well as between faculty and students, develop awareness, sensitivity and understanding of the self, people around them, society at large, and nature.²

The time during the Induction Program is also used to rectify some critical lacunas, for example, English background, for those students who have deficiency in it.

The following are the activities under the induction program in which the student would be fully engaged throughout the day for the entire duration of the program.

²Induction Program as described here borrows from three programs running earlier at different institutions: (1) Foundation Program running at IIT Gandhinagar since July 2011, (2) Human Values course running at IIIT Hyderabad since July 2005, and (3) Counselling Service or mentorship running at several IITs for many decades. Contribution of each one is described next.

IIT Gandhinagar was the first IIT to recognize and implement a special 5-week Foundation Program for the incoming 1st year UG students. It took a bold step that the normal classes would start only after the five week period. It involved activities such as games, art, etc., and also science and other creative workshops and lectures by resource persons from outside.

IIIT Hyderabad was the first one to implement a compulsory course on Human Values. Under it, classes were held by faculty through discussions in small groups of students, rather than in lecture mode. Moreover, faculty from all departments got involved in conducting the group discussions under the course. The content is non-sectarian, and the mode is dialogical rather than sermonising or lecturing. Faculty were trained beforehand, to conduct these discussions and to guide students on issues of life.

Counselling at some of the IITs involves setting up mentor-mentee network under which 1st year students would be divided into small groups, each assigned a senior student as a student guide, and a faculty member as a mentor. Thus, a new student gets connected to a faculty member as well as a senior student, to whom he/she could go to in case of any difficulty whether psychological, financial, academic, or otherwise. The Induction Program defined here amalgamates all the three into an integrated whole, which leads to its high effectiveness in terms of building physical activity, creativity, bonding, and character. It develops sensitivity towards self and one's relationships, builds awareness about others and society beyond the individual, and also in bonding with their own batch-mates and a senior student besides a faculty member.

Scaling up the above amalgamation to an intake batch of 1000 plus students was done at IIT(BHU), Varanasi starting from July 2016.

2.1. Physical Activity

This would involve a daily routine of physical activity with games and sports. It would start with all students coming to the field at 6 am for light physical exercise or yoga. There would also be games in the evening or at other suitable times according to the local climate. These would help develop team work. Each student should pick one game and learn it for three weeks. There could also be gardening or other suitably designed activity where labour yields fruits from nature.

2.2. Creative Arts

Every student would choose one skill related to the arts whether visual arts or performing arts. Examples are painting, sculpture, pottery, music, dance etc. The student would pursue it every day for the duration of the program.

These would allow for creative expression. It would develop a sense of aesthetics and also enhance creativity which would, hopefully, flow into engineering design later.

2.3. Universal Human Values

It gets the student to explore oneself and allows one to experience the joy of learning, stand up to peer pressure, take decisions with courage, be aware of relationships with colleagues and supporting staff in the hostel and department, be sensitive to others, etc. Need for character building has been underlined earlier. A module in Universal Human Values provides the base.

Methodology of teaching this content is extremely important. It must not be through do's and don'ts, but get students to explore and think by engaging them in a dialogue. It is best taught through group discussions and real life activities rather than lecturing. The role of group discussions, however, with clarity of thought of the teachers cannot be over emphasized. It is essential for giving exposure, guiding thoughts, and realizing values.

The teachers must come from all the departments rather than only one department like HSS or from outside of the Institute. Experiments in this direction at IIT(BHU) are noteworthy and one can learn from them.³

Discussions would be conducted in small groups of about 20 students with a faculty mentor each. It is to open thinking towards the self. Universal Human Values discussions could even continue for rest of the semester as a normal course, and not stop with the induction program.

Besides drawing the attention of the student to larger issues of life, it would build relationships between teachers and students which last for their entire 4-year stay and possibly beyond.

³The Universal Human Values Course is a result of a long series of experiments at educational institutes starting from IIT-Delhi and IIT Kanpur in the 1980s and 1990s as an elective course, NIT Raipur in late 1990s as a compulsory one-week off campus program. The courses at IIT(BHU) which started from July 2014, are taken and developed from two compulsory courses at IIIT Hyderabad first introduced in July 2005.

2.4. Literary

Literary activity would encompass reading, writing and possibly, debating, enacting a play etc.

2.5. Proficiency Modules

This period can be used to overcome some critical lacunas that students might have, for example, English, computer familiarity etc. These should run like crash courses, so that when normal courses start after the induction program, the student has overcome the lacunas substantially. We hope that problems arising due to lack of English skills, wherein students start lagging behind or failing in several subjects, for no fault of theirs, would, hopefully, become a thing of the past.

2.6. Lectures by Eminent People

This period can be utilized for lectures by eminent people, say, once a week. It would give the students exposure to people who are socially active or in public life.

2.7. Visits to Local Area

A couple of visits to the landmarks of the city, or a hospital or orphanage could be organized. This would familiarize them with the area as well as expose them to the under privileged.

2.8. Familiarization to Dept./Branch & Innovations

The students should be told about different method of study compared to coaching that is needed at IITs. They should be told about what getting into a branch or department means what role it plays in society, through its technology. They should also be shown the laboratories, workshops & other facilities.

3. Schedule

The activities during the Induction Program would have an Initial Phase, a Regular Phase and a Closing Phase. The Initial and Closing Phases would be two days each.

3.1. Initial Phase

Day	Time	Activity
Day 0	Whole Day	Students Arrive – Hostel Allotment (Preferably do pre-allotment)
Day 1	09:00 AM – 03:00 PM	Academic Registration
	04:30 PM – 06:00 PM	Orientation
Day 2	09:00 AM – 10:00 AM	Diagnostic test (for English etc.)
	10:00 AM – 12:25 PM	Visit to respective depts.
	12:30 PM – 01:55 PM	Lunch
	02:00 PM – 02:55 PM	Director's address
	03:00 PM – 03:30 PM	Interaction with parents
	03:30 PM – 05:00 PM	Mentor-Mentee Groups - Introduction within group. (Same as Universal Human Values Group)

3.2. Regular Phase

After two days is the start of the Regular Phase of Induction. With this phase there would be regular program to be followed every day.

3.2.1. Daily Schedule

Some of the activities are on a daily basis, while some others are at specified periods within the Induction Program. We first show a typical daily timetable.

DAY 3 Onwards

Session	Time	Activity	Remarks
	06:00 AM	Wake up Call	
I	06:30 AM – 07:10 AM	Physical Activity (Mild Exercise / Yoga)	
	07:15 AM – 08:55 AM	Bath, Breakfast etc.	
II	09:10 AM – 10:55 AM	Creative Arts / Universal Human Values	Half the groups do creative arts
III	11:00 AM – 12:55 PM	Creative Arts / Universal Human Values	Complementary Alternate Groups
	01:00 PM – 02:25 PM	Lunch	
IV	02:30 PM – 03:55 PM	Afternoon Session	See below
V	04:00 PM – 05:00 PM	Afternoon Session	See below
	05:00 PM – 05:25 PM	Break / Light Tea	
VI	05:30 PM – 06:45 PM	Games / Special Lectures	
	06:50 PM – 08:25 PM	Rest and Dinner	
VII	08:30 PM – 09:25 PM	Informal Interactions (In hostels)	

Sundays are off. Saturdays have the same schedule as above or have outings.

3.2.2. Afternoon Activities (Non-Daily)

The following five activities are scheduled at different times of the Induction Program, and are not held daily for everyone:

1. Familiarization to Dept./Branch & Innovations
2. Visits to Local Area
3. Lectures by Eminent People
4. Literary
5. Proficiency Modules

Here is the approximate activity schedule for the afternoons (may be changed to suit local needs):

Session	Activity	Remarks
IV	Familiarization with Dept./Branch & Innovations	For 3 Days (Day 3 to Day 5)
IV, V and VI	Visit to Local Area	For 3 Days – interspersed (e.g. Saturdays)

IV	Lectures by Eminent People	As scheduled 3-5 lectures
IV	Literary (Play / Literature / Book Reading)	For 3-5 Days
V	Proficiency Modules	Daily, but only for those who need it.

3.3. Closing Phase

Day	Time	Activity
Last But One Day	08:30 AM – 12:00 PM	Discussions and finalization of presentation within each group
	02:00 AM -05:00 PM	Presentation by each group in front of 4 other groups besides their own (about 100 students)
Last Day	Whole Day	Examinations (if any). May be extended to last 2 days, in case needed.

3.4. Follow Up after Closure

A question comes up as to what would be the follow up program after the formal 3-week Induction Program is over? The groups which are formed should function as mentor-mentee network. A student should feel free to approach his faculty mentor or the student guide, when facing any kind of problem, whether academic or financial or psychological etc. (For every 10 undergraduate first year students, there would be a senior student as a student guide, and for every 20 students, there would be a faculty mentor.) Such a group should remain for the entire 4-5-year duration of the stay of the student. Therefore, it would be good to have groups with the students as well as teachers from the same department/discipline⁴.

Here we list some important suggestions which have come up and which have been experimented with:

3.4.1. Follow Up after Closure – Same Semester

It is suggested that the groups meet with their faculty mentors once a month, within the semester after the 3-week Induction Program is over. This should be a scheduled meeting shown in the timetable. (The groups are of course free to meet together on their own more often, for the student groups to be invited to their faculty mentor's home for dinner or tea, nature walk, etc.)

3.4.2. Follow Up – Subsequent Semesters

It is extremely important that continuity be maintained in subsequent semesters.

It is suggested that at the start of the subsequent semesters (up to fourth semester), three days be set aside for three full days of activities related to follow up to Induction Program. The students be shown inspiring films, do collective art work, and group discussions be conducted. Subsequently, the groups should meet at least once a month.

4. Summary

Engineering institutions were set up to generate well trained manpower in engineering with a feeling of responsibility towards oneself, one's family, and society. The incoming undergraduate students are driven by their parents and society to join engineering without understanding their own interests and talents. As a result, most students fail to link up with the goals of their own institution.

The graduating student must have values as a human being, and knowledge and meta- skills related to his/her profession as an engineer and as a citizen. Most students who get demotivated to study engineering or their branch, also lose interest in learning.

The Induction Program is designed to make the newly joined students feel comfortable, sensitize them towards exploring their academic interests and activities, reducing competition and making them work for excellence, promote bonding within them, build relations between teachers and students, give a broader view of life, and building of character.

The Universal Human Values component, which acts as an anchor, develops awareness and sensitivity, feeling of equality, compassion and oneness, draw attention to society and nature, and character to follow through. It also makes them reflect on their relationship with their families and extended family in the college (with hostel staff and others). It also connects students with each other and with teachers so that they can share any difficulty they might be facing and seek help.

References:

Motivating UG Students Towards Studies, Rajeev Sangal, IITBHU Varanasi, Gautam Biswas, IIT Guwahati, Timothy Gonsalves, IIT Mandi, Pushpak Bhattacharya, IIT Patna, (Committee of IIT Directors).
31 March 2016, IIT Directors' Secretariat, IIT Delhi.