



Estd. Under Jharkhand State Private University Act, 2018

Department of Management

Master of Business Administration (MBA) Course Curriculum ESID (with CO,PO Structure) 18

w.e.f. 2018



NETAJI SUBHAS UNIVERSITY

DEPARTMENT OF MANAGEMENT

MBA PROGRAMME DETAILED SYLLABUS Under CBCS Curriculum (W.E.F. 2018)

Jor. Head

Department of Management Netaji Subhas University



Kome

Dean Academics Netaji Subhas University Jamshedpur, Jharkhand

MBA Program Outline

The Master of Business Administration (M.B.A.) program is designed to equip students with managerial, analytical, and leadership skills necessary for success in a dynamic business environment. The program follows a structured curriculum divided into four semesters, incorporating core courses, electives, practical training, and industry exposure.

Program Structure

- 1. Duration:
 - o The M.B.A. program spans two years, divided into four semesters.
- 2. Core Courses & Labs (Semester I & II):
 - The first two semesters consist of fourteen core courses covering fundamental business disciplines.
 - Additionally, students undertake:
 - Two laboratory classes focused on business communication.
 - One personality development lab to enhance soft skills and leadership qualities.
 - One software lab for technological proficiency and business analytics.

3. Summer Internship Program (SIP):

- After the completion of Semester II, students must undergo a 8-week Summer Training in a professional organization. The , students are required to complete a Summer Internship Project (SIP), which integrates academic knowledge with industry exposure.
- Upon completion, students must submit and present a detailed report based on their industry experience.

4. Dual Specialization (Semester III & IV):

- o Students must opt for **Dual Specialization** by selecting two functional areas from the following:
 - a) Financial Management
 - b) Information Technology
 - c) Marketing Management
 - d) Human Resource Management
 - e) Supply Chain-Management

5. Elective Courses (Semester III & IV):

- Each student must select four electives from each of the two chosen specializations.
- This results in a total of eight elective courses, with:
 - Two electives in Semester/III for each specialization.
 - Two electives in Semester IV for each specialization.

6. Evaluation Criteria

Criteria	Description	Maximum Marks
	Internal Examination	20
Internal Assessment (Summative)	Attendance	05
	Assignments	05
End Term Exam (Summative)	End Term Examination	70
Total	-	100

Attendance Requirement (Formative Assessment):

- A minimum of 75% attendance is required for students to qualify for the End Semester Examination.
- The allowance of 25% includes all types of leaves, including medical leaves, as per university evaluation criteria.



MASTERS OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION (MBA)

NETAJI SUBHAS UNIVERSITY

1st to 4th Semester

First Semester

Paper Code	Paper Name	Credit	L-P-T	Internal	External	Total Marks
MBA 01-QT 001	Quantitative Techniques	4	3-0-1	30	70	100
MBA 01-MM 002	Marketing Management	4	3-0-1	30	70	100
MBA 01-OB 003	Management Process & Organizational Behavior	4	3-0-1	30	70	100
MBA 01-AC 004	Accounting For Managers	4	3-0-1	30	70	100
MBA 01-ME 005	Managerial Economics	4	3-0-1	30	70	100
MBA 01- BL 006	Business Communication	3	2-0-1	20	30	50
MBA 01-CA 007	Computer Application in Management	3	2-0-1	20	30	50
	TOTAL	26		190	410	600

Second Semester

Paper Code	Paper Name	Credit	L-P-T	Internal	External	Total
	8					Marks
MBA 02- BL 008	Business Law	4	3-0-1	30	70	100
MBA 02-HR 009	Human Resource Management	4	3-0-1	30 -	70	100
MBA 02-POR 010	Production & Operation Research	4	3-0-1	30	70	100
MBA 02-FM 011	Financial Management	Shat Un	3-0-1	30	70	100

MBA 02-RM 012	Research Methodology	4	3-0-1	30	70	100
MBA 02-IT 013	Decision Support System and Management Information System	4	3-0-1	30	70	100
	TOTAL	24		180	420	600

Third Semester

Paper Code	Paper Name	Credit	L-P-T	Internal	External	Total Marks
MBA 03-IE 014	Indian Economy(CORE)	4	3-0-1	30	70	100
MBA03-OEC 015	Organization Effectiveness and Change(CORE)	4	3-0-1	30	70	100
MBA 03-PS 016	Project viva on SIP	3	0-0-34	30	70	100

SELECT ANY TWO SPECIALIZATIONS

(DUAL SPECIALIZATION: 2 PAPERS FROM ONE SPECIALIZATION AND 2 PAPERS FROM ANOTHER SPECIALIZATION)

	Third Semest	er			
S	pecialization Pa	iper			
Paper Name	Credit	L-P-T	Internal	External	Total Marks
		-	¥.		
Advertising & Sales Management	4	3-0-1	30	70	100
International Marketing	4	3-0-1	30	70	100
	8		60	140	200
Security Analysis and Portfolio Management	4 Johas	3-0-1	30	70	100
	Paper Name Advertising & Sales Management International Marketing Security Analysis and	Specialization Paper Name Credit Advertising & Sales 4 Management 4 International Marketing 4 Security Analysis and 4	Specialization Paper Paper Name Credit L-P-T Advertising & Sales 4 3-0-1 Management 4 3-0-1 International Marketing 4 3-0-1 8 3-0-1 3-0-1 Security Analysis and Portfolio Management 4 3-0-1	Specialization PaperPaper NameCreditL-P-TInternalAdvertising & Sales43-0-130Management43-0-130International Marketing43-0-130860860Security Analysis and43-0-130Portfolio Management43-0-130	Specialization PaperPaper NameCreditL-P-TInternalExternalAdvertising & Sales43-0-13070Management43-0-13070International Marketing43-0-13070860140Security Analysis and Portfolio Management43-0-13070

MBA 03-FM 02	Tax Management	4	3-0-1	30	70	100
		8		60	140	200
HUMAN RESOUR	CE					
MBA 03-HR 01	Training and Development	4	3-0-1	30	70	100
MBA 03-HR 02	Labor Law	4	3-0-1	30	70	100
		8		60	140	200
INFORMATION TE	CHNOLOGY		I		1	
MBA 03-IT 01	Data Communication and Networking	4	3-0-1	30	70	100
MBA 03-IT 02	System Analysis and Design	4	3-0-1	30	70	100
		8		60	140	200
SUPPLY CHAIN M	ANAGEMENT					
MBA 03-SCM 01	Logistics Management	4	3-0-1	30	70	100
MBA 03-SCM 02	Supply Chain Management	4	3-0-1	30	70	100
				1		

Fourth Semester

Paper Code	Paper Name	Credit	L-P-T	Internal	External	Total
	-					Marks
MBA 04 CESM 017	Corporate Evolution & Strategic Management	4	3-0-1	30	70	100
MBA 04-ECG 018	Ethics and Corporate Governance	4	3-0-1	30	70	100
		8		60	140	200



SELECT ANY TWO SPECIALIZATIONS

(DUAL SPECIALIZATION: 2 PAPERS FROM ONE SPECIALIZATION AND 2 PAPERS FROM ANOTHER SPECIALIZATION)

1

	Fourth S	emester				
	Specializat	ion Paper				
MARKETING						
Paper Code	Paper Name	Credit	L-P-T	Internal	External	Total Mark
MBA 04-MM 01	Consumer Behaviour	4	3-0-1	30	70	100
MBA 04-MM 02	Retail Management	4	3-0-1	30	70	100
		8		60	140	200
FINANCE		11				
Paper Code	Paper Name	Credit	L-P-T	Internal	External	Total Mark
MBA 04-FM 01	Project Planning & Management	4	3-0-1	30	70	100
MBA 04-FM 02	Merchant Banking & Financial	4	3-0-1	30	70	100
	Services					
		8		60	140	200
		1		·		
HUMAN RESOURCE						
Paper Code	Paper Name	Credit	L-P-T	Internal	External	Total Marks
MBA 04-HR 01	Performance Management System	4	3-0-1	30	70	100
VIBA 04-HR 02	Compensation	4	3-0-1	30	70	100
		8		60	140	200
	IOLOGY			<u></u>		
NFORMATION TECH			1.0.7	Internal	External	Total
NFORMATION TECH	Paper Name	Credit	L-P-T		External	Marks

MBA 04-IT 02	Network and Information Security	4	3-0-1	30	70	100
		8		60	140	200
SUPPLY CHAIN MANAG	GEMENT	2				
MBA 04-SCM 01	Procurement and Quality Management	4	3-0-1	30	70	100
MBA 04-SCM 02	Material and Store Management	4	3-0-1	30	70	100
		8		60	140	200



Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs)

PSO1: Provide students with the information, managerial abilities, and competencies needed to hold management and administrative roles in government, business, industry, and public sector.

PSO2: Gain the capacity to assess and evaluate the effects of a changing environment and react tactically and strategically as necessary.

PSO3: Develop the fundamental skills of leadership, entrepreneurship, critical and creative thinking, and decision-making.

PSO4: Assess societal, health, safety, legal, and cultural issues as well as the responsibilities that follow in management practice by using reasoning informed by contextual knowledge.

PSO5: Make wise management choices by applying ethical principles.

PSO6: Students must be able to work well both on their own and as a leader or member of different teams in interdisciplinary contexts.

PSO7: Determine business opportunities, develop, and implement workplace enhancements.

Program Outcomes (POs)

PO1: Ability to apply business management knowledge in practice.

PO2: Ability to integrate knowledge from economics, technology, law, and accounting into complex situations and provide effective solutions.

PO3: Demonstrate proficiency in communication by receiving and giving clear instructions, writing reports, preparing documentation, and making effective presentations.

PO4: Ability to work independently and collaboratively in diverse, multidisciplinary environments.

PO5: Apply management principles in practice while exhibiting leadership qualities.

PO6: Stay updated with the latest business environment developments through environmental scanning.

PO7: Conduct research and apply modern statistical and computational tools for analysis and informed decision-making.

PO8: Demonstrate IT knowledge and skills for efficient business processes and develop innovative methods for leveraging IT and e-commerce for a competitive advantage.

PO9: Ability to generate new and innovative ideas, understand the process of starting a business, and implement entrepreneurial strategies effectively.

PO10: Exhibit ethical conduct in personal and professional decisions while appreciating business ethics, social responsibility, and environmental concerns in the decision-making process.

PO11: Engage in continuous learning and research, recognizing its importance in professional and personal development.

PO12: Formulate and communicate original business ideas and business plans to a broader business audience.



FIRST SEMESTER

Paper - MBA 01-QT 001

QUANTITATIVE TECHNIQUES

Introduction: To apprise students with the construction of mathematical models for managerial decision situations and to use spread sheets or computer software packages to obtain a solution wherever applicable. The emphasis is on understanding the concepts, formulation and interpretation.

Course outcomes

CO1: Understand the fundamental concepts of quantitative techniques and their application in managerial decision-making.

CO2: Apply statistical tools and techniques for data analysis, interpretation, and problemsolving in business scenarios.

CO3: Utilize probability theory and probability distributions to assess risks and make informed decisions.

CO4: Develop proficiency in correlation and regression analysis for predictive modelling and business forecasting.

CO5: Implement linear programming and optimization techniques for resource allocation and decision-making.

CO6: Analyze real-world business problems using sensitivity analysis and simulation techniques.

Unit 1	Defining Data: Cases, Variables, Values and Missing values
Unit 2	Interval scales: Measure of Dispersion.Range, Quartile déviation, Mea déviation, Standard déviation.
Unit 3	Interval scales: Measure of Dispersion.Range, Quartile déviation, Standard déviation
Unit 4	Normal Distribution: General Forms of Normal curve, Area under Normal curve.
Unit 5	Probability, Theory & Probability Distribution: Binomial, Poisson, Normal



	& Exponential
Unit 6	Linear Correlation & Regression: Linear Regression, Correlation, Estimation
	of Regression Co- efficient, Calculation of Correlation Co- efficient,
	Significance Test of Correlation Regression.
	Sensitivity analysis & Linear programming: Introduction, Change in
	Objective function, Co-efficient & Change in the availability of resources.
	Case Study

- 1. Statistics by S.P, Gupta, M.P Gupta (Sultan Chand & Sons)
- 2. Statistics for Management Richard Levin, David S. Rubin
- 3. Das, N.G. Statistical Methods (M. Das & Co.: Kolkata).
- 4. Hogg, Introduction to Mathematical Statistics (Pearson: New Delhi)
- 5. Comprehensive Statistical Method by S.Arora. (S Chand Publication)

Cour	se A	rtic	ulat	ion	Mat	trix ((ME	3A 0	1-Q	T 00	1 - 0	luan	titat	ive T	echr	niqu	es)	1	
COs \ Map ping	Р О 1	P O 2	P O 3	Р О 4	Р О 5	Р О 6	P O 7	P O 8	Р О 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O1	PS O2	PS O3	PS O4	PS O5	PS O6	PS O7
CO1:	3	3	2	1	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	2
CO2:	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	3
CO3:	3	3	2	1	2	3	3	2	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	3
CO4:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3
CO5:	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3
CO6:	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3
	High Mod	Rele		e	2														

2 = Moderate

Relevance

1 = Low Relevance

Blank = No Direct

Mapping



Paper - MBA 01-MM 002

MARKETING MANAGEMENT

Introduction : The course is designed to provide students with a comprehensive understanding of marketing as both a business function and a strategic philosophy. The primary objective is to introduce the fundamental concepts of marketing, emphasizing its role in business success and consumer engagement.

Course Outcome

CO1: Understand the core concepts, principles, and scope of marketing and its role in business strategy.

CO2: Analyze consumer behavior and market segmentation to develop targeted marketing strategies.

CO3: Apply the principles of product management, pricing strategies, and branding for competitive advantage.

CO4: Develop effective marketing communication and promotional strategies, including digital and traditional media.

CO5: Understand and implement distribution and supply chain management strategies for efficient product and service delivery.

CO6: Utilize market research and data analytics to make informed marketing decision

Unit 1	Introduction to Marketing, Market and Marketing, the Exchange Process,
	Core Concepts of Marketing, Functions of Marketing, Importance of
	Marketing, Marketing Orientations.
	Marketing Environment: Introduction, Environmental Scanning,
	Analyzing the Organization's Micro Environment, Company's Macro
	Environment, Differences between Micro and Macro Environment. The
	Marketing Process: Introduction, Marketing Mix-The Traditional 4Ps, The
	Modern Components of the Mix- The Additional 3Ps, Developing an
	Effective Marketing Mix, Marketing Planning, Marketing Implementation
	and Control. Consumer Behavior: Psychological, Social, and Cultural
	Influences
Unit 2	Segmentation, Targeting and Positioning: Introduction, Concept of Market
	Segmentation, Benefits of Market Segmentation, Requisites of Effective



	Market Segmentation, The Process of Market Segmentation, Bases for
	Segmenting Consumer Markets, Targeting (T), Market Positioning (P).
Unit 3	Product Management: Decisions, Development and Lifecycle
	Strategies: Introduction, Levels of Products, Classification of Products,
	Product Hierarchy, Product Line Strategies, Product Mix Strategies,
	Packaging and Labeling, New Product Development, Product Life Cycle
	(PLC). Brand and Branding Strategy: Introduction, Brand and Branding.
	Advantages and disadvantages of branding, Brand Equity, Brand
	Positioning, Brand Name Selection, Brand Sponsorship, Brand
	Development
Unit 4	Pricing: Introduction, Factors Affecting Price Decisions, Cost Based
	Pricing, Value Based and Competition Based Pricing, Product Mix Pricing
	Strategies.
	Distribution Management: Introduction, Need for Marketing Channels,
	Decisions Involved in Setting up the Channel, Channel Management
	Strategies, Introduction to Logistics Management, Introduction to
	Retailing, Whole selling.
Unit 5	Promotion Management: Managing Non-Personal Communication
	Channels: Introduction, Integrated Marketing Communications (IMC),
	Process of Communication, Introduction to Advertising, Fundamentals of
	Sales Promotion, Basics of Public Relations and Publicity.
Unit 6	
	Distribution & Supply Chain Strategies :Logistics & Channel
	Management ,Retail & Wholesale Distribution Strategies,E-commerce & Omni-
	Channel Retailing Market Research & Data Analytics Marketing Research
а. ^с	Process & TechniquesData-Driven Decision Making in MarketingRole of AI &
¥.	Big Data in Marketing Analytics. Case Study

1. Philip Kotler, Kevin Lane Keller, Abraham Koshy, and Mitheleswar Jha, "Marketing Management", 13th Edition, Pearson Publications Limited. 2012

2. Noel Capon and Siddharth Shekar Singh, "*Managing Marketing-An Applied Approach*", Wiley India Pvt. Limited 2014



3. Noel Capon and SiddharthShekar Singh, "The Marketing Tool kit", Wiley India Pvt. Limited 2014.

4. Charles W.Lamb, Joseph F.hair, Sharma, McDaniel, "MKTG- Principles of Marketing" A South Asian Perspective, Cengage Learning 2012

5. Philip Kotler, Kevin Lane Keller, "A framework for marketing management", 4th edition, Pearson, 2012.

Course (Marke					2		MB	A 01	MI	M 00)2								
COs \	Р	Ρ	Ρ	Ρ	Ρ	Ρ	Ρ	Р	Ρ	Ρ	Р	Р	PS						
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CO1:	3	3	2	2	3	2	1	3	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO2:	3	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO3:	3	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO4:	3	3	3	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO5:	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO6:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
3 = High Relevance																			

2 = Moderate Relevance

1 = Low Relevance

Blank = No Direct

Mapping

Paper - MBA 01-OB 003

MANAGEMENT PROCESS & ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOR

Introduction: The course also focuses on enabling students to analyze how people behave under different conditions and understand the reasons behind their actions. Through psychological and behavioral theories, students will explore factors such as perception, attitudes, emotions, and cultural influences that drive employee behavior and decisionmaking.

Course outcomes:

co1: Understand the fundamental principles of management, including planning, organizing, leading, and controlling.



CO2: Analyze different organizational structures, cultures, and their impact on business efficiency and effectiveness.

CO3: Examine individual and group behavior in organizations to enhance motivation, leadership, and team dynamics.

CO4: Apply theories of personality, perception, and learning to improve managerial decision-making.

CO5: Evaluate the impact of organizational change, stress management, and conflict resolution on workplace productivity.

CO6: Demonstrate ethical behavior and corporate social responsibility while managing people and organizational resources.

Unit 1	.Definition, Characteristics of organizational behaviour, Contributing disciplines
1	to the OB field; Significance of OB; Nature and scope of OB; Challenges and
	opportunities for OB. Organizational behaviour models: Cognitive framework,
	Behaviouristic framework and Social cognitive framework
Unit 2	Perception: Concept, nature, process, importance, perceptual process; Factors
	influencing perception; Perceptual distortion, Management and behavioural
	applications of perception.
	Attitudes – Source of attitudes; Types of attitudes, Attitudes and consistency –
	Cognitive dissonance theory, Attitude measurement.
Unit 3	Personality - Personality determinants; Personality traits: The Big Five model,
	Major personality attributes influencing OB; Theories of personality.
	Learning: Concept, theories of learning, principles of learning.
	Stress: Understanding Stress, causes and consequences of stress, Managing stress.
Unit 4	Group Behaviour Motivation: Theories of motivation: Early and contemporary
	views, Applications of motivation Leadership: Styles and theories of leadership-
	Trait, behavioural and situational theories
	Group Dynamics, Types of groups, Stages of group development, Group
	cohesiveness, Group decision making.
Unit 5	Conflicts- Transitions in conflict thought; Functional versus Dysfunctional
	conflict; Classification of conflict: Intra-individual, Inter-personal, Intergroup,
	Conflict process; Conflict management.



Unit 6	Organizational culture: Concept, characteristics, elements of culture, creating and
	sustaining organizational culture. Case study

- Robbins, S.P., Sanghi, S. & Judge, T. A. (2020). Organizational Behavior. New Delhi: Pearson Education.
- 2) Luthans, F. (2010). Organizational Behaviour. New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill.
- Aswathappa, K. (2016). Organizational Behaviour. New Delhi: Himalaya Publishing House. Newstrom J. (2015). Organizational Behaviour: Human Behaviour at Work. New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill.
- Steven, Von & Sharma., (2014). Organizational Behaviour. New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill.
- Pareek, U. (2011). Understanding Organizational Behaviour. New Delhi: Oxford Publishers.

Cours	se Ar	ticul	atio	n Ma	atrix	– M	BA ()1-0	B 00	3 (M	anag	emer	nt Pro	ocess	& OI	rgani	zatio	nal	
Beha	vior)			_			r,,	,,					,						
COs \ Map ping	Р О 1	Р О 2	Р О 3	Р О 4	Р О 5	Р О 6	Р О 7	P O 8	P O 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O1	PS O2	PS O3	PS O4	PS O5	PS O6	PS O7
CO1:	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	.3
CO2:	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO3:	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4:	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	3	° 2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO5:	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO 6:	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
3 =	High	Rele	vanc	e									· · · · ·						
2 = Releva																			
	Low I nk = I ing																		



Paper - MBA 01-AC 004

ACCOUNTING FOR MANAGERS

Introduction: The course provides a comprehensive understanding of accounting principles, financial analysis, and decision-making techniques essential for managerial roles. It introduces students to key accounting concepts, bookkeeping, and financial reporting practices while emphasizing their application in business management.

Course outcomes:

CO1: Understand the fundamental concepts and principles of accounting and their application in managerial decision-making.

CO2: Analyze financial statements to assess the financial health and performance of an organization.

CO3: Apply cost accounting techniques for budgeting, cost control, and profit maximization.

CO4: Utilize management accounting tools for decision-making, including marginal costing and break-even analysis.

CO5: Interpret cash flow and fund flow statements to evaluate financial planning and investment decisions.

CO6: Understand contemporary accounting practices, including IFRS, GAAP, and ethical considerations in financial reporting.

Unit 1	Introduction to Accounting, Meaning of Book Keeping, Accounting and
	Accountancy, Accounting Concepts and Conventions, Financial Accounting
	V/S Management Accounting, Accounting Process, double entry book
	keeping, The Accounting Equation
Unit 2	Bank Reconciliation statement- Reasons for difference, Preparation
	Depreciation- Causes, Importance, Methods as per Indian taxation norms.
Unit 3	Company Final Accounts in India - Preparation and Presentation of Final
	Accounts, Form and Contents of Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account,
	Balance Sheet as Per Schedule VI, Profit and Loss Account, Profit and Loss
	Appropriation Account, Annual Reports and Its Contents. Cash study
Unit 4	Financial Statement Analysis - Meaning and Objectives of Financial Statement



- 1. M.Y.Khan & P.K.Jain, Management Accounting, Tata McGraw Hill, .
- R.Narayanaswamy, Financial Accounting A managerial perspective, PHI Learning, New Delhi.
- Stice & Stice, Financial Accounting Reporting and Analysis, 7th edition, Cengage Learning.
- 4. Singhvi Bodhanwala, Management Accounting -Text and cases, PHI Learning.

Course	e Art	icula	tion	Mat	rix — I	MBA	01-4	AC 00)4 (A	ccou	NTIN	g foi	R MA	NAGE	R)				
COs \ Map ping	P 0 1	P O 2	P O 3	Р О 4	Р О 5	Р О 6	P O 7	P O 8	P O 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O1	PS O2	PS O3	PS O4	PS O5	PS O6	PS O7
CO1:	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO2:	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO3:	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO4:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO5:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO6:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

3 = High Relevance

1 = Low Relevance

Blank = No Direct

Mapping



^{2 =} Moderate Relevance

Paper - MBA 01-ME 005

MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS

Introduction: The course provides a strong foundation in economic principles and their practical application in business decision-making. It helps students understand the impact of economic forces on business strategy, demand and supply analysis, production decisions, market structures, and macroeconomic factors. Through topics such as pricing strategies, cost analysis, national income, and inflation, students will gain the ability to assess economic conditions and optimize resource allocation for business growth.

Course Outcomes (COs)

CO1: Understand the fundamental concepts of managerial economics and their role in business decision-making.

CO2: Apply demand and supply analysis to assess market conditions and make informed business decisions.

CO3: Evaluate different market structures and pricing strategies to enhance competitive advantage.

CO4: Analyze production and cost functions to optimize resource allocation and efficiency. **CO5:** Utilize macroeconomic indicators and policies to assess their impact on business operations.

CO6: Apply economic theories and quantitative techniques to solve real-world business problems.

Unit 1	Meaning and Importance of Managerial Economics and Marginal Analysis.
	Introduction, meaning, Scope & Importance of Managerial Economics. Marginal
	Concepts: Marginal Utility, Average Utility, Total Utility & their relations.
	Consumer's Equilibrium – Single commodity and more than single commodity.
Unit 2	Demand & Supply functions: Introduction, Meaning of Demand, Law of Demand,
	Exceptions of the law of Demand. Elasticity of Demand, Types and Measurement
	of Elasticity of Demand.
	Meaning & Law of Supply, Exceptions of the Law of Supply. Elasticity of
	Supply, types and determining factors of Elasticity of Supply. Theory of Demand:
	Indifference Curve Analysis. Revealed Preference Approach of Prof. Samuelson



Unit 3	Production: Production function, Short run and Long run Production functions.
	Law of Variable Proportion, ISO Product Curve
	Cost Analysis: Types of Costs, Cost Curves and their relations. Revenue, Revenue
	Curves. Even Analysis.
Unit 4	Market Structure and Price Determination: Perfect Competition and Imperfect
	Competition. Price and Output Determination under Perfect Competition,
	Monopoly, Monopolistic Competition in short run and long run. Discriminating
	Monopoly and its Output & Price Determination. Profit maximization and Sales
	Maximization
Unit 5	Macro Concepts: Introduction, National Income, various concepts of National
	Income. Various Methods of measuring National Income.
Unit 6	Consumption function and Investment function: Meaning of Consumption
	function and Investment function. Marginal efficiency of Capital
	(MEC).Multiplier and Accelerator
	Inflation and Deflation: Meaning of Inflation and Deflation. Merits and Demerits
	of Inflation. Effects of Inflation and Deflation.WPI & CPI
	Business Cycle, Demand Forecasting.Casestudy

- Petersen, H, C., Lewis, W.C. & Jain, S.K. (2008). Managerial Economics. New Delhi: Pearson Education.
- Salvatore, D., (2012). Managerial Economics: Principles and Worldwide application. New York: Oxford University Press.
- Mithani D.M. (2015). Principles of Economics. New Delhi: Himalaya Publishing House.
- 4) Dwivedi D.N. (2011). Managerial Economics. New Delhi: Vikas Publications.
- 5) Maheswari, Y. (2012), Managerial Economics. New Delhi: PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- 6) Gupta, G.S. (2011). Managerial Economics. New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill.



Cour	se A	rtic	ulat	ion	Mat	rix -	- M	BA ()1-N	/IE 0()5 (N	/lana	ageri	al Ec	ono	mics)		
COs \ Map ping	P 0 1	P O 2	Р О 3	Р О 4	Р О 5	Р О 6	Р О 7	P O 8	P O 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O1	PS O2	PS O3	PS O4	PS O5	PS O6	PS O7
CO1:	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO2:	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO3:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO4:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO5:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO6:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
3 =	3 = High Relevance																		

2 = Moderate

Relevance 1 = Low Relevance

Blank = No Direct

Mapping

Paper - MBA 01- BL 006

BUSINESS COMMUNICATION

Introduction: The course is designed to enhance students' ability to communicate effectively in professional and corporate settings. It focuses on different forms of communication, including verbal, non-verbal, written, and intercultural communication, to develop skills necessary for leadership and management roles.

Course Outcomes (COs)

CO1: Understand the principles and importance of effective communication in business settings.

CO2: Develop strong written communication skills for reports, emails, and business correspondence.

CO3: Enhance verbal communication and presentation skills for professional success.

CO4: Apply interpersonal communication skills to manage workplace interactions effectively.

CO5: Utilize digital communication tools for professional and corporate communication.

CO6: Demonstrate business etiquette, active listening, and negotiation skills in diverse business environments.



Unit 1	Communication In Business: Systems approach- forms - functions and
	principles of communication - management and communication- communication
	patterns - barriers to communication - interpersonal perception - SWOT analysis
02	-Johari Window -Transactional Analysis.
Unit 2	Non-Verbal And Intercultural Communication: Importance of non-verbal
*	communication - personal appearance - facial expressions- movement- posture -
	gestures - eye contact -voice - beliefs and customs- worldview and attitude.
Unit 3	Oral Communication: Listening - types and barriers to listening - speaking -
	planning and audience awareness - persuasion- goals - motivation and hierarchy
	of needs - attending and conducting interviews-participating in discussions,
	debates - and conferences - presentation skills- paralinguistic features -fluency
	development strategies
Unit 4	Business Correspondence: Business letter - principles of business writing-
	memos -e-mails – agendas- minutes- sales letter- enquiries- orders- letters of
	complaint- claims and adjustments- notice and tenders- circulars- letters of
	application and résumé.
Unit 5	Business Proposals And Reports: Project proposals- characteristics and
	structure- Project reports – types- characteristics,-structure-Appraisal reports –
	performance appraisal, product appraisal- Process and mechanics of report
	writing- visual aids- abstract - executive summary- recommendation writing-
	definition of terms.
Unit 6	Case Study

- 1. McGrath, E. H., S.J, Basic Managerial Skills for All, 8th ed. Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi.
- 2. Raman, Meenakhshi, and Prakash Singh, Business Communication. O U P, New Delhi,
- Stuart Bonne E., Marilyn S Sarow and Laurence Stuart, Integrated BusinessCommunication in a Global Market Place.3rd ed. John Wiley India, New Delhi.
- Guffey, Mary Ellen., Business Communication: Process and Product. 3rd ed. Thomson and Southwestern,



Cour	se A	rtic	ulat	ion	Mat	trix -	- M	BA ()1-B	L 00	6 (Bı	usine	ess C	omn	nuni	catio	on)		
COs \ Map ping	P 0 1	P O 2	P O 3	Р О 4	Р О 5	Р О 6	Р О 7	P O 8	P O 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O1	PS O2	PS O3	PS O4	PS O5	PS O6	PS O7
CO1:	3	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	2
CO2:	3	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	2
CO3:	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	2
CO4:	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO5:	3	2	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	2
CO6:	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
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2 = Moderate

Relevance

1 = Low Relevance

Blank = No Direct

Mapping

Paper - MBA 01-CA 007

COMPUTER APPLICATION IN MANAGEMENT

Introduction: The course provides students with an understanding of computer systems, software applications, and their role in business operations. It covers fundamental concepts such as hardware components, data processing, and operating systems, along with practical applications in word processing, spreadsheets, and presentations.

Course Outcomes (COs)

CO1: Understand the role of computer applications in business operations and management. **CO2:** Apply MS Office tools (Excel, Word, PowerPoint) for business documentation and analysis.

CO3: Utilize data management systems and databases for effective decision-making.

CO4: Explore the use of enterprise resource planning (ERP) and management information systems (MIS).

CO5: Analyze the impact of e-commerce, digital marketing, and cloud computing on modern businesses.

CO6: Apply IT tools in financial modeling, data analytics, and business problem-solving.



Unit 1	Computers: Components of a Computer System, Data Processing, Computers
enn 1	
	in Business. Generations of Computers and Computer Languages.
Unit 2	Disk Operating System: Internal and External Commands, Windows Operating
	System
Unit 3	Word Processing using MS-Word
	Spreadsheets using MS- Excel Range, Formulas, Functions, Database Function
	in Spreadsheet, Graphics on Spreadsheet.
	Presentation using MS- PowerPoint
Unit 4	Data Files: Types / Organization, Master and Transaction Files
	Program Development Cycle.
Unit 5	Data Communication: Components of Data Communication System,
	Communication Devices- Modem, Multiplexing, Classification of
	Communication Channel
Unit 6	Networking: LAN and WANs, Network Interconnectivity- Bridges, Gateways,
	Routers, Repeaters, Management Information System in Business
	Organization: Concepts, Needs, Types, Transaction Processing System
	(TPS), Decision Support System(DSS), Executive Information
	System(EIS), Office Automation System (EIS), Expert System.

- Ramesh, B. (2008). Computer Fundamentals and Information Technology. New Delhi: Laxmi Publication Pvt. Ltd
- Cyganski, D. (2011). Information Technology: Inside and outside. New Delhi: Prentice Hall.
- 3) Basandra, S.K. (1998). Computers Today. New Delhi: Galgotia publishing company.
- 4) Leon A., & Leon, M. (2000). Introduction to Computers. New Delhi: Sangam Books Ltd.
- 5) Leon, A. (2009). Fundamentals of Information Technology. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing.
- 6) Kakkar, D.N., Goyal, R. (2003), Computer Applications in Management. New Delhi: New Age International.



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CO1:	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	3
CO2:	3	2	3	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	3
CO3:	3	- 3	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO4:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO5:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO6:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
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3 = High Relevance **2** = Moderate

Relevance

1 = Low Relevance

Blank = No Direct

Mapping



SECOND SEMESTER

Paper - MBA 02- BL 008

BUSINESS LAW

Introduction : The course provides students with a foundational understanding of key legal frameworks governing commercial transactions and corporate entities. It covers essential business laws such as the Indian Contract Act, Partnership Act, Sale of Goods Act, Negotiable Instruments Act, Companies Act, Consumer Protection Act, and the Information Technology Act.

Course Outcomes (COs)

CO1: Understand the fundamental principles of contract law, including essential elements, types, and enforcement of contracts.

CO2: Analyze the legal framework governing partnerships, the sale of goods, and the rights and duties of buyers and sellers.

CO3: Examine the provisions of the Negotiable Instruments Act, including the functioning of promissory notes, bills of exchange, and cheques.

CO4: Interpret company law provisions related to company formation, types of companies, roles and responsibilities of directors, and corporate governance.

CO5: Evaluate consumer rights, dispute redressal mechanisms, and legal protections under the Consumer Protection Act and Information Technology Act.

CO6: Apply business law concepts through case study analysis to develop problem-solving and legal reasoning skills.

Unit 1	Indian Contract Act, 1872 Contract: Definition and its essentials, Valid
	Contract - Offer and Acceptance, Consideration, Capacity to Contract, Free
	consent, Legality of object, Discharge of a Contract by performance, Void
	agreement, Breach, Damages for breach of a contract, Quasi contracts,
	Contract of Indemnity and Guarantee, Bailment and Pledge, Agency
Unit 2	Partnership and its essentials, Partners: Rights and Duties and Type, Position
	of Minor as a partner, Doctrine of Implied Authority, Registration of Firms,
-	Dissolution of firms. Meaning of Contract of Sale, Types of Goods,
	Conditions and Warranties, Delivery-three types of delivery, rules as to



N.	delivery. Right of Unpaid Seller against the Goods, Auction sale, Rules
	regarding sale by Auction [section 64].
Unit 3	Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881
	Meaning of Negotiable Instrument, Types of negotiable instruments:
	Promissory Note, Essentials of promissory note, Meaning of Bill of Exchange
	and Cheques, Essentials of bills of exchange, Defining Cheque,
	Characteristics of cheque, Holder and Holder in due course, Negotiation,
	Presentment, Crossing of Cheques, Bouncing of Cheques
Unit 4	Companies Act, 1956 and 2013
	Nature and Definition of a Company, Classification of Companies On the
	Basis of Membership, Steps in formation of company, Memorandum of
	Association, Articles of Association, Prospectus, Kinds of Companies,
	Directors: Their powers and duties, Meetings, Winding up. Major
	amendments in 2013.
Unit 5	Consumer Protection Act, 1986 and the Information Technology Act, 2000
	Complaint, Consumer, Defect and deficiency, Consumer dispute redressal
	agency, Redressal Machinery under the act, Procedure for complaints under
	the act, Remedies, Appeals, Enforcement of orders and Penalties. Objectives
	of IT Act, Salient features of the Act, Electronic Governance.
Unit 6	Case Study

- 1) Kapoor, N.D. (2016). Business Law. New Delhi: Sultan Chand & Sons.
- Tulsian, P.C. & Tulsian, B. (2014). Business Law. New Delhi: McGraw- Hill education. Gulshan J.J. (2012). Business Law Including Company Law. New Delhi: New Age International Publishers.
- 3) Kuchhal, M.C. (2013). Business Law. New Delhi: Vikas Publications.
- 4) Singh, A. (2012). Principles of Mercantile Law. New Delhi: Eastern Book Company.



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CO1:	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	2
CO2:	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	2
CO3:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3
CO4:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3
CO5:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO6:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
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2 = Moderate

Relevance 1 = Low Relevance

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Mapping

Paper - MBA 02-HR 009

HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

Introduction : The course also explores emerging trends in HRM, particularly in a globalized and cross-cultural business environment, preparing students to adapt to the dynamic workforce landscape. Case studies and practical applications enable students to develop problem-solving skills in real-world HR scenarios.

Course Outcomes (COs)

CO1: Understand the concepts, functions, and objectives of Human Resource Management, along with challenges in a globalized business environment.

CO2: Analyze human resource planning, job evaluation, and recruitment strategies, including selection, induction, career planning, and outsourcing.

CO3: Assess training and development processes, training needs analysis, and evaluate the effectiveness of training programs.

CO4: Examine performance appraisal methods, compensation structures, and legal considerations in performance management.

CO5: Explore industrial relations frameworks, approaches, and their impact on workplace harmony and organizational success.

CO6: Apply HRM concepts through case study analysis to develop strategic problem-solving and decision-making skills.

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Unit 1	Introduction Concept, Nature, Scope, Objectives and Functions of Human
-	Resource Management, HRM: The challenges – Environmental,
	Organizational and Individual, Emerging trends of HRM in globalized
	economy and cross cultural environment.
Unit 2	Human Resource Planning Human resource planning, Job analysis, Job
	evaluation, Job design, Recruitment – Sources, objectives, Selection:
· · ·	Concept, Procedure and Cost benefit analysis of selection, Induction,
	Career planning, Bases of Promotion, Transfer, Separations, Outplacement
	and Outsourcing HR.
Unit 3	Training & Development and Performance Appraisal Training &
	Development – Concept, Training needs assessment, Types of training
	programmes: On the-job and off-the-job, ROI of training, metrics for
	evaluation of training programme.
Unit 4	Performance Appraisal- Objectives, Uses and Methods – Traditional and
	Modern methods, Problems of performance appraisal, Legal issues in
	Performance Appraisal, Compensation – Concepts, Types, Factors
	determining compensation
Unit 5	Industrial Relations Industrial Relations: Concept and Approaches to
	Industrial Relations, Unitary, Plurastic and Radical Approach, Industrial
	Relations System
Unit 6	Case study

- 1) Dessler, G. (2015). Human Resource Management. New Delhi: Pearson Education.
- 2) Rao, V.S.P. (2014). Human Resource Management. New Delhi: Excel Books.
- 3) Durai, P. (2016). Human Resource Management. New Delhi: Pearson Education.
- Rao, S. P. (2011). Personnel & Human Resource Management. New Delhi: Himalaya Publishing House.
- 5) Aswathappa, K. (2010). Human Resource Management- Text &Cases. New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill



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CO1:	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO2:	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO3:	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4:	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO5:	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO6:	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
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1 = Low Relevance

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Mapping

Paper - MBA 02-POR 010

PRODUCTION & OPERATION RESEARCH

Introduction: The Production and Operations Management (POM) course provides students with a comprehensive understanding of the principles and practices involved in managing production processes and operational activities within organizations. It covers key aspects such as production planning, plant location, facility layout, forecasting, inventory management, and decision-making models to optimize efficiency and productivity.

Course Outcomes (COs)

CO1: Understand the fundamental concepts, scope, and significance of production and operations management, along with its relationship with other business functions.

CO2: Analyze plant location and facility layout decisions, production systems, new product development, and work measurement techniques.

CO3: Evaluate forecasting methods, production planning strategies, capacity planning, and inventory management techniques for effective resource utilization.

CO4: Apply mathematical models such as transportation and assignment algorithms to optimize operational decisions.



CO5: Utilize PERT/CPM, decision theory, and queuing models to enhance efficiency and productivity in manufacturing and service operations.

CO6: Implement game theory and decision tree analysis for strategic decision-making in uncertain and competitive business environments.

Unit 1	Definition, Nature, Scope and Significance of Production and Operations Management,
Unit I	Relationship with other functional areas, Recent trends in Production and Operations
	Management, Production Cycle, Production Planning & Control: Basic functions, Concept of ergonomics.
Unit 2	Plant location, selection; Plant and Facilities layout, types of layout and their characteristics; Production Systems, types of production system, JIT & Lean system; Product design, New product development, Value analysis, Work measurement and Job
XI	design
Unit 3	Plant location, selection; Plant and Facilities layout, types of layout and their characteristics; Production Systems, types of production system, JIT & Lean system;
	Product design, New product development, Value analysis, Work measurement and Job
	design
Unit 4	Forecasting and Capacity planning, Types and methods of Forecasting, Overview of
	Aggregate production planning, Production Strategies, Capacity requirement planning, MRP, Scheduling, Purchase management, Inventory management and techniques of
	Inventory management.
Unit5	Transportation and Assignment models: Transportation Algorithm- Initial solution for optimality, Trans-shipment and routing problems, Hungarian methods of Assignment problem.
	Queuing Theory: Essential features, Performance measure of a Queuing system, Probability Distribution in Queuing Systems.
Unit 6	PERT and CPM:Significance of using PERT/CPM, PERT/CPM Network Components and Precedence Relationship.
0	Decision Theory and Decision Trees:Decision making under Uncertainty, Decision
	making under Risk, Decision Tree Analysis. Game Theory: Two person Zero-Sum
	Games, Pure strategies, Mixed strategies, Principles of Dominance. Case Study

Reference Book

- 1) Vohra, N.D. (2009). Quantitative Techniques in Management. New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill.
- Taha, H. A. (2010). Operations Research An Introduction. New Delhi: Prentice-Hall. Sharma, J. K., (2006). Operations Research. New Delhi: Macmillan Publishers India.
- 3) Kapoor, V.K. (2014). Operations Research. New Delhi: S. Chand.



4) Chary, S.N. (2012). Production and Operations Management. New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill

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CO1:	3	- 3	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO2:	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO3:	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO4:	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO5:	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
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Paper - MBA 02-FM 011

FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Introduction : The course provides students with a comprehensive understanding of financial principles, tools, and decision-making strategies essential for business success. It covers key aspects such as financial planning, investment decisions, risk assessment, capital structure, and working capital management to optimize financial performance. The course explores time value of money, capital budgeting techniques, cost of capital, and dividend decisions, helping students make informed financial choices.

Course Outcomes (COs)

CO1: Understand the fundamental concepts, goals, and functions of financial management, including profit maximization vs. wealth maximization.

CO2: Apply time value of money concepts, including present and future value calculations, annuities, and risk-return analysis.

CO3: Evaluate the cost of capital, including debt, equity, and weighted average cost of capital (WACC), and apply capital asset pricing models (CAPM).



CO4: Analyze capital budgeting techniques, investment evaluation criteria, and their role in long-term financial decision-making.

CO5: Assess capital structure theories, leverage concepts, and dividend decisions to optimize financial performance.

CO6: Implement working capital management strategies, including cash management, receivables management, and inventory control, for efficient financial operations.

Unit 1	Introduction to Financial Management - Goal of the Firm, Definition of Financial										
	management, Profit Maximization vs. Wealth Maximization, Profit Maximization,										
	Objections to Profit Maximization, Wealth Maximization, Agency problems, Role										
	of Financial Management.										
Unit 2	Time Value of Money - Present Value and future value of single amount, annuity										
	etc, Relationship Between risk and return. Real, Nominal and Effective rate of										
	return, Compounding and discounting.										
Unit 3	Cost of Capital - Cost of Capital, Cost of Debt, Irredeemable Debenture (Perpetual										
	Debenture), Redeemable Debenture, Common Stock, Preferred Stock or										
	Preference Shares, Weighted Average Cost of Capital, Limitations of WACC,										
	Considerations in Calculating WACC, Capital Asset Pricing Model or CAPM										
Unit 4	Capital Budgeting - Meaning of Capital Budgeting, Nature of Capital Budgeting,										
	Procedure of Capital Budgeting, Significance of Capital Budgeting, Investment										
	Evaluation Criteria, Discounted Cash Flow Criteria (Modern Method), Non-										
	discounted Cash Flow Criteria (Traditional Method).										
Unit 5	Capital Structure Theories - Capital Structure Designing, Financial Leverage,										
	Operating Leverage, Combined Leverage, Approaches of Financial Management,										
	Modigliani Millar Approach, Modern Approach to Corporate Finance in an										
	Improvement on the Traditional, Dividend Decisions, Relevance vs Irrelevance of										
	Dividends										
Unit 6	Working Capital Management and Finance- Cash Management, Motives for										
	Holding Cash, Objective of Cash Management, Facts of Cash Management,										
	Receivables Management, Study of Credit Policy, Inventory Management,										
	Defining Inventory, Nature of Inventories, Reasons for Holding Inventories,										
	Inventory Management Techniques, Working Capital Finance, Concept of										
	Working Capital, Operating Cycle Concept of Working Capital, Definition of										



Working Capital, Importance of Working Capital, Determinants of Working Capital, Meaning and Concept of Working Capital and its Management, Types of Working Capital, Working Capital Finance. Case study

Reference Books

- 1) Van Horne, J.C. (2016). Financial Management and Policy. New Delhi: Pearson Education. Knott, G. (2004). Financial Management. Basingstoke, UK: Palgrave.
- 2) Khan, M.Y. and Jain, P.K. (2016). Financial Management. New Delhi: Tata McGraw Hill.
- 3) Chandra, P. (2016). Fundamentals of Financial Management, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 4) Rustagi, R.P. (2000). Financial Management. New Delhi, Galgotia.
- 5) Lawrence, J. G. (2004). Principles of Managerial Finance. New Delhi: Pearson Education.
- 6) Ravi, M. K. (2015). Financial Management. Kolkata: Taxmann.
- 7) Damodaran, A. (2016). Corporate Finance Theory & Practice. New Delhi: Wiley.

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CO1:	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	3
CO2:	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	3
CO3:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO4:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO5:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO6:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
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Paper - MBA 02-RM 012

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

Introduction: The course provides students with a structured approach to conducting research in business and management. It covers key aspects of the research process, problem identification, hypothesis formulation, research design, data collection, sampling techniques, and data analysis. The course enables students to develop critical thinking and analytical skills necessary for conducting both qualitative and quantitative research. Additionally, students will gain hands-on experience in data processing, statistical analysis, and report writing, preparing them for academic and professional research applications.

Course Outcomes (COs)

CO1: Understand the fundamental concepts, role, and process of research in business and management.

CO2: Identify and formulate research problems, define variables, and construct a strong research framework.

CO3: Develop and test research hypotheses using null and alternative hypothesis testing methods.

CO4: Analyze different research designs, including experimental and non-experimental approaches, for effective study planning.

CO5: Apply appropriate data collection methods, sampling techniques, and measurement scales to ensure research validity and reliability.

CO6: Process and analyze research data using statistical tools, generate meaningful insights, and present findings through structured research reports.

Unit 1	Introduction to research- Concept, Definition, Role & Research Process
Onte I	introduction to research- Concept, Demitton, Note & Research Trocess
Unit 2	Problem identification & Formulation- Defining research problem, importance of
	research problems, Construct variables
Unit 3	Research hypothesis- formulating research hypothesis, Quality & measurement
	issues of hypothesis, concept of null & alternative hypothesis, hypothesis testing –
	logic & importance
Unit 4	Research design – types, concepts, feature of research design. Experimental &
	Non-experimental research design
Unit 5	Methods of data collection- Secondary data collection method, survey method
	data collection, Concept of qualitative & quantitative research, Attitude

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	Measurement & scaling – Types of measurement scales, Questionnaire designing:
	reliability & validity.Sampling Techniques- Nature of Sampling, Determination
	the size of the sample, Probability & Non-probability Sampling.
Unit6	Processing & Analysis of Data- Univariate (Bar charts, Pie Charts, Percentages),
	Bivariate & Multivariate analysis (including cross tabulation & chi-square test.)
	Report Preparation and Presentation. Report generation, report writing- title page,
	abstract, introduction, Methodology, Result, Discussion, References &
	Appendices

- Kothari, C.R. (2014). Research Methodology Methods and Techniques. New D el hi: New Age Publishers.
- Saunders, M.N.K. (2012). Research Methods for Business students. New Delhi: Pearson Education.
- 3) Panneerselvam, R. (2014). Research Methodology. New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India.
- 4) Alan, B. & Bell. E. (2011). Business Research Methods. Toronto: Oxford University Press.
- 5) Bajpai, N. (2011). Business Research Methods. New Delhi: Pearson Education.
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Cour	Course Articulation Matrix – MBA 02-RM 012 (Research Methodology)																		
COs \ Map ping	P 0 1	P O 2	P O 3	Р О 4	P O 5	P O 6	Р О 7	P O 8	P O 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O1	PS O2	PS O3	PS O4	PS O5	PS O6	PS O7
CO1:	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	3
CO2:	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	3
CO3:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO4:	3	- 3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO5:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO6:	3	-3	-2-	2	-3	3-	-3	-3-	3	3	3	3	3-	3	-3 -	- 3	3	3	3
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3 = High Relevance

2 = Moderate Relevance

1 = Low Relevance

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Paper - MBA 02-IT 013

DECISION SUPPORT SYSTEM AND MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEM

Introduction : The course enables students to analyze how information systems support organizational functions, improve efficiency, and drive business success. Additionally, practical applications such as data modeling, database design, and simulation techniques equip students with the necessary skills to implement and manage MIS effectively in a corporate environment.

Course Outcomes (COs)

CO1: Understand the fundamental concepts, scope, characteristics, and functions of Management Information Systems (MIS).

CO2: Analyze the decision-making process under different conditions, including certainty, uncertainty, and risk, using Simon's Model of Decision Making.

CO3: Examine the relevance, scope, and classification of Decision Support Systems (DSS) in business operations.

CO4: Understand system concepts and apply the System Development Life Cycle (SDLC) approach to MIS implementation.

CO5: Evaluate database management systems (DBMS), including data models such as hierarchical, network, and relational models.

CO6: Apply Simon's Model and simulation techniques in information system design, and assess database system performance through case studies.

Unit 1	Management Information System: Definitions, Nature & Scope of MIS,														
	Characteristics of MIS, Functions of MIS														
Unit 2	Decision Making Process &MIS :Decision under Certainty, Decision under														
	Uncertainty, Decision under Risk, Simons Model of Decision Making														
Unit 3	Decision Support System: An Overview, Relevance, Scope of DSS,														
	Classification of DSS														
Unit 4	System and System Concepts: System Development Life Cycle.														
Unit 5	Database Management System: Sources of data, Data file environment,														
	Database environment, Data Models – Hierarchal, Network, Relational model.														
	abas														

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Unit6	Simon's model in information system design, Simulation techniques, Building	
	of Data Base Management System: Building, Implementation, Performance	
	testing. Case study	

- 1. Decision Support Systems and Management Information System by Mr. Pawan Thakur , Mr. Ram Kumar
- 2. Jawadekar, W.S., "Management Information Systems", Tata McGraw Hill Private Limited, New Delhi.
- 3. Kenneth C. Laudon and Jane P. Laudon: "Management Information Systems" 9/e, Pearson Education, New Delhi.
- 4. Alex Leon and Mathew Leon: "Data Base Management Systems", Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 5. Goyal, D.P.: "Management Information System", MACMILLAN India Limited, New Delhi.

Cour	se A	rtic	ulat	ion	Mat	trix ·	– M	BA () 2-I '	Г 013	3 (De	cisic	on Su	ippo	rt Sy	sten	n &		
Man	agei	men	t In	forn	nati	on S	iyst	em)											
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CO1:	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	3
CO2:	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	3
CO3:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO4:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO5:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO6:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
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THIRD SEMESTER

Paper - MBA 03-IE 014

INDIAN ECONOMY

Introduction: The course explores the impact of global trade organizations like WTO, GATT, TRIMS, and TRIPS, along with foreign investment trends, helping students understand India's position in the global economic landscape. Case studies further enhance critical thinking and analytical skills by applying theoretical knowledge to real-world economic issues.

Course Outcomes (COs)

CO1: Understand the structure and characteristics of the Indian economy, including economic growth, development, and sectoral changes.

CO2: Analyze economic planning objectives, industrial policies, and major economic challenges such as poverty, unemployment, and inequality.

CO3: Evaluate India's foreign trade policies, balance of payments, and export-import strategies, along with the role of FEMA and export promotion initiatives.

CO4: Examine emerging economic issues in India, including globalization, digital transformation, and sustainable development.

CO5: Assess the impact of WTO agreements (GATT, TRIMS, TRIPS) on the Indian economy and analyze foreign investment trends (FDI, FII, and portfolio investments).

CO6: Apply economic theories and policy analysis to real-world case studies, enhancing problem-solving and decision-making skills.

Unit 1	Structure of Indian Economy
	Concept of Economic Growth and Economic Development, Growth and Development.
	Basic Characteristics of Indian Economy Changes in structure of Indian Economy
	(Primary Sector, Secondary Sector & Tertiary Sector). Trends in National Income
	Occupational Distribution, Work Force Participation and Changes in Occupational
	Structure in India.
Unit 2	Planning and Economic Development and Problems in Indian Economy
	Objective of Economic Planning in India, Tenth Five Year Plan. Industrial Policy-

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	1991, Disinvestments of Public Enterprises.													
	Economic Problems: Poverty, Inequality, Parallel Economy, Unemployment,													
	Concentration of Economic Power													
Unit 3	Indian Economy & Foreign Trade													
	Concept, Significance, Foreign Exchange Reserve, Balance of Payment, Balance of													
	Trade, Export Import Policy (2002-2007), Foreign Exchange Management Act													
	(FEMA), and Export Promotion													
Unit 4	Indian Economy – Emerging Issues													
Unit 5	WTO & Indian Economy (Emerging Areas), GATT, TRIMS, TRIPS, Foreign Direct													
	Investment, Portfolio Investment & Foreign Institutional Investors.													
Unit 6	Case Study													

- 1) Managerial Economics, Suman Damodaran, Oxford Publication
- 2) Managerial Economics, D.N.Dwedi, Vikash Publication
- 3) Managerial Economics, H.L.Ahuja, S. Chand and Co. Ltd.
- 4) Managerial Economics, Atmanand, Excel Books
- 5) Managerial Economics, H. Craig Petersen & W. Cris Lewis, Pearson Education

Cour	Course Articulation Matrix – MBA 03-IE 014 (Indian Economy)																		
COs \ Map ping	P 0 1	P O 2	Р О З	Р О 4	Р О 5	P O 6	P O 7	P O 8	P O 9	PO 10	РО 11	PO 12	PS O1	PS O2	PS O3	PS O4	PS O5	PS O6	PS O7
CO1:	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	3
CO2:	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	3
CO3:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO4:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO5:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO6:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
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- 3 = High Relevance
- 2 = Moderate
- Relevance
- 1 = Low Relevance
- Blank = No Direct

Mapping



Paper - MBA 03-OEC 015

ORGANIZATION EFFECTIVENESS AND CHANGE

Introduction: This course equips students with the knowledge and skills to manage organizational change effectively, helping them develop leadership capabilities and strategic decision-making for driving business transformation and growth.

Course Outcomes (COs)

CO1: Understand the concept, significance, and approaches to measuring organizational effectiveness and change.

CO2: Analyze various theories and models of change, including Lewin's Change Model, Kotter's 8-Step Model, ADKAR, McKinsey 7-S Framework, and Systems Theory.

CO3: Diagnose organizational effectiveness using Weisbord's Six-Box Model, Burke-Litwin Model, and assessment methods such as surveys, interviews, focus groups, and SWOT analysis.

CO4: Examine the change management process, including planning, communication strategies, stakeholder analysis, and resistance management.

CO5: Evaluate implementation strategies for organizational change, emphasizing the role of leadership, change plans, and building a supportive organizational culture.

CO6: Apply organizational development interventions at individual, team, and organizational levels, including coaching, mentoring, team building, structural change, and cultural transformation.

ſ	Unit 1	Introduction to Organizational Effectiveness and Change: Definition and Importance													
		of Organizational Effectiveness, Approaches to Measuring Organizational													
		Effectiveness. Concept of Organizational Change, Types of Organizational Change:													
		Developmental, Transitional, Transformational													
0	Unit 2	Theories and Models of Change:Lewin's Change Management ModelKotter's 8-Step													



	Change Model, ADKAR Model, McKinsey 7-S Framework, Systems Theory and
	Change
Unit 3	Diagnosing Organizational Effectiveness
	Diagnostic Models: Weisbord's Six-Box Model, Burke-Litwin Model, Methods of
	Diagnosis:Surveys, Interviews, Focus GroupsSWOT Analysis, Data Collection and
	Analysis
Unit 4	Change Management ProcessPlanning and Preparing for ChangeCommunication
	Strategies for Change, Stakeholder Analysis and Management, Resistance to Change:
	Causes and Overcoming Resistance
Unit 5	Implementing Organizational Change:Developing a Change Plan
	Change Implementation Strategies, Role of Leadership in Change, Building a Change-
	Supportive Culture
Unit 6	Organizational Development InterventionsIndividual-Level Interventions: Coaching,
	Mentoring, Training, Team-Level Interventions: Team Building, Conflict Resolution,
	Role Clarification, Organizational-Level Interventions: Structural Change, Culture
	Change, Technology Change

- Cummings, T. G. & Worley C. G. Organization Development and Change, 10th edition. Cengage Learning, 2015.
- French, W. L., Bell Jr, C. H., Vohra, V. Organization Development: Behavioral Science Interventions for Organizational Improvement, Sixth edition, Pearson Education, 2017.
- Raina, R. Change Management and Organizational Development. SAGE Publications Pvt. Ltd., 2018.
- 4) Singh. K. Organisational Change and Development, Excel Books, 2010.

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COs \ Map ping	P 0 1	P O 2	P O 3	Р О 4	Р О 5	Р О 6	P O 7	P O 8	Р О 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O1	PS O2	PS O3	PS O4	PS O5	PS O6	PS O7
CO1:	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3



CO2:	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO3:	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4:	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO5:	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO6:	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
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Relevance

1 = Low Relevance Blank = No Direct

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Paper - MBA 03-PS 016

PROJECT VIVA ON SIP

Introduction: The Summer Internship Program (SIP) is a crucial component of the MBA curriculum, designed to bridge the gap between academic learning and practical industry experience. It provides students with hands-on exposure to real-world business environments, enabling them to apply theoretical concepts to practical situations. Through SIP, students gain insights into corporate operations, decision-making processes, market dynamics, and business challenges, enhancing their analytical and problem-solving skills.During the internship, students undertake industry-specific projects, interact with professionals, and work on real-time business issues. The Project Viva serves as an evaluation process where students present their internship experiences, research findings, and key learnings, demonstrating their ability to analyze and provide strategic recommendations for business improvement.

Course Outcomes (COs)

CO1: Understand the structure, functions, and operational aspects of the organization where the internship was conducted.

CO2: Apply theoretical concepts from various management disciplines to analyze and solve real-world business challenges.

CO3: Develop research and analytical skills by conducting market analysis, financial assessments, or operational evaluations during the internship.

CO4: Demonstrate problem-solving and decision-making abilities through data-driven insights and business recommendations.

CO5: Enhance communication, teamwork, and leadership skills through professional interactions and project execution.

CO6: Reflect on personal and professional growth, identifying key takeaways from the internship that contribute to career development. $U_{0,0}$

The Project Work will comprise Report of 30 marks and viva of 70 marks. Candidates will have to submit a Project Report on a problem/topic (from the Specialization areas) under the supervision of a core faculty member of the Department of Management. The report will contain the objectives and scope of the study, Research Methodology, use, importance of the study, analysis of data collected, conclusions and recommendations. It will contain relevant charts, diagrams and bibliography. A certificate of the Supervisor and the Head of the MBA program certifying the authenticity of the report shall be attached therewith. The student will submit three copies of the report to the Head of the MBA program. The number of pages in 4 the report will be 60 or more. The report should be typed in A-4 size paper. The comprehensive viva voce is scheduled at the end of IV Semester in order to judge the understanding as well as application of the knowledge gained by the students by the end of 4th Semester. This is also to see the articulation of what is being learnt by them. The idea is to see that students are able to digest what is being taught in two full year and see their relevance not only in the practical field but also their inter relationship.

Cour	se A	rtic	ulat	ion	Mat	trix -	– M	BA ()3-P	S 01	6 (Pi	rojec	t Viv	a or	I SIP)			
COs \ Map ping	P 0 1	P O 2	P O 3	Р О 4	Р О 5	Р О 6	P O 7	P O 8	P O 9	PO 10	PO. 11	PO 12	PS O1	PS O2	PS O3	PS O4	PS O5	PS O6	PS O7
CO1:	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO2:	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO3:	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4:	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	- 3	3
CO5:	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	- 3	3	3	3	3	3
CO6:	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
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SPECIALIZATION

MARKETING

Paper - MBA 03-MM 01

ADVERTISING & SALES MANAGEMENT

Introduction : The Advertising and Sales Management course provides students with a comprehensive understanding of advertising strategies, campaign planning, sales processes, and sales force management. It covers key aspects such as advertising objectives, media selection, creative strategy, sales forecasting, budgeting, and performance evaluation. Students will learn how to develop effective advertising campaigns, manage sales teams, and measure advertising and sales effectiveness to drive business growth.

Course Outcomes (COs)

CO1: Understand the fundamental concepts, importance, and types of advertising, along with the advertising planning and execution process.

CO2: Analyze advertising research, campaign planning, budgeting techniques, and creative strategies for message development.

CO3: Evaluate advertising effectiveness using pre-testing, post-testing, and ROI metrics while understanding ethical and legal considerations in advertising.

CO4: Understand the principles of sales management, including the sales process, different sales types, and techniques for handling customer objections.

CO5: Develop strategies for sales force management, including recruitment, training, motivation, and territory allocation.

CO6: Apply sales planning and control techniques such as sales forecasting, budgeting, quota setting, and performance analysis to optimize sales operations.

Unit 1	Introduction to Advertising	
	Definition and Importance: Role of Advertising in Marketing and Business	
	Types of Advertising: Print, Broadcast, Outdoor, Digital, and Social Media	
	Advertising Objectives: Awareness, Persuasion, Reminder	2



	Advertising Process: Planning, Creation, Media Selection, Execution, Evaluation								
Unit 2	Advertising Campaign Planning								
	Advertising Research: Market Research, Consumer Insights, Competitor Analysis, Setting								
19 A	Advertising Objectives: SMART Objectives								
	Budgeting: Methods (Affordable, Percentage of Sales, Competitive Parity, Objective and								
	Task), Creative Strategy: Message Development, Copywriting, Visual Elements								
Unit 3	Advertising Effectiveness and Ethics								
	Measuring Effectiveness: Pre-testing, Post-testing, Metrics (ROI, Brand Recall, Sales Impact								
	Ethics in Advertising: Truth in Advertising, Ethical Issues, Legal Regulations (ASA, FCC)								
	Social Responsibility: Cause-Related Advertising, Public Service Announcements								
Unit 4	Introduction to Sales Management								
	Sales Management Overview: Role, Importance, and Functions								
	Sales Process: Prospecting, Pre-approach, Approach, Presentation, Handling Objections,								
	Closing, Follow-up								
	Types of Sales: B2B, B2C, Direct, Indirect								
Unit 5	Sales Force Management								
	Sales Force Recruitment and Selection: Process, Criteria								
	Sales Training: Methods, Evaluation								
	Sales Force Motivation: Incentives, Recognition, Career Path								
	Sales Territory Management: Territory Design, Allocation, Route Planning								
	Sales Planning and Control								
Unit 6	Sales Forecasting: Methods (Qualitative, Quantitative)								
	Sales Budgeting: Objectives, Methods, Allocation								
	Sales Quotas: Types, Setting, Monitoring								
	Sales Analysis: Performance Metrics, Sales Reports, Dashboard								

- 1. Belch M A and Belch G E- "Advertising and Promotion An Integrated Marketing Communication Perspective", 9th E., Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2014
- 2. Kenneth Clow and Donald Baack, "Integrated Advertisements, Promotion and Marketing Communication", 6th Ed., Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2013
- Larry D. Kelly, Donald W. Jugenheimer, "Advertising Media Planning A Brand Management Approach", PHI, New Delhi, 2013
- 4. Spiro, R., Stanton, W., and Rich, G., *Management of a Sales Force*, Tata McGraw -Hill Education



5. Still, R. R., Edward, C. W., and Govoni, A. P., Sales Management: Decisions, Strategies and Case, Pearson Education

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COs \ Map ping	P 0 1	Р О 2	P O 3	Р О 4	Р О 5	Р О 6	Р О 7	P O 8	P O 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O1	PS O2	PS O3	PS O4	PS O5	PS O6	PS O7
CO1:	3	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO2:	3	- 3	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO3:	3	3	3	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO4:	3	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO5:	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	* 3	2	3
CO6:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
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2 = Moderate

Relevance

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1 = Low Relevance

Blank = No Direct

Paper - MBA 03-MM 02

INTERNATIONAL MARKETING

Introduction : The course provides students with a deep understanding of global marketing strategies, market entry approaches, international trade regulations, and financial institutions that impact global business operations. It covers critical topics such as international market research, marketing mix strategies, foreign market entry methods, and payment instruments used in cross-border transaction. By integrating theoretical concepts with practical case studies, students develop the analytical and strategic skills necessary to navigate complex global markets and expand business opportunities worldwide.

Course Outcomes (COs)

CO1: Understand the fundamental concepts, benefits, and challenges of international marketing, including the EPRG framework and differences from domestic marketing.

CO2: Analyze the international marketing environment, including political, economic, social, cultural, and technological factors influencing global business decisions.



CO3: Evaluate the role of international financial institutions such as the **World Bank, IMF, UNCTAD, and WTO** in shaping global trade and economic policies.

CO4: Assess various foreign market entry strategies, including **exporting**, **franchising**, **joint ventures**, **mergers**, **and foreign direct investment**, to determine the best approach for business expansion.

CO5: Develop expertise in **international marketing research**, including market surveys, marketing information systems, and consumer insights for global market decision-making.

CO6: Apply the international marketing mix, focusing on product planning, pricing, distribution, logistics, and promotional strategies for effective global marketing.

Unit 1	International Marketing – An Introduction
	Introduction and Meaning, Nature, Benefits/Need/ Importance, Difficulties in
	International Marketing, Difference between Domestic Marketing and
	International Marketing, EPRG Framework.
Unit 2	International Marketing Environment
	Definition, Characteristics, Components/Types or Factors Affecting
	International Marketing Environment, Importance/Need of the study of
	International Marketing Environment.
Unit 3	International Financial Institutions
	Introduction, World Bank, IMF, UNCTAD, WTO
Unit 4	Foreign Market Entry Strategies
	Introduction, Foreign Market entry Strategies - Exporting, Licensing &
	Franchising, Contract Manufacturing, Management Contracting, Wholly
	Owned Subsidiaries, Foreign Direct Investment, Joint Venture, Mergers &
	Acquisitions, Strategic Alliances, Turnkey Projects
Unit 5	International Marketing Research
	Introduction, Concept of Marketing Research, Need for Marketing Research,
	Scope of International Marketing Research, International Marketing Research
	Process, Market Surveys, Marketing Information System.
18	International Marketing Mix
Unit 6	Introduction and Components of International Marketing Mix, Product



	Planning for International Markets, International Pricing, International
	Distribution and Logistics Planning, International Promotional Strategies
Unit 7	Instrument of Payment: Bills of Exchange, Letter of Credit.
	Emerging Trends in International Marketing: Impact of Technology on
	International Marketing, Sustainability and Green Marketing in International
	Context, E-commerce and Mobile Marketing, Future Trends and Challenges in
	International Marketing. Case Study

- 1. Global Marketing, Third Edition, by Warren and Mark C. Green, Prentice Hall
- Philip. R. Cateora, John. L. Graham. Prasanth Salwan, International Marketing, Tata Mcgraw Hill, 13th edition, (2008)
- Onkvisit, Sak., and John J.Shaw., International Marketing, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 1997.
- 4. Ashoke Korwar, Creating Markets across the Globe, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1997
- 5. Michael R. Czinkota, Ilkka A. Ronkainen, International Marketing, 10e, Cengage, 2017
- 6. Justin Paul, Ramneek Kapoor, International Marketing: Text and Cases, 2e, TMH, 2012

Cour	se A	rtic	ulat	ion	Mat	trix -	- M	BA ()3-N	/M ()2 (Ir	nterr	natio	nal	Marl	ketin	g)		
COs \ Map ping	P 0 1	P O 2	P O 3	Р О 4	Р О 5	P O 6	Р О 7	P O 8	P O 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O1	PS O2	PS O3	PS O4	PS O5	PS O6	PS O7
CO1:	3	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO2:	3	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO3:	3	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO4:	3	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO5:	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
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3 = High Relevance

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1 = Low Relevance

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SPECIALIZATION

FINANCE

Paper - MBA 03-FM 01

SECURITY ANALYSIS AND PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

Introduction: The course provides students with a strong foundation in investment principles, risk assessment, portfolio construction, and financial markets. It covers essential topics such as risk-return analysis, asset classes, investment strategies, fixed-income securities, and diversification techniques. The course also delves into mathematical models for risk-adjusted returns, bond valuation, and modern portfolio theories, equipping students with analytical tools to make informed investment decisions. Through practical case studies, students gain insights into real-world financial markets, risk mitigation strategies, and investment portfolio optimization.

Course Outcomes (COs)

CO1: Understand the fundamentals of investment management, including investment alternatives, financial markets, and asset classes such as debt, equity, mutual funds, and derivatives.

CO2: Analyze risk and return concepts, including systematic and unsystematic risks, financial mathematics, time value of money, and methods for measuring investment returns.

CO3: Evaluate risk-adjusted return models using Sharpe, Treynor, and Jensen indices to assess investment performance.

CO4: Examine fixed-income securities such as bonds, government securities, bond pricing, yield calculations, and interest rate risks, including duration and modified duration as risk measures.

CO5: Develop portfolio management strategies, including portfolio construction, investment policies, tax considerations, liquidity management, and cash flow matching techniques.

CO6: Apply diversification strategies using Markowitz Theory, Single Index Model, Capital Asset Pricing Model (CAPM), and Arbitrage Pricing Theory (APT) to optimize risk-adjusted returns.



Unit 1	Fundamentals of Investment management - Basics of Investment, Introduction,
	need for Investment, investment versus speculation, Financial Markets,
	Investment alternatives and their comparison on various parameters as safety,
	liquidity and growth, the investment triangle. Introduction to asset classes debt,
	equity, mutual fund schemes, and derivatives.
Unit 2	Risk and Return - Introduction to the concept of risk and return, types of
	investment risks, classification of investment risks, systematic risk, and
	unsystematic risk various methods to measure investment returns. Financial
	Mathematics, Time Value of Money, Present Value and future value of single
	amount, annuity etc, Relationship Between risk and return. Real, Nominal and
	Effective rate of return, Compounding and discounting.
Unit 3	Measurement of Risk adjusted returns- Sharpe, Treynor and Jensen index.
Unit 4	Fixed income securities - Bond Principles, Characteristics of Bonds,
	Identification of Bonds, Classification of Bonds, Government Bonds Terms of
	Repayments, Bond Cash Flows, Convertible Bonds, Bond Pricing and returns,
	Valuation equations, Yield to maturity, Realized Compound yield, term
	structure of interest rate, Price risk, Convenience risk, Interest rate risk.
	Duration as a measure of interest rate risk, the concept of Modified duration.
Unit 5	Portfolio Construction - Portfolio Objectives, Setting portfolio objectives,
	Investment Policy versus Investment Strategy, Portfolio objectives, traditional
	portfolio objectives, Tax considerations, Impact of taxation, Portfolio splitting,
	liquidity, role of cash, cash Matching , duration matching
	Diversification - The concept of risk aversion, Diversifying the risks, role of un
Unit 6	correlated securities, the mathematics of diversification- Single Index Model,
	Computational advantages, Index model, Markowitz theory, Capital asset
	Pricing Model - Systematic and Unsystematic Risk, Correlation of returns,
	Beta, arbitrage Pricing theory, Comparison of CAPM and APT, The Security
	Market Line, Efficient Market Hypothesis, case study.
	1

 Chandra, P. (2017). Investment analysis and Portfolio Management,. New Delhi: McGrawHill Education.



- 2) Kevin, S. (2015). Securities Analysis and Portfolio Management. New Delhi: Prentice-Hall of India Pvt.Ltd.
- Khatri, D K. (2012). Security Analysis and Portfolio Management, New Delhi: Macmillan

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COs \ Map ping	P 0 1	P O 2	Р О З	Р О 4	P O 5	Р О 6	Р О 7	P O 8	P O 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O1	PS O2	PS O3	PS O4	PS O5	PS O6	PS O7
CO1:	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	3
CO2:	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	3
CO3:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO4:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
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Paper – MBA 03-FM 02

TAX MANAGEMENT

Introduction : The course enables students to analyze tax implications for individuals, businesses, and companies, helping them develop tax-efficient strategies for compliance and financial planning. Additionally, students will gain insights into return filing, set-off and carry-forward of losses, and GST implementation, ensuring they are well-equipped to handle taxation challenges in professional and business environments.

Course Outcomes (COs)

CO1: Understand the fundamental concepts of income tax laws, including the Income Tax Act, 1961, residential status, and incidence of tax for individuals and businesses.

CO2: Analyze exempted incomes under Section 10 and compute tax liability under the head of salaries, including allowances, perquisites, and retirement benefits.



CO3: Compute taxable income under the head of house property and business or profession, considering deductions, depreciation, and deemed profits.

CO4: Assess tax implications under capital gains and income from other sources, including dividend taxation, casual income, and deductions under Section 57.

CO5: Apply permissible deductions under Sections 80C to 80U, understand tax computation, set-off, carry-forward of losses, and income tax return filing procedures (ITR 1, ITR 2, etc.).

CO6: Understand Goods and Services Tax (GST), including its structure (CGST, SGST, UTGST, IGST), tax collection, scope of supply, composite and mixed supplies, and e-commerce taxation under GST.

Unit 1	Basic Concepts and definitions
	Income Tax Act, 1961, Basic Concepts: Person. Income, Assessment year,
	Previous year & exceptions, Residential Status and Incidence of Tax of
	Individual, HUF and Company,
Unit 2	Exempted Incomes and Income under the head Salaries
	Exempted Incomes (Sec.10)
	Income under the head salaries: Meaning of Salary, Allowances, Valuation &
	Taxability of Perquisites, Gratuity, Death cum Retirement benefits, Deductions
	against Salary.
Unit 3	Income under the Head House Property & Business or Profession
Chirt	Income under the Head House Property: computation of gross annual value,
	net annual value, MRV, FRV, Actual rent, deduction u/s 24, interest on
	borrowed loan.
	Income under the Head Business or Profession and its computation: basic
~	method of accounting- scheme of business deductions/ allowance- deemed
TT 14 4	profits- maintenance of books, Depreciation.
Unit 4	Income under the Head capital gain & other sources
	Income under the Head capital gain: Income under capital gain, basis of
	charge, transfers of capital asset, inclusion & exclusion from capital asset,
	capital gain, computation of capital gain, deductions from capital gains.
	Income from other sources: dividend, casual incomes, deemed income u/s 59,
	deduction allowable u/ s 57.
	Deductions

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Unit 5	Permissible deductions under section 80C to 80U, computation of tax liability
	of Individuals, Set off and carry forward of losses. Filling of Return and
	Assessment Procedures (Sec- 139 to 154)
	Return of income (sec 139), return forms, (ITR 1, ITR2 etc), filing return of
	loss [sec. 139(3)], Belated IT Return (sec 139(4), Revised IT Return [sec.
	139(5)], Defective or Incomplete IT return [Sec. 139(9)], Sec. 139b to Sec.
	154.
Unit 6	Meaning : Indirect tax , stages and evaluation of goods and services tax,
	subsuming of taxes, Constitutional background, structure of GST- CGST,
	SGST, UTGST,& IGST, Benefits of implementing GST, GSTN- structure,
	features and function.
	Levy and collection of GST
	Levy and collection of tax, rates of GST, scope of supply, composite and
	mixed supplies and E- commerce under GST, liability to pay tax, Time of
	supply of Goods, place of supply.

- Ahuja, G. K. and Gupta, R. (2015). Corporate Tax Planning and Management. New Delhi:
- 2) Bharat Law House.
- Singhania, M. & Singhania, V K. (2016). Corporate Tax Planning & Business Tax Procedures with case studies. Kolkata: Taxmann.
- 4) Chaudhary, P T. (2005). Tax Planning,. New Delhi: Shree Niwas publications.
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CO2:	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	3
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SPECIALIZATION

HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

Paper - MBA 03-HR 01

TRAINING AND DEVELOPMENT

Introduction : The course provides students with a comprehensive understanding of how training enhances employee skills, performance, and organizational success. It covers key topics such as training needs analysis, program design, and implementation, evaluation, and employee development strategies. The course integrates learning theories, instructional design models, and training delivery methods to help students design effective training programs, it explores career development, leadership training, and succession planning, ensuring students gain practical insights into workforce development. Case studies will provide real-world applications of training and development strategies in organizations.

Course Outcomes (COs)

CO1: Understand the fundamental concepts, importance, and systematic approach to training and development in organizations.

CO2: Conduct Training Needs Analysis (TNA) at organizational, task, and individual levels, including competency mapping for workforce planning.

CO3: Design structured training programs using instructional design models (ADDIE, etc.), training objectives, and diverse learning methods.

CO4: Implement training programs by selecting appropriate training delivery methods, managing logistics, and utilizing blended learning approaches.

CO5: Evaluate training effectiveness using models such as Kirkpatrick's Four-Level Evaluation Model and ROI analysis, ensuring continuous program improvement.



CO6: Develop strategies for employee growth, including career development, succession planning, leadership development, mentoring, and coaching.

Unit 1	Introduction to Training and Development
	Concept and Importance: Definition of training and development, its importance in
	organizations, and its role in employee growth and organizational success.
	Difference between Training and Development: Distinction between training,
	development, and education.
	Theories of Learning: Various learning theories and their application in training and
	development.
-	Training and Development as a System: Systematic approach to training and
	development.
Unit 2	Training Needs Analysis (TNA)
	Training Needs Assessment: Concept, significance, and methods of conducting a
	training needs assessment.
	Organizational Analysis: Assessing training needs at the organizational level.
	Task Analysis: Identifying training needs related to specific job tasks.
	Person Analysis: Determining training needs for individual employees.
	Competency Mapping: Understanding competencies and their role in TNA.
Unit 3	Designing Training Programs
	Training Objectives: Setting clear and measurable training objectives.
	Instructional Design Models: ADDIE model (Analysis, Design, Development,
	Implementation, Evaluation) and other instructional design frameworks.
	Training Methods and Techniques: Classroom training, e-learning, on-the-job
	training, simulations, role-playing, case studies.
Unit 4	Implementation of Training
	Training Delivery: Choosing appropriate training methods and ensuring effective
	delivery. Trainer's Role: Skills and qualities of an effective trainer.
	Training Logistics: Planning and organizing training sessions, including venue,
	materials, and equipment. Blended Learning: Combining traditional and digital
	learning methods.
Unit 5	Evaluation of Training and Development
	Training Evaluation Models: Kirkpatrick's Four-Level Training Evaluation Model,
	ROI (Return on Investment) in Training.

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	Feedback Mechanisms: Collecting and using feedback to improve training programs.
	Measuring Training Effectiveness: Techniques for assessing the impact of training
	on individual and organizational performance.
	Continuous Improvement: Using evaluation data to make ongoing improvements to
	training programs.
Unit 6	Employee Development
	Career Development: Concepts and practices related to employee career
	development. Succession Planning: Identifying and developing future leaders within
	the organization. Leadership Development: Programs and strategies for developing
	leadership skills.Mentoring and Coaching: Importance, techniques, and best
	practices for mentoring and coaching employees. Case Studies

- 1. Blanchard, Nick P., Thacker, James, W.; Effective Training: Systems, Strategies and Practices; Pearson Education
- 2. Raymond Noe; Employee Training and Development; McGraw Hill
- 3. Lynton, Rolf P. and Pareek, Udai; Training for Development; Sage Publication
- 4. Pareek, Udai; Training Instruments in HRD and OD; McGraw Hill
- 5. Sahu, R.K.; Training for Development: All you need to know; Excel Books

Course Articulation Matrix – MBA 03-HR 01 (Training and Development)																			
COs \ Map ping	P 0 1	P O 2	Р О З	Р О 4	P O 5	P O 6	P O 7	P O 8	P O 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O1	PS O2	PS O3	PS O4	PS O5	PS O6	PS O7
CO1:	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO2:	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO3:	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	2	Ź	3	2	2	3	3.	3	3	3	3	3
CO4:	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO5:	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO6:	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3



Paper - MBA 03-HR 02

LABOUR LAW

Introduction: The course provides students with a thorough understanding of employee relations, workplace discipline, labour laws, and industrial dispute resolution. It covers essential aspects such **as** trade unionism, collective bargaining, grievance management, and social security legislation, equipping students with knowledge of employee rights, employer obligations, and dispute resolution mechanisms.

Course Outcomes (COs)

CO1: Understand the concept, scope, and objectives of industrial relations, including trade unionism, bipartism, and tripartism in the workplace.

CO2: Analyze causes of employee indiscipline, grievance management procedures, and collective bargaining strategies to prevent and resolve industrial disputes.

CO3: Evaluate the principles and impact of labour legislation, including the Factories Act, Mines Act, and Contract Labour Act, in protecting workers' rights.

CO4: Examine industrial relations legislations, including the Industrial Disputes Act, Trade Union Act, and Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, and their significance in managing employer-employee relationships.

CO5: Assess social security legislations, such as the Employees' State Insurance Act, Provident Fund Act, Maternity Benefit Act, and Payment of Gratuity Act, and their role in employee welfare.

CO6: Apply knowledge of labour laws and industrial relations through case studies, analyzing recent trends and workplace challenges in industrial relations.

Unit 1 Industrial Relations

Concept, values, scope and objectives, Actors in IR System, Approaches to Industrial relations: Unitary, Pluralistic, Radical and System; Role of Bipartism and Tripartism, Prerequisites for Successful Industrial Relations, Emerging Trends in Industrial Relations; Trade Unionism :Concept, function and structure, union registration and recognition, Managerial Unionism, Problems of Trade unions, Present trade unionism in India, Role and Future of trade Unions

Case Study: Based on recent organisational practices



Unit 2	Employee Discipline
	Causes of indiscipline and Procedure of management, Hot Stove Rule,
4	Grievances management, Model Grievance Settlement Procedure; Industrial
	Disputes: Concept, types, causes, and Procedure for Prevention and Settlement
	of Disputes; Collective Bargaining: Nature, Scope and Functions, Stages &
	Bargaining Process, Recent Trends in Collective Bargaining, Workers'
	participation in Management: Concept, scope and objectives, Forms and
	Levels of WPM, Workers' participation in Indian Industries.
	Case Study: Based on recent organizational practices
Unit 3	
Unit 3	Introduction to Labour Legislation
	Concept, Need, Objectives, Scope & Classification, Principles of Labour
	Legislation, Impact of ILO on LL, Constitution and LL, Labour Administrative
	Machinery in India: Protective Labour Legislations: Factories Act 1948, Mines
	Act 1952, Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act 1970.
	Case Study: Based on recent organisational practices.
Unit 4	Industrial Relations Legislations
	Industrial Disputes Act 1947, Trade Union Act 1926, Industrial Employment
	(Standing Orders) Act 1946.Wage Legislations: The Minimum Wages Act
	1948, Equal Remuneration Act 1976.
Unit 5	Social Security Legislations : Employees State Insurance Act 1948, Employees
	Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act 1952, Maternity Benefit Act
	1961, Payment of Gratuity Act 1972, Cases.
Unit 6	Case Study: Based on recent organizational practices

- 1) Arun Monappa (2012). Industrial Relations. New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing company Ltd.
- Mamoria C.B, Mamoria, G. (2010). Dynamics of Industrial Relations. New Delhi: Himalayan Publications,
- Verma, P. (1991). Management of Industrial Relations Reading and cases. Oxford and IBH publications.
- 4) Padhi, P.K. (2012). Labour & Industrial Laws. New Delhi: PHI Learning P. Ltd.



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- 5) Kapoor, N.D. (2014). Elements of Mercantile Law. New Delhi: S.Chand & Co.
- 6) Pylee, P V. & A Simon George. (1995). Industrial relations and personnel Management. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
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COs \ Map ping	P 0 1	P O 2	Р О З	Р О 4	Р О 5	Р О 6	P O 7	P O 8	P O 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O1	PS O2	PS O3	PS O4	PS O5	PS O6	PS O7
CO1:	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	3
CO2:	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	3
CO3:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO4:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO5:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO6:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
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2 = Moderate

Relevance

1 = Low Relevance Blank = No Direct

Mapping

SPECIALIZATION

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

Paper - MBA 03-IT 01

DATA COMMUNICATION & NETWORKING

Introduction: The course also introduces students to LAN, WAN, and MAN technologies, equipping them with the knowledge to design, implement, and secure data communication networks. Practical applications, including modulation, multiplexing, encryption, and error detection techniques, help students understand the challenges and solutions in modern networking environments.

Course Outcomes (COs)

CO1: Understand the fundamental concepts of data communication, network topologies, types of networks (LAN, WAN, MAN), and hardware requirements.



CO2: Analyze different transmission media, including metallic, optical fiber, and wireless communication technologies, and their applications.

CO3: Evaluate transmission technologies, including baseband and broadband transmission, analog and digital signals, modulation techniques, and transmission impairments.

CO4: Explain data transmission modes (simplex, half-duplex, full-duplex), serial and parallel transmission, multiplexing, and data compression techniques.

CO5: Assess switching concepts, network interconnections, and devices such as repeaters, bridges, routers, and gateways for efficient data communication.

CO6: Apply data security and integrity measures, including error detection and correction, encryption and decryption, digital signatures, and protection against cyber threats like viruses, worms, and hacking.

Unit 1	Data Communication Concepts Network topologies Bus/Tree topology, ring
	topology, star topology, types of networks - LAN, WAN, MAN, Hardware
	requirement of a Network, future of data communications
Unit 2	Transmission Media: The electrical interface o Metallic media, Optical fiber
	media, Wireless media (line-of-sight media)
Unit 3	Transmission Technologies: Baseband and broadband transmission,
	Transmission bandwidth (link capacity), Analog and digital signals,
	Modulation and demodulation, modems and modem standards, Transmission
	impairments
Unit 4	Data Transmission: Transmission modes: Simplex, half-duplex, full-duplex
Unit 4	
	communications, Serial and parallel transmission, Synchronous and
	Asynchronous transmission, Interface standards, Multiplexing of signals, Data
	compression
Unit 5	Switching concepts: Switching and its objective, types of switching
	Network Interconnections (Internetworking): LAN-to-LAN connections and
	LAN-to-Host connections, Repeaters, Bridges, Routers, and Gateways,
	Interconnection utilities, LAN Technology: LAN architecture, Bus, Tree
	LAN; Ring &: star LANs. Ethemet and fast Ethemet
	Data Security and Integrity: Error detection and correction, Encryption and
Unit 6	decryption, Viruses, worms, and hacking, Public key encryption and Digital
	Signature

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- 3. Tanenbaum, A. S. Computer Networks. 4th ed. Upper Saddle River, NJ : Prentice Hall, 2003. ISBN: 0130661023.
- Stevens. TCP/IP Illustrated. Reading, MA: Addison-Wesley Pub. Co., c1994-c1996. ISBN: 0201633469.
- Kleinrock, Leonard. Queueing Systems, Vol 1: Theory. New York, NY: Wiley J., 1975. ISBN: 0471491101.

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COs \ Map ping	P 0 1	P O 2	Р О З	Р О 4	P O 5	Р О 6	Р О 7	P O 8	P O 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O1	PS O2	PS O3	PS O4	PS O5	PS O6	PS O7
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CO2:	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	3
CO3:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO4:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO5:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
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Paper - MBA 03-IT 02

SYSTEM ANALYSIS & DESIGN

Introduction : The course equips students with technical and analytical skills required to develop, analyze, and optimize business information systems, preparing them for careers in IT consulting, system development, and business process management.

Course Outcomes (COs)

CO1: Understand the fundamental concepts of systems, system types, information management, and system attributes in an organizational context.

CO2: Analyze system architecture, system elements, entity relationships, and the Systems Development Life Cycle (SDLC), including feasibility analysis, planning, and implementation.

CO3: Utilize structured analysis tools such as Data Flow Diagrams (DFD), Decision Trees, Decision Tables, and System Design Methodologies for system evaluation and improvement.

CO4: Implement system solutions by selecting appropriate hardware, software, project teams, and change management strategies, ensuring smooth system integration.

CO5: Examine e-commerce systems (B2B, B2C, C2C), web-based architecture, and internetbased application development for modern business solutions.

CO6: Explore advanced topics such as CASE tools, Rapid Application Development (RAD), Prototyping, ERP systems, and cloud-based solutions, adapting to the latest trends in system development.

Unit 1	Introduction to System: Definition of a System, Components of System,
	Types of Systems, Delineating Systems, Products, and Tools, Analytical
	Representation of a System: Systems that require engineering. Data and
	Information: Types of information: operational, tactical, strategic and
	statutory – why do we need information systems – management structure
	- requirements of information at different levels of management -
	functional allocation of management – requirements of information for
	various functions System Attributes, Properties, and
	Characteristics: Introduction: Overview of Attributes, Properties,
	Characteristics and elements of system

Unit 2	The Architecture of Systems: Introduction: Introducing the System
	Architecture Construct: Introduction of the System Elements:
	Understanding System Element Entity Relationships: Guiding Principles:
	The Systems Development Life Cycle: Feasibility: Analysis: Planning
	and Design: Implementation: Testing, Maintenance. Requirements
	determination, requirements specifications, Feasibility analysis, final
	specifications, hardware and software study, Role of systems analyst -
	attributes of a systems analyst – tools used in system analysis
Unit 3	System Analysis: Introduction to System analysis, Problem Definition,
	Information requirements, Information gathering tools, Tools of
	structured Analysis – Data Flow Diagrams, Data Dictionary, Decision
	Tree, Decision tables and structured English. System Design: System
	design, system implementation, system evaluation, system modification,
	Structured Design, Input design, and Output design, Form
	Design. Systems Development Methodologies: Rapid Application
	Development, Newer (current) methodologies, selecting the Appropriate
	Development Methodology
Unit 4	System Implementation: Implementation Plan, activity network for
	conversion, combating resistance to change. Hardware/Software
	Selection: Procedure for selection, Major phases in selection, Make v/s
	buys decision, Criteria for software selection. Project Team Skills and
	Roles: Skills and Roles of a Project Team, Business Analyst, Systems
	Analyst, Infrastructure Analyst, Change Management Analyst, Project
	Manager
Unit 5	Systems analysis and design in the era of electronic commerce: B2B,
	B2C and C2C; e-commerce – advantages and disadvantages of e-
	commerce. E-commerce system architecture – physical networks, logical
	network, World Wide Web, web-services – html, XML
Unit 6	Advanced Topics in System Analysis and Design: Introduction to CASE
	tools, Rapid application development (RAD, Prototyping, Enterprise
	resource planning (ERP) systems, Cloud-based systems



- 1. Elias m. Awad: System Analysis and Design
- 2. Perry Edwards: System Analysis & design Mc Graw Hill
- 3. Rojer S. Pressman : Software Engineering : A Practitioners Approach, MCH
- 4. Pankaj Jalote: An Integrated Approach to Software Engineering; Springer.
- 5. J. L. Whitten & L. D. Bentley : System Analysis and Design Method; TMH
- 6. J. B. Dixit & Rajkumar: Structured system Analysis and Dseign; University Science Press
- 7. K.C. Landon & J. P.Landon: MIS ; Macmillan

Cour	Course Articulation Matrix – MBA 03-IT 02 (System Analysis & Design)																		
COs \ Map ping	Р О 1	Р О 2	Р О З	Р О 4	Р О 5	Р О 6	Р О 7	P O 8	P O 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O1	PS O2	PS O3	PS O4	PS O5	PS O6	PS O7
CO1:	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	3
CO2:	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	3
CO3:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO4:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO5:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO6:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

SPECIALIZATION

SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT

Paper - MBA 03-SCM 01

LOGISTICS MANAGEMENT

Introduction : The course also emphasizes the role of technology, cost management, and regulatory policies in logistics, preparing students to handle global logistics challenges, sustainability, and strategic decision-making. Practical insights into transportation economics, inventory control techniques, and facility planning equip students with the skills needed to optimize supply chain operations.



Course Outcomes (COs)

CO1: Understand the definition, scope, objectives, and functions of logistics management, along with its role in modern business operations.

CO2: Analyze supply chain components, information and material flow, and the strategic integration of logistics as a competitive advantage.

CO3: Evaluate transportation management, including different modes of transportation, cost structures, selection criteria, and regulatory issues.

CO4: Apply warehousing and inventory management techniques such as EOQ, JIT, and ABC analysis to enhance logistics efficiency.

CO5: Assess order processing systems, logistics information systems (LIS), and ERP technologies for improved supply chain coordination.

CO6: Design logistics networks, including location analysis, facility planning, and distribution strategies, for efficient supply chain operations.

Unit 1	Introduction to Logistics											
	Definition and Scope: Definition of Logistics and Supply Chain Management,											
	Importance of Logistics in Business											
	Historical Perspective: Evolution of Logistics											
	Objectives and Functions: Key Objectives of Logistics, Core Functions:											
	Transportation, Warehousing, Inventory Management											
Unit 2	Logistics and Supply Chain Management											
	Supply Chain Components: Suppliers, Manufacturers, Distributors, Retailers,											
	Customers											
	Integration of Supply Chain: Information Flow, Material Flow											
	Logistics as a Competitive Advantage: Customer Service and Logistics, Cost											
	Reduction and Efficiency											
Unit 3	Transportation Management											
	Modes of Transportation: Road, Rail, Air, Water, Pipeline											
	Transport Selection and Management: Factors Influencing Transportation											
	Mode, Cost, Speed, Reliability											
	Transportation Economics: Cost Structures, Pricing											
	Legal and Regulatory Issues: Transportation Regulations and Policies											
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Unit 4	Warehousing and Inventory Management									
	Role of Warehousing: Types of Warehouses, Functions of Warehousing									
	Inventory Management Techniques: Economic Order Quantity (EOQ), Just-In-									
	Time (JIT), ABC Analysis									
	Warehouse Layout and Design: Optimal Layout Planning, Safety and Security									
	in Warehouses .									
Unit 5	Order Processing and Information Systems									
	Order Processing Systems: Order Cycle Time, Order Fulfillment									
	Logistics Information Systems (LIS): Role of Information Technology in									
	Logistics, ERP Systems, Barcoding and RFID Technology									
Unit 6	Logistics Network Design									
	Network Design and Planning: Location Analysis, Distribution Network									
	Design									
	Strategic and Operational Considerations: Facility Location, Capacity Planning									
	Global Logistics Network: International Logistics, Cross-Border Trade									
Unit 7	Reverse Logistics									
	Concept and Importance: Definition and Scope of Reverse Logistics, Reverse									
	Logistics vs. Forward Logistics									
	Processes and Strategies: Returns Management, Recycling and Disposal									
	Challenges in Reverse Logistics: Cost Implications, Efficiency and									
	Sustainability									

1. Ballou, R. H. (2004). Business Logistics/Supply Chain Management. Pearson.

2. Chopra, S., & Meindl, P. (2015). Supply Chain Management: Strategy, Planning, and Operation. Pearson.

3. Christopher, M. (2016). Logistics & Supply Chain Management. Pearson.

4. Waters, D. (2009). Supply Chain Management: An Introduction to Logistics. Palgrave Macmillan.

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Jamshedpul

Course Articulation Matrix – MBA 03-SCM 01 (Logistics Management)																			
COs \ Map ping	P 0 1	P O 2	P O 3	Р О 4	Р О 5	Р О 6	P O 7	P O 8	P 0 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O1	PS O2	PS O3	PS O4	PS O5	PS O6	PS O7
CO1:	3	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO2:	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO3:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO4:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO5:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO6:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
3 = High Relevance																			
2 = Moderate												3							
Pelevance																			

Relevance

1 = Low Relevance Blank = No Direct

Mapping

Paper - MBA 03-SCM 02 SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT

Introduction: The course also explores modern supply chain strategies, lean manufacturing, and logistics management, helping students develop expertise in streamlining processes, reducing costs, and improving efficiency in the supply chain .The course equips students with practical supply chain management skills, preparing them for careers in logistics, procurement, operations management, and global supply chain strategy.

Course Outcomes (COs)

CO1: Understand the concept, evolution, objectives, and key components of supply chain management, including suppliers, manufacturers, distributors, and customers.

CO2: Develop supply chain strategies aligned with business objectives, including global supply chain network design and facility location planning.

CO3: Apply demand forecasting and planning techniques, including quantitative and qualitative methods, sales and operations planning (S&OP), and inventory control strategies.

CO4: Analyze procurement processes and supplier relationship management, including strategic sourcing, supplier evaluation, contract management, and negotiation techniques.

CO5: Implement production planning and quality management techniques, including Just-In-Time (JIT), Lean Manufacturing, MRP, Total Quality Management (TQM), and Six Sigma. **CO6:** Evaluate logistics and distribution management, including transportation planning, warehousing, order fulfillment, and customer service strategies.

Unit 1	Introduction to Supply Chain Management									
	Overview of Supply Chain Management (SCM): Definition and Importance of									
	SCM, Objectives and Functions, Key Components of Supply Chain: Suppliers,									
	Manufacturers, Distributors, Retailers, Customers Evolution of SCM:									
	Historical Perspective, Modern Trends in SCM.									
Unit 2	Supply Chain Strategy and Design									
	Strategic Framework: Aligning Supply Chain Strategy with Business Strategy									
	Supply Chain Network Design: Facility Location Decisions, Distribution									
	Network Design, Global Supply Chain Management: Globalization and its									
	Impact, Strategies for Global SCM.									
Unit 3	Demand Forecasting and Planning									
	Demand Forecasting: Importance and Methods of Forecasting, Quantitative									
	and Qualitative Techniques, Sales and Operations Planning (S&OP): Integrated									
	Business Planning, Balancing Supply and Demand, Inventory Management:									
	Types of Inventory, Inventory Control Techniques									
Unit 4	Procurement and Supplier Relationship Management									
	Procurement Process: Strategic Sourcing, Supplier Selection and									
	Evaluation, Supplier Relationship Management (SRM): Building and									
	Maintaining Supplier Relationships, Supplier Performance									
	Management, Contract Management: Negotiation Strategies, Legal and Ethical									
	Issues in Procurement									
Unit 5	Production and Operations Management									
	Production Planning and Control: MRP and MRP II, Just-In-Time (JIT)									
	Production,Lean Manufacturing: Principles and Practices, Waste Reduction									
	Techniques, Quality Management: Total Quality Management (TQM), Six									
	Sigma									
Unit 6	Logistics and Distribution Management									
	Transportation Management: Modes of Transportation, Transportation									
	Planning and Optimization, Warehousing and Distribution: Warehouse									

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Jamshedpur

	Order Fulfillment: Order Processing Systems, Customer Service and Order	
	Accuracy	

1. Chopra, S., & Meindl, P. (2016). Supply Chain Management: Strategy, Planning, and Operation. Pearson.

2. Coyle, J. J., Langley, C. J., Novack, R. A., & Gibson, B. J. (2016). Supply Chain Management: A Logistics Perspective. Cengage Learning.

3. Simchi-Levi, D., Kaminsky, P., & Simchi-Levi, E. (2008). Designing and Managing the Supply Chain: Concepts, Strategies, and Case Studies. McGraw-Hill Education.

4. Ballou, R. H. (2004). Business Logistics/Supply Chain Management: Planning, Organizing, and Controlling the Supply Chain. Pearson.

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6. Burt, D. N., Petcavage, S. D., & Pinkerton, R. L. (2010). Supply Management. McGraw-Hill Education.

Course Articulation Matrix – MBA 03-SCM 02 (Supply Chain Management)																			
COs \ Map ping	P 0 1	P O 2	Р О З	Р О 4	P O 5	P O 6	Р О 7	P O 8	Р О 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O1	PS O2	PS O3	PS O4	PS O5	PS O6	PS O7
CO1:	3	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO2:	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO3:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO4:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO5:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO6:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
3 = High Relevance				e															

2 = Moderate

Relevance

1 = Low Relevance

Blank = No Direct

Mapping


FOURTH SEMESTER

Paper - MBA 04 CESM 017

CORPORATE EVOLUTION & STRATEGIC MANAGEMENT

Introduction: The course provides students with a comprehensive understanding of business strategy, environmental analysis, strategy formulation, and implementation. It covers essential topics such as corporate evolution in the Indian context, strategic planning, competitive analysis, and industry frameworks. The course also introduces key strategic models, including SWOT analysis, Porter's Five Forces, and Value Chain Analysis, helping students develop analytical skills for business decision-making.

Course Outcomes (COs)

CO1: Understand the fundamentals of strategic management, including its role, objectives, benefits, and reasons for strategic failures in business.

CO2: Analyze the strategic management process, levels of strategy, strategic intent (vision, mission, goals), and the role of strategy in policymaking.

CO3: Conduct strategic analysis using environmental scanning techniques, including ETOP, SAP, SWOT Analysis, Porter's Five Forces, and Value Chain Analysis.

CO4: Evaluate different strategy formulation methods, the role of core competencies, and their impact on competitive advantage.

CO5: Assess the strategic planning and implementation process, including stability, expansion, mergers, acquisitions, and functional plan integration.

CO6: Differentiate between Red Ocean and Blue Ocean Strategies, analyzing their characteristics, theories, and outcomes for business innovation and market positioning

Unit 1	Introduction to Strategic Management: Strategy and Corporate evolution in
	Indian context, Introduction Strategy management -defining strategy,
ħ.	importance of strategy, Strategic Management -, Definition, Meaning and
	Role, Objectives of Strategic Management, Benefits of Strategic
	Management, Importance of Strategic Management, Causes for failure of
	Strategic Management
Unit 2	Strategic Management Process: Introduction, Strategic Management
	Process, levels at which strategy operates Strategic Intent (vision, mission,



	goals, and objective), strategic planning and strategic management. step of
	strategic management process, Role of Strategic Management in Policy
	Making
Unit 3	Strategic Analysis: Introduction, Strategic Analysis - definition, Need
	for Strategic Analysis & Environmental Scanning, Concept of
	Environment and its components. Environmental Scanning ,step of
	environmental scanning, factors impacting environmental analysis A) internal
	forces and b) external analysis ,Techniques of environmental scanning- ETOP,
	SAP, SWOT Analysis, SWOT Matrix Understanding environment of
	business for strategic analysis. Industry analysis – porter's five forces
	model ,porter's diamond method .Organizational analysis and appraisal –
	RBV(Resource Based View), VRIO method , and Value Chain Analysis
TL. M. A	
Unit 4	Strategy Formulation: Introduction, Types of Strategies, Steps in
	Strategy Formulation, Core Competencies and their Importance in
	Strategy Formulation,
Unit 5	Strategic Planning and Implementation: Introduction, Strategic Planning
	Process, Types of Strategies, Stability, Expansion or Growth, Mergers
	and Acquisitions, Activating Strategy, Issues in Strategy
	Implementation, Integrating the Functional Plan and Policies
	Red Ocean and Blue Ocean Strategy –
Unit 6	Introduction of red ocean, Theory of red oceans, Characteristics of red
	oceans theory, Outcomes of red ocean strategy. Introduction of blue
	ocean, Theory of blue oceans, Characteristics of blue oceans theory,
	Outcomes of blue ocean strategy
	Ourcomes of order sharesy

- 1) Kazmi, A. (2014). Business Policy and Strategic Management. New Delhi: Tata McGrawHill
- David, F.R. (2012). Strategic Management: Concepts and Cases. New Delhi: Pearson Education.
- 3) Pearce, J.A. & Robinson, R.B. (2012). Strategic Management. New Delhi: AITBS.
- 4) . Carpenter, M. (2012). Strategic Management. New Delhi: Pearson Education.



- 5) Bowman, C. (2003). Business Policy and Strategy. New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.
- 6) Trehan, M. (2012). Strategic Management. New Delhi: Wiley & Sons.
- 7) Srinivasan, R. (2012). Strategic Management. New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India.

Course Articulation Matrix – MBA 04-CESM 017 (Corporate Evolution & Strategic Management)

P 0 1	P O 2	Р О 3	Р О 4	Р О 5	Р О 6	Р О 7	Р О 8	Р О 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O1	PS O2	PS O3	PS O4	PS O5	PS O6	PS O7
3	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
3 = High Relevance 2 = Moderate Relevance 1 = Low Relevance																2		
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Mapping

Paper - MBA 04-ECG 018

Ethics and Corporate Governance

Introduction: The course explores the role of SEBI, board of directors, and government in corporate governance, ensuring compliance with legal and ethical standards. By integrating Indian value systems and global corporate governance models, students gain insights into ethical decision-making and responsible business practices.

Course Outcomes (COs)

CO1: Understand ethical issues in capitalism, ethical theories, and their application in marketing, finance, HR, and IT, along with corporate social responsibility (CSR) concepts.

CO2: Analyze Indian ethical value systems based on Hinduism, Jainism, Buddhism, Christianity, and Islam, along with teachings from sacred texts like the Vedas, Geeta, Bible, and Koran.

CO3: Examine the concept, importance, and challenges of corporate governance, including the code of corporate governance and corporate social reporting.



CO4: Evaluate the role of the board of directors, SEBI, and e-governance in maintaining transparency and accountability in business.

CO5: Compare corporate governance models from Germany, Japan, Anglo-American economies, and India, analyzing their ethical implications.

CO6: Understand the concept of investor protection, corporate governance laws in India, and the role of corporate governance in protecting stakeholder interests.

Unit 1	Ethical issues in capitalism, Theories of Ethics, Ethics in Marketing, Finance, HR, and
	IT, Ethics and Social Responsibility, Ethical Theories and Approaches, IP: Designs,
	Patents, Trade Marks and Copy Rights.
	Understanding corporate governance: Corporate governance – an overview, History of
	corporate governance
Unit 2	Indian Value System Understanding the basic tenets of Hinduism, Jainism, Buddhism,
	Christianity and Islam. Teachings from the scriptures of Vedas, Upanishads, Geeta,
	Ramayan, Mahabharat, Tripitaks, Bible, Koran and Panchatantra. Ethical Values in
	Indian Paremiology
Unit 3	Meaning, Definition, Concept and Characteristics, Importance of Corporate
	governance, Issues in Corporate Governance, Code of Corporate Governance, Social
	responsibility of Corporate, Corporate Social Reporting,
Unit 4	Corporate Governance and Role of Board of Directors, Role of SEBI in Corporate
	Governance, E Governance. The Indian Capital Market Regulator: SEBI, the Role of
	Government in Developing and Transition Economics
Unit 5	Models of Corporate Governance German, Japanese, Anglo-American and Indian
	Models, Ethics and
Unit 6	Values in Corporate Governance, Concept and Meaning of Investor Protection,
	Investor Protection and Corporate Governance in India.
2	

Reference Books

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Cour	se A	rtic	ulat	ion	Mat	rix -	- M	BA ()4-Е	CG 0) 18 (Ethio	cs &	Corp	orat	e Go	overi	nanc	e)
COs \ Map ping	P 0 1	P O 2	P O 3	Р О 4	P O 5	Р О 6	P O 7	P O 8	P O 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O1	PS O2	PS O3	PS O4	PS O5	PS O6	PS O7
CO1:	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	3
CO2:	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	3
CO3:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO4:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO5:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO6:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
3 =	High	Rele	vanc	e															

5 - High Relevance

2 = Moderate Relevance

1 = Low Relevance

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Mapping

SPECIALIZATION

MARKETING

Paper - MBA 04-MM 01

CONSUMER BEHAVIOUR

Introduction: The Consumer Behaviour course provides students with a deep understanding of how and why consumers make purchasing decisions. corporate social responsibility (CSR) are explored to understand their impact on consumer perceptions. Through practical research techniques and case studies, students will gain hands-on experience in evaluating consumer insights for data-driven marketing decisions.

Course Outcomes (COs)

CO1: Understand the scope, relevance, and interdisciplinary nature of consumer behavior in marketing and business decision-making.

CO2: Analyze the consumer decision-making process, types of buying behavior, and key factors influencing consumer choices.



CO3: Examine psychological influences such as perception, motivation, learning, attitudes, and beliefs, and their role in shaping consumer behavior.

CO4: Assess personal influences, including personality, self-concept, lifestyle, and consumer values, and their impact on purchasing decisions.

CO5: Evaluate social and cultural influences such as reference groups, family roles, social class, culture, and subcultures in consumer behavior.

CO6: Apply consumer research techniques, understand ethical considerations in marketing, and explore the role of consumerism and corporate social responsibility (CSR) in shaping consumer attitudes.

 Introduction to Consumer Behaviour Definition and Scope: Understanding consumer behaviour and its relevance to marketing. Importance of Consumer Behaviour: Role in developing marketing strategies Interdisciplinary Nature: Contributions from psychology, sociology,
marketing. Importance of Consumer Behaviour: Role in developing marketing strategies
Importance of Consumer Behaviour: Role in developing marketing strategies
Interdisciplinary Nature: Contributions from psychology, sociology,
anthropology, and economics.
Consumer Decision-Making Process
Stages of Decision-Making: Problem recognition, information search,
evaluation of alternatives, purchase decision, and post-purchase behavior.
Types of Buying Decisions: Routine response behavior, limited decision
making, extensive decision making, and impulse buying.
Factors Influencing Decision-Making: Personal, psychological, social, and
cultural influences.
Psychological Influences on Consumer Behaviour
Perception: The process of perception, perceptual selectivity, and perceptual
organization. Motivation: Theories of motivation (Maslow's hierarchy of needs,
Herzberg's two-factor theory).Learning: Theories of learning (classical
conditioning, operant conditioning, cognitive learning). Attitudes and Beliefs:
Formation of attitudes, changing attitudes, and the impact on consumer
behavior.
Personal Influences on Consumer Behaviour
Personality and Self-Concept: Theories of personality, the role of self-concept i
consumer behavior., Consumer Lifestyle: Understanding lifestyles and

	consumer behavior.
Unit 5	Social and Cultural Influences on Consumer Behaviour
	Reference Groups: Types of reference groups and their influence on consumer
	decisions.
	Family Influence: Family decision-making roles and family life cycle stages.
	Social Class: Determinants of social class and its impact on consumption
	patterns.
	Culture and Subculture: Cultural values, norms, and their influence on consumer
	behavior.
•	Consumer Research
Unit 6	Importance of Consumer Research: Understanding consumer insights for better
	marketing decisions.
	Research Methods: Qualitative and quantitative research techniques.
(c)	Consumer Research Process: Steps involved in conducting consumer research.
	Ethical and Social Responsibility in Consumer Behaviour
	Ethical Issues: Ethical considerations in influencing consumer behavior.
	Consumerism: Consumer rights, protection, and the consumer movement.
	Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR): Impact of CSR on consumer perceptions
	and behavior.

1. Hawkins 'Consumer Behaviour- Building Marketing Strategy', 11th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Pvt. Ltd. 2011

2. Michael Solomon 'Consumer Behaviour', 9th Edition, PHI Learning Private Ltd.

3. Leon G. Schiffman and Leslie Lasar Kanuk, Consumer Behaviour, 10 Edition, Pearson Education, India, 2012

4. David L. Loudon and Albert J Della Bitta, 'Consumer Behavior', McGrawHill, New Delhi 2010



Cour	se A	rtic	ulat	ion	Mat	rix -	- M	BA ()4-N	NM ()1 (C	onsı	ımei	Beh	avic	our)			
COs \ Map ping	P 0 1	P O 2	P O 3	Р О 4	Р О 5	Р О 6	Р О 7	P O 8	P O 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O1	PS O2	PS O3	PS O4	PS O5	PS O6	PS O7
CO1:	3	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO2:	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO3:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO4:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO5:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO6:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
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2 = Moderate

Relevance 1 = Low Relevance

Blank = No Direct

Mapping

Paper – MBA 04 MM 02

RETAIL MANAGEMENT

Introduction: The course also explores modern retail trends, including e-tailing, organized retailing, and customer relationship management (CRM), preparing students for the dynamic and evolving retail sector. Through case studies, students will gain practical insights into real-world retail challenges and strategies.

Course Outcomes (COs)

CO1: Understand the concept, functions, and importance of retailing, including various retail formats, channels, and industry trends in India.

CO2: Analyze retail consumer behavior, factors influencing purchase decisions, types of decision-making, and the role of market research in understanding consumers.

CO3: Evaluate retail market segmentation and strategies, including penetration strategies, growth strategies, and the retail value chain.

CO4: Assess retail location selection strategies, including types of locations, factors affecting location decisions, and measuring location success.

CO5: Examine retail operations and pricing strategies, including store administration, inventory management, customer service, and pricing models,



CO6: Apply retail space management, visual merchandising, promotional strategies, and relationship marketing techniques, while understanding emerging trends in modern retailing.

Unit 1	Introduction to Retailing: Concept of retailing, Functions of retailing,
	Terms & Definition, Retail formats and types, Retailing Channels, Retail
	Industry in India, Importance of retailing, changing trends in retailing.
Unit 2	Understanding the Retail Consumer: Retail consumer behavior, Factors
	influencing the Retail consumer, Customer decision making process,
	Types of decision making, Market research for understanding retail
	consume
Unit 3	Retail Market Segmentation and Strategies: Market Segmentation and its
	benefits, Kinds of markets, Definition of Retail strategy, Strategy for
	effective market segmentation, Strategies for penetration of new
	markets, Growth strategies, Retail value chain.
Unit 4	Retail Location Selection: Importance of Retail locations, Types of retail
	locations, Factors determining the location decision, Steps involved in
	choosing a retail locations, Measurement of success of location
Unit 5	Retail Operations and Retail Pricing: Store administration, Premises
	management, Inventory Management, Store Management, Receipt
	Management, Customer service, Retail Pricing, Factors influencing retail
	pricesPricing strategies, controlling costs.
	Retail Space Management and Marketing: Definition of Space
Unit 6	Management, Store layout and Design, Visual Merchandising,
	Promotions Strategy, Relationship Marketing Strategies, CRM, Retail
	Marketing Mix, Retail Communication Mix, POP Displays, Emerging
	trends in retailing: Changing nature of retailing, organized retailing,
я	Modern retail formats, E-tailing, Challenges faced by the retail sector,
	casestudy.

Reference Books:

1. Levy, M., & Weitz, B. A. (2018). Retailing Management. McGraw-Hill Education.

2. Berman, B., & Evans, J. R. (2018). Retail Management: A Strategic Approach. Pearson.



3. Varley, R., & Rafiq, M. (2014). Principles of Retail Management. Palgrave Macmillan.

4. Fernie, J., & Sparks, L. (2014). Logistics and Retail Management: Emerging Issues and New Challenges in the Retail Supply Chain. Kogan Page.

5. Thompson, R., & Jackson, T. (2017). Retail Location Planning in an Era of Multi-Channel Growth. Kogan Page.

6. Hernandez, T., & Bennison, D. (2000). The art and science of retail location decisions. International Journal of Retail & Distribution Management, 28(8), 357-367.

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CO2:	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO3:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
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CO5:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO6:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
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2 = Moderate

Relevance

1 = Low Relevance Blank = No Direct

Mapping

SPECIALIZATION

FINANCE

Paper - MBA 04-FM 01

PROJECT PLANNING & MANAGEMENT

Introduction : The course integrates essential tools like Gantt charts, Critical Path Method (CPM), Program Evaluation Review Technique (PERT), and Earned Value Management (EVM) to enhance project efficiency. By focusing on risk assessment, performance tracking, and stakeholder communication, students will develop the necessary skills to manage complex projects successfully in various industries.

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Course Outcomes (COs)

CO1: Understand the concept, significance, and life cycle of project management, **along** with the role and responsibilities of a project manager.

CO2: Apply project planning techniques, including scope management, Work Breakdown Structure (WBS), and scheduling tools (Gantt charts, CPM, and PERT).

CO3: Develop and execute integrated project plans, ensuring effective coordination of project activities and managing project changes efficiently.

CO4: Implement time and cost management strategies, including activity sequencing, budgeting, cost estimation, and Earned Value Management (EVM) for performance monitoring.

CO5: Ensure project quality management through quality planning, assurance, and control mechanisms to meet project objectives.

CO6: Manage project communication effectively, **including** stakeholder engagement, information distribution, and performance reporting for successful project execution.

Unit 1	Introduction to Project Management
	Concept and Definition: Understanding projects, project management, and its
	significance.
	Project Life Cycle: Phases of a project (initiation, planning, execution,
	monitoring and controlling, closure).
	Role of Project Manager: Skills, responsibilities, and challenges.
Unit 2	Project Planning
	Project Scope Management: Defining and controlling what is included and
	excluded in the project.
	Work Breakdown Structure (WBS): Breaking down the project into manageable
	sections.
	Project Scheduling: Tools and techniques (Gantt charts, Critical Path Method,
	Program Evaluation Review Technique).
Unit 3	Project Integration Management
	Project Plan Development: Creating a cohesive plan integrating all aspects of the
	project.
	Project Plan Execution: Implementing the project plan and ensuring project work
	is carried out.
2	Project Change Management: Identifying, evaluating, and managing changes to
	the project plan.



Unit 4	Project Time and Cost Management
	Time Management: Techniques for effective time management (activity
	sequencing, resource estimation, schedule development).
	Cost Management: Estimating, budgeting, and controlling costs to ensure the
	project is completed within the approved budget.
	Earned Value Management (EVM): Monitoring project performance against the
	plan.
Unit 5	Project Quality Management
	Quality Planning: Identifying quality standards and determining how to satisfy
	them.
	Quality Assurance: Systematic activities to ensure quality standards are met.
	Quality Control: Monitoring specific project results to determine if they comply
	with relevant quality standards.
Unit 6	Project Communication Management
	Communication Planning: Identifying stakeholders and planning
	communications.
	Information Distribution: Ensuring timely and appropriate collection,
	distribution, and storage of project information.
	Performance Reporting: Progress reporting, status reporting, and forecasting

- <u>Hans Mikkelsen</u>, Jens O. Riis Project Management, ISBN: 978-1-78714-830-7, eISBN: 978-1-78714-829-1Publication date: 10 October 2017
- Khanna, R. B. (2011), Project Management, PHI Learning Private Limited, New Delhi. Kendrick, Tom (2004), The Project Management Toolkit: 100 Tips and Techniques for Getting the Job Done Right, AMACOM Books: Boston, MA.
- 3. Kendrick, Tom (2006), Results without Authority: Controlling a Project When the Team Doesn't Report to You, AMACOM Books: Boston, MA.
- 4. Kloppenborg, T. (2014). Contemporary project management. Nelson Education.
- 5. Leach, Lawrence P. (2005), Lean Project Management: Eight Principles for Success, Advanced-Projects: Boise, Idaho. Lewis,
- 6. James (1998), Team-Based Project Management, Beard Books



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CO2:	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO3:	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4:	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO5:	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO6:	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
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2 = Moderate

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1 = Low Relevance

Blank = No Direct

Mapping

Paper - MBA 04-FM 02

MERCHANT BANKING & FINANCIAL SERVICES

Introduction: The course also introduces students to leasing, hire purchase, factoring, and retail finance, equipping them with the knowledge and skills necessary to navigate the evolving financial landscape. Through case studies and real-world applications, students will develop expertise in financial structuring, investment analysis, and risk management.

Course Outcomes (COs)

CO1: Understand the nature, scope, and regulation of merchant banking, including project preparation, capital structure design, and market operations.

CO2: Analyze IPO management and SEBI guidelines, including public issues, private placements, book building, underwriting, and buyback of shares.

CO3: Examine the role of commercial banks and NBFCs, their financial operations, sources of funds, and recent developments in banking innovations.

CO4: Evaluate credit rating agencies and their methodologies, understanding the rating process, symbols, and limitations.

CO5: Explore venture capital financing, its development in India, investment processes, methods of funding, and exit strategies.



CO6: Assess leasing, hire purchase, factoring, and retail finance, including financial evaluation, legal frameworks, taxation, and risks associated with these financial services.

Unit 1	Merchant Banking: Nature and Scope Types of Merchant Bankers, Regulation
	of Merchant Banking Activity, Project Preparation and Appraisal, Types of
	Securities, Money Market Instruments, Design of capital Structure, Savings
	and Primary Markets & Secondary Markets
Unit 2	IPO Management- SEBI Guidelines for Public Issues, Pre-issue Management;
	Types of Issues and Analysis of Prospectus, Public Issue Through Prospectus,
	Private Placement Bought Out Deals, Book Building Method Pricing of
	Securities, Management of Public Issues; Coordination, Marketing and
	Underwriting Allotment/ Refunds Listing Requirement, Loan Syndication;
	Domestic and External, Buy-Back of Shares . Mergers, Acquisitions
-	Amalgamations and Takeovers Advisory Services; Non- Residents, Indian
	Investors. Oversea Corporate Body, Foreign Institutional Investors Recent
	Developments
Unit 3	Commercial Banks – Introduction ,Theoretical basis for commercial banking
	operations, Special role of commercial banks, Liabilities and assets of bank,
	Banking innovations
	Non Banking Financial Companies- Nature and functions of NBFCs, Features
	of assistance and major schemes, Sources of funds and avenues for
	deployment, Recent developments
Unit 4	Credit Rating Agencies and Methods - Introduction, Credit rating agencies,
	Rating methodologies and procedures, Rating symbols and rating limitations
Unit 5	Venture Capital-Introduction- Notion of VC, Development of VC in India,
	VC investment process, Methods of venture financing and disinvestment
	mechanisms
Unit 6	Leasing and Hire Purchase- Lease financing, HP financing, Financial
	evaluation, Legal framework and taxation Factoring and Forfeiting-
	Theoretical framework, Factoring in India. Financial evaluation. Retail
	Finance- Introduction, Consumer credit, Housing finance systems and
	schemes, Risks and opportunities to the institutions



- 1. Khan, M.Y., Financial Services, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2001.
- 2. Gurusamy, Merchant Banking And Financial Servies, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 3/ed. 2009.
- Machiraju, H. R. (2010). Merchant Banking: Principles and Practice. New Age International Publishers.
- 4. Verma, J. C. (2008). Corporate Mergers, Amalgamations, and Takeovers. Bharat Law House.

COs \ Map ping	P 0 1	P O 2	Р О З	Р О 4	Р О 5	Р О 6	Р О 7	Р О 8	Р О 9	PO 10	РО 11	PO 12	PS O1	PS O2	PS O3	PS O4	PS O5	PS O6	PS O7
CO1:	3	3	2	2	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO2:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO3:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO4:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO5:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO6:	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

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Mapping

SPECIALIZATION

HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

Paper - MBA 04-HR 01

PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

Introduction: The course integrates modern techniques like 360-degree feedback, KPIs, and balanced scorecards, helping students develop skills for effective performance evaluation, coaching, and employee development. By exploring reward and recognition programs, students will gain insights into motivating employees and enhancing organizational productivity.



Course Outcomes (COs)

CO1: Understand the concept, objectives, and components of performance management, along with its historical evolution.

CO2: Apply goal-setting techniques (SMART goals) and performance standards, using Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) for effective performance planning.

CO3: Implement performance monitoring, coaching, and feedback mechanisms, while analyzing traditional and modern performance appraisal methods.

CO4: Conduct performance reviews and evaluations, ensuring proper documentation and fair assessment of employee contributions.

CO5: Identify performance gaps, develop Performance Improvement Plans (PIPs), and utilize training and development for performance enhancement.

CO6: Link performance to rewards, design financial and non-financial recognition programs, and create strategies for employee motivation and engagement.

Unit 1	Introduction to Performance Management
	Definition and Objectives: Understanding performance management, its
	purpose, and objectives.
	Components of Performance Management: Planning, monitoring, developing,
	rating, and rewarding.
	Historical Development: Evolution of performance management systems.
Unit 2	Performance Planning
	Goal Setting: SMART goals (Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Relevant,
	Time-bound).
	Performance Standards: Setting clear and measurable performance standards.
	Key Performance Indicators (KPIs): Identifying and utilizing KPIs for
	different roles.
Unit 3	Performance Monitoring and Coaching
	Continuous Monitoring: Techniques for ongoing performance tracking.
	Feedback Mechanisms: Providing constructive feedback.
	Coaching and Mentoring: Roles and techniques for performance improvement.
	Performance Appraisal Systems
	Appraisal Methods: Traditional methods (rating scales, checklists, essays) and
	modern methods (360-degree feedback, balanced scorecard).
	Appraisal Processes: Steps and procedures in conducting appraisals.



	Common Challenges: Biases and errors in performance appraisal.
Unit 4	Performance Review and Evaluation
	Review Meetings: Conducting effective performance review meetings.
	Evaluating Performance: Criteria and methods for evaluating employee
	performance.
	Performance Documentation: Importance of proper documentation.
Unit 5	Performance Improvement
	Identifying Performance Gaps: Analyzing reasons for underperformance.
	Performance Improvement Plans (PIPs): Designing and implementing PIPs.
	Training and Development: Role in performance enhancement.
Unit 6	Reward and Recognition
	Linking Performance to Rewards: Strategies for performance-based rewards.
	Types of Rewards: Financial and non-financial rewards.
	Recognition Programs: Designing effective recognition programs.

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- 3) Chadha, P. (2008). Performance Management. New Delhi: Macmillan India Ltd.
- Michael, A. (2006). A Handbook of Human Resources Management Practice, London: Kogan Page.
- 5) Suri, G.K. (2008). Performance Measurement and Management. New Delhi: Excel Publications.

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CO3:	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4:	3	3	2	3	3	- 3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
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Paper - MBA 04-HR 02

COMPENSATION

Introduction : The course explores the legal framework governing compensation practices and recent developments in equity-based pay, flexible benefits, and work-life balance. By integrating theoretical foundations with practical applications, students will develop skills essential for strategic compensation planning and human resource management.

Course Outcomes (COs)

CO1: Understand the concepts, objectives, components, and theories of compensation, including equity, expectancy, and reinforcement theories.

CO2: Analyze job analysis and job evaluation techniques, including job descriptions, job specifications, and evaluation methods to determine fair compensation structures.

CO3: Examine wage and salary administration, including wage determination factors, pay structures, pay revisions, and pay commission practices.

CO4: Evaluate incentive plans, employee benefits, and executive compensation strategies, including statutory and voluntary benefits.

CO5: Implement performance-based pay systems, linking performance appraisals to pay structures, and managing merit-based, skill-based, and competency-based pay.

Unit 1	Introduction to Compensation Management
* s:	Concepts and Definitions: Understanding compensation, wage, salary, and
	incentives.
	Objectives of Compensation: Attracting, retaining, and motivating employees.
	Components of Compensation: Basic pay, allowances, benefits, and incentives.
-	Theories of Compensation: Equity theory, expectancy theory, reinforcement
	theory, and agency theory.



Unit 2	Job Analysis and Job Evaluation
	Job Analysis: Process, methods, and techniques.
	Job Description and Job Specification: Definitions and importance.
	Job Evaluation: Purpose and methods (ranking, classification, point method,
	and factor comparison).
Unit 3	Wage and Salary Administration
	Wage Concepts: Minimum wage, fair wage, and living wage.
	Wage Determination: Factors influencing wage and salary levels.
	Salary Structure: Designing pay scales and salary grades.
	Pay Revision and Pay Commissions: Procedures and practices.
Unit 4	Incentive Plans and Benefits
	Incentive Plans: Types (individual, group, and organization-wide), advantages
	and disadvantages.
	Benefits and Services: Types (statutory and voluntary), significance, and
	management.
	Executive Compensation: Components, trends, and issues
Unit 5	Performance-Based Pay
	Performance Appraisal Systems: Objectives, methods, and challenges.
	Linking Performance to Pay: Merit pay, skill-based pay, and competency-
	based pay.
	Managing Pay-for-Performance: Strategies and implementation issues.
Unit 6	Legal Framework and Contemporary Issues
	Legal Framework: Labor laws affecting compensation (Minimum Wages Act,
	Payment of Wages Act, Equal Remuneration Act, etc.).
	Global Compensation Practices: Compensation management in multinational
	corporations.
	Recent Trends: Equity-based compensation, flexible benefits, and work-life
	balance.

- Anderson, R.I. (2011).Compensation Management in Knowledge based world. New Delhi: Pearson Education.
- 2. Milkovich & Newman. (2011). Compensation, New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill..



- 3. Singh, B. D. (2008). Compensation & Reward Management. New Delhi: Excel Books.
- 4. Martocchio, J. J. (2011). Strategic Compensation. New Delhi: Pearson Education.
- 5. Rao, N.S. (2017). Compensation System and Performance Management. New Delhi: Himalaya Publishing House.

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SPECIALIZATION

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

Paper - MBA 04-IT 01

DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

Introduction : The course provides students with a comprehensive understanding of database models, SQL programming, database design, data warehousing, and emerging technologies. It covers fundamental concepts such as relational database theory, normalization, entity-relationship modeling, and query optimization. The course also explores modern advancements like Big Data, cloud databases, NoSQL, and blockchain to prepare students for data-driven decision-making and business intelligence applications.

Course Outcomes (COs)

CO1: Understand the fundamentals of database systems, including database models, system architecture, and differences between DBMS and traditional file systems.



CO2: Apply relational database concepts, relational algebra, relational calculus, and integrity constraints for effective data organization and management.

CO3: Develop and execute SQL queries using DDL, DML, DCL, and TCL commands, including advanced SQL techniques like joins, subqueries, and triggers.

CO4: Design efficient database structures **using** Entity-Relationship (ER) modeling, normalization techniques (1NF to BCNF), and database design principles.

CO5: Explore data warehousing, data mining, and business intelligence techniques to extract valuable insights for strategic decision-making.

CO6: Analyze emerging trends in database technologies, including Big Data, NoSQL databases, cloud databases, in-memory databases, and blockchain applications.

Unit 1	Introduction to Database Systems
	Overview of Database Systems: Definitions, Importance, and Applications in
	Business
	Database Models: Hierarchical, Network, Relational, Object-Oriented
	DBMS vs. Traditional File Systems: Advantages and Disadvantages
17	Database System Architecture: Data Independence, Schema Architecture, and
<u></u> ^	Components of DBMS
Unit 2	Relational Database Model
	Basic Concepts: Relations, Tuples, Attributes, Domains
	Relational Algebra and Relational Calculus: Basic Operations, Queries
	Keys: Primary Key, Foreign Key, Candidate Key, Super Key
	Integrity Constraints: Entity Integrity, Referential Integrity
Unit 3	SQL (Structured Query Language)
	SQL Basics: DDL (Data Definition Language), DML (Data Manipulation
	Language), DCL (Data Control Language), TCL (Transaction Control
	Language)
	SQL Queries: SELECT, INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE
	Advanced SQL: Joins, Subqueries, Views, Indexes, Aggregate Functions
	Constraints and Triggers: Implementation and Use Cases
Unit 4	Database Design
	Entity-Relationship Model: Entities, Attributes, Relationships, ER Diagrams
	Normalization: First Normal Form (1NF), Second Normal Form (2NF), Third
27.	Normal Form (3NF), Boyce-Codd Normal Form (BCNF)



	Denormalization: Concepts and Trade-offs
	Database Design Process: Conceptual, Logical, and Physical Design
Unit 5	Data Warehousing and Data Mining
	Data Warehousing: Concepts, Architecture, ETL (Extract, Transform, Load)
	Process
	Data Mining: Techniques, Applications, and Tools
	Business Intelligence: Concepts and Implementation
Unit 6	Emerging Trends and Technologies
	Big Data Technologies: Hadoop, Spark, NoSQL Databases
	Cloud Databases: Concepts, Advantages, and Challenges
	In-Memory Databases: Concepts and Use Cases
	Block chain and Databases: Fundamentals and Applications
Defenera	

- 1. Fundamental of Database Systems- Elmasri Navathe- Pearson Education Asia.
- 2. Database- Principles, Programming and Performance- Parick O' Neil Elizabeth O' Niel, Harcort Asia PTE Limited.
- 3. .An Introduction to Database Systems- C.J.Date, Addison Wesley, Pearson Education Press.
- 4. Database System Concepts- Abraham Silberschat, Henry F. Korth, S.Sudarshan, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 5. Database Management Bipin C. Desai BPB Publications.

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Paper - MBA 04-IT 02

NETWORK AND INFORMATION SECURITY

Unit 1	Introduction to Network Security
	Basics of Network Security: Definition, Goals, and Importance
	Types of Attacks: Passive and Active Attacks, Insider and Outsider Attacks
·	Security Services: Confidentiality, Integrity, Authentication, Non-repudiation,
21	Access Control, Availability
Unit 2	Cryptography
	Introduction to Cryptography: History, Key Concepts, and Terminology
	Symmetric Key Cryptography: DES, AES, RC4
	Asymmetric Key Cryptography: RSA, Diffie-Hellman, ECC
a - 1	Cryptographic Hash Functions: MD5, SHA-1, SHA-256
_	Digital Signatures and Certificates: Concept, Working, and Applications
Unit 3	Network Security Protocols
	Secure Communication Protocols: SSL/TLS, IPsec, SSH
	Wireless Security Protocols: WEP, WPA, WPA2
*	Email Security: PGP, S/MIME
	Web Security: HTTPS, Content Security Policy (CSP)
Unit 4	Network Security Practices
	Firewalls: Types, Configurations, and Best Practices
	Intrusion Detection Systems (IDS) and Intrusion Prevention Systems (IPS):
	Types, Working, and Deployment
	Virtual Private Networks (VPN): Types, Benefits, and Implementation
	Access Control Mechanisms: ACL, RBAC, ABAC
Unit 5	Information Security Management
	Information Security Policies and Procedures: Development and
	Implementation
	Risk Management: Risk Analysis, Assessment, and Mitigation
	Security Standards and Compliance: ISO/IEC 27001, NIST, GDPR, HIPAA
*	Business Continuity and Disaster Recovery Planning
	Advanced Topics in Network Security



Unit 6	Cloud Security: Challenges and Solutions
	IoT Security: Issues and Countermeasures
	Mobile Security: Threats and Best Practices
	Blockchain and Security: Fundamentals and Applications

- 1. Computer Networks by Andrew S. Tanenbaum (Fifth Edition), Pearson Education
- Data Communication and Networking by Behrouz A. Forouzan (Fourth Edition), Tata McGraw Hill
- 3. Andrew S. Tanenbaum, David J. Wetherall, "Computer Networks" Pearson Education.
- 4. Dimitri Bertsekas, Robert Gallager, "Data Networks", PHI Publication, Second Edition.
- 5. Kaveh Pahlavan, Prashant Krishnamurthy, "Networking Fundamentals", Wiley Publication.
- 6. Uyless Black, "Computer Networks", PHI Publication, Second Edition

Cour	Course Articulation Matrix – MBA 04-IT 02 (Network & Information Security)																		
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SPECIALIZATION

SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT

Paper - MBA 04-SCM 01

PROCUREMENT AND QUALITY MANAGEMENT

Introduction This course provides students with practical skills in procurement optimization, supplier management, and quality assurance, preparing them for careers in supply chain management, procurement strategy, and quality control operations.

Course Outcomes (COs)

CO1: Understand the concepts, importance, and types of procurement, including strategic sourcing and supplier selection in procurement management.

CO2: Develop procurement planning strategies, conduct Make-or-Buy analysis, and explore global sourcing and outsourcing approaches.

CO3: Implement supplier relationship management practices, including supplier evaluation, performance measurement, and collaboration for long-term partnerships.

CO4: Analyze the impact of digital transformation on procurement, including e-procurement, automation, and blockchain applications in supply chain management.

CO5: Understand quality management principles, evolution, and frameworks, including quality assurance, continuous improvement, and contributions of quality gurus.

CO6: Apply quality management systems and tools, including ISO 9001 standards, Six Sigma, Lean Management, Total Quality Management (TQM), and Statistical Process Control (SPC) for process improvement and regulatory compliance.

Unit 1	Introduction to Procurement Management : Definition and Importance of
*	Procurement, Procurement Cycle, Types of Procurement: Direct, Indirect,
	Services, Strategic Sourcing and Supplier Selection
Unit 2	Procurement Planning and Strategy: Procurement Planning Process,
	Make or Buy Analysis, Developing Procurement Strategies, Global Sourcing
	and Outsourcing.
Unit 3	Supplier Relationship Management: Building Supplier Relationships,
-	Supplier Evaluation and Selection, Supplier Performance
	Measurement, Supplier Development and Collaboration
Unit 4	Procurement in the Digital Age: E-Procurement and Digital Solutions
	Impact of Technology on Procurement, Automation in Procurement Processes

×	Block chain and Procurement											
Unit 5	Introduction to Quality Management Definition and Importance of											
	Quality, History and Evolution of Quality Management, Quality Assurance,											
	Quality Control, Continuous Improvement, Quality Gurus and their											
	Contributions .											
Unit 6	Quality Management Systems and Standards: ISO 9001 and Other Relevant											
	Standards, Implementing Quality Management Systems											
	Quality Audits and Certifications, Compliance and Regulatory Requirements,											
	Quality Tools and Techniques:Statistical Process Control (SPC),											
	Six Sigma and Lean Management, Total Quality Management (TQM),											
	Quality Function Deployment (QFD).Root Cause Analysis and Problem-											
	Solving Techniques, casestudy.											

- Monczka, R. M., Handfield, R. B., Giunipero, L. C., & Patterson, J. L. (2015). Purchasing and Supply Chain Management. Cengage Learning.
- 2. Baily, P., Farmer, D., Crocker, B., Jessop, D., & Jones, D. (2015). Procurement Principles and Management. Pearson Education.
- 3. Dale, B. G. (2015). Total Quality Management. Wiley.
- 4. Goetsch, D. L., & Davis, S. (2016). Quality Management for Organizational Excellence. Pearson.

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Paper - MBA 04-SCM 02

MATERIAL AND STORE MANAGEMENT

Introduction: The course provides students with a comprehensive understanding of inventory management, procurement strategies, warehouse operations, and digital transformation in material handling. It covers key topics such as supply chain integration, vendor management, logistics strategies, and sustainability in store management.

Course Outcomes (COs)

CO1: Understand the fundamentals of material and store management, including classification, codification, and the role of material management in business operations.

CO2: Apply inventory management techniques, including EOQ, ABC, VED, FSN analysis, JIT, and Material Requirement Planning (MRP) for efficient stock control.

CO3: Analyze warehouse management and logistics strategies, including warehouse layout, material handling systems, supply chain integration, and performance metrics.

CO4: Implement procurement planning and vendor management techniques, focusing on vendor selection, risk management, quality control, and lean procurement strategies.

CO5: Evaluate the impact of digital transformation, RFID, IoT, AI, and automation in inventory management, along with cloud-based supply chain solutions.

CO6: Develop sustainable material management practices, including waste reduction, green supply chains, cost control strategies, and reverse logistics.

Unit 1	Fundamentals of Material & Store Management :Introduction to Material
	Management, Objectives, Scope, and Functions of Store Management. Role of
	Material Management in Business Operations, Classification & Codification of
1.1.1	Materials
Unit 2	Inventory Management Techniques :Economic Order Quantity (EOQ) Model,ABC, VED, and FSN Analysis,Just-in-Time (JIT) Inventory
	System, Material Requirement Planning (MRP), Inventory Control Methods & Techniques.



Unit 3	Warehouse Management & Logistics Strategies :Warehouse Layout Planning & Design,Storage Systems & Material Handling Equipment,Role of Logistics in Material Management,Supply Chain Integration & Distribution Management,Performance Metrics in Warehouse Management.
Unit 4	Procurement Planning & Vendor Management :Principles of Procurement & Sourcing Strategies, Vendor Selection, Negotiation, and Relationship Management, Supply Chain Coordination & Lean Procurement, Procurement Risk Management, Quality Control & Inspection in Procurement.
Unit 5	Digital Transformation, Automation & RFID Technology :Impact of Industry 4.0 on Material Management,Internet of Things (IoT) in Warehouse & Logistics,Role of RFID, Barcoding, and Automation in Inventory Management,Cloud-Based Supply Chain Management,Artificial Intelligence (AI) & Data Analytics in Material Management
Unit 6	Sustainability & Cost Control in Material Management :Waste Reduction & Green Supply Chain Management,Sustainable Procurement Practices,Cost Reduction Strategies in Material Handling,Circular Economy & Reverse Logistics,Case Studies on Sustainable Store Management

- 1. Gopalakrishnan, P., & Sundaresan, M. (2009). Materials Management: An Integrated Approach. PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Arnold, J. R. T., Chapman, S. N., & Clive, L. M. (2016). Introduction to Materials Management. Pearson Education.
- 3. Bowersox, D. J., Closs, D. J., & Cooper, M. B. (2019). Supply Chain Logistics Management. McGraw-Hill Education.
- 4. Grant, D. B., Trautrims, A., & Wong, C. Y. (2017). Sustainable Logistics and Supply Chain Management. Kogan Page.

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CO2:	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO3:	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4:	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
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Dean Academics Netaji Subhas University Jamshedpur, Jharkhand

