



Course Curriculum
for
Post Graduate Programme in Physics
Netaji Subhas University
Pokhari, Jamshedpur

M.Sc Physics (Subject Code – MPH---)

Effective from Academic Session 2021- 2023

Programme Objectives (POs)

The M.Sc. Physics programme has multifarious objectives which start with imparting students an in-depth understanding and awareness of the various core courses of Physics namely, Classical Mechanics, Mathematical Physics, Quantum Mechanics, Statistical Physics, Electromagnetic Theory, Solid State Physics, Electronics, Nuclear and Particle Physics, Atomic and Molecular Physics. The entire thought and focus is on interest generation, proactive thinking and problem-solving capabilities through theory, labs, assignments and tutorials. The course is designed to instill appreciation in the learners about the set of fundamental laws which govern the nature and natural phenomena through logical and mathematical reasoning.

Some papers namely Nanotechnology, Introduction to Astrophysics and Environmental Physics have been included to cater to the students the various dimensions of Physics and develop enthusiasm and interest in the nature and natural phenomena. The specialization papers on the other hand are aimed at deeper and broader range of concept of some specialized branches of Physics which can open up effective research channels. The core and elective labs are designed to develop a practical mode of understanding for the fundamental concepts and working of devices engaging scientific methods/tools of physics. Computational physics course is included to furnish the students with the training of computers as a tool for scientific investigations/understanding. The dissertation(s) in both theory and experimental stream are expected to inculcate a research orientation and inquisitive approach.

Programme Structure

The M. Sc. programme is a two-year course divided into four-semester. The programme would make the students competent in a natural science, viz., Physics, and help them understand its role in modern day technology. Overall, the course would enable the students to understand the fundamental concepts and experimental methods of physics which would help them to innovate, apply and generate new devices, applications, insights and knowledge. Knowledge gained through the electives would be an asset in branching out in fields other than physics.

EVALUATION STRUCTURE OF M.Sc. (2YRS) PROGRAM IN PHYSICS

- Each theory paper in each semester has 30 marks for Internal Exam and 70 marks for External Exam.
- Lab Papers and Dissertations have 50 marks as internal marking and 50 marks as external viva marks.
- Pass Marks for each paper is 45 marks.

Total marks 100 for each paper (Overall marks 2400)

YEAR- I							
Semester- I	Code No.	Marks	Credits (L-T-P)	Semester -II	Code No.	Marks	Credits (L-T-P)
Classical Mechanics	MPH101	100	3-1-0	Electromagnetic Theory	MPH201	100	3-1-0
Mathematical Methods	MPH102	100	3-1-0	Solid State Physics	MPH202	100	3-1-0
Quantum Mechanics I	MPH103	100	3-1-0	Scientific Computing	MPH203	100	3-1-0
Electronic Devices	MPH104	100	3-1-0	Quantum Mechanics -II	MPH 204	100	3-1-0
General Physics Lab I	MPH 105P1	100	0-0-4	General Physics Lab -III	MPH 205P1	100	0-0-4
General Physics Lab II	MPH 106P2	100	0-0-4	Scientific Computing Lab	MPH206P2	100	0-0-4

YEAR- II							
Semester- III	Code No.	Marks	Credits (L-T-P)	Semester -IV	Code No.	Marks	Credits (L-T-P)
Atomic and Molecular Physics	MPH301	100	3-1-0	Nuclear Physics	MPH401	100	3-1-0
Introduction to Astrophysics	MPH302	100	3-1-0	Introduction to Nanotechnology	MPH402	100	3-1-0
Statistical Mechanics	MPH303	100	3-1-0	Environmental Physics	MPH403	100	3-1-0
Specialization Paper I (Elective)	MPH304	100	3-1-0	Specialization PaperII (Elective)	MPH404	100	3-1-0
Specialization Paper Practical I	MPH305P1	100	0-0-4	Specialization Paper Practical II	MPH405P1	100	0-0-4
Dissertation- I	MPH306P2	100	0-0-4	Dissertation-II	MPH 406P2	100	0-0-4

Specialization (Elective Paper)

1. Elective Paper –I **Electronics**
2. Elective Paper-II **Condensed Matter Physics**
3. Elective Paper –III **Laser and Spectroscopy**

Year- I

Semester- I



Paper: Classical Mechanics (Code: MPH101)

Unit-I

System of particles: Center of mass, total angular momentum and total kinetic energies of a system of particles, conservation of linear momentum, energy and angular momentum.

Unit-II

Lagrangian Formulation: Constraints and their classification, degrees of freedom, generalized coordinates, virtual displacement, D'Alembert's principle, Simple applications of the Lagrangian formulation, Symmetries of space time: Cyclic coordinate, Conservation of linear momentum, angular momentum and energy.

Unit- III

Central forces: Reduction of two particle equations of motion to the equivalent one-body problem, reduced mass of the system, conservation theorems (First integrals of the motion), equations of motion for the orbit, classification of orbits, conditions for closed orbits, the Kepler problem (inverse square law force). Scattering in a central force field: general description of scattering, cross-section, impact parameter, Rutherford scattering,

Unit- IV

Hamiltonian formulation: Generalized momenta, canonical variables, Hamilton's equations of motion, Hamiltonian of a particle in a central force field, cyclic coordinates and conservation theorems, derivation of Hamilton's equations from variational principle.

Unit- V

Canonical transformation: Generating functions (four basic types), examples of canonical transformations, the harmonic oscillator in one dimension, Poisson brackets, equations of motion in terms of Poisson brackets, properties of Poisson brackets

Suggested Books:

- Classical mechanics, H Goldstein, C Poole, J Safco, III Edition, Pearson Edu
- Classical mechanics, NC Rana and PS Joag, Tata McGraw-Hill, 1991.
- Introduction to classical mechanics, Takwale and Puranik, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2006.
- Classical mechanics, LD Landau and EM Lifshitz, 4th edition, Pergamon press, 1985.
- Classical Mechanics by Gupta, Kumar & Sharma

Paper: Mathematical Methods (MPH102)

Unit I

Complex Analysis: Functions of complex variables, Analytic functions, Cauchy-Riemann conditions, Multivalued functions, Cauchy's theorem and Cauchy integral formula, Derivatives of analytic functions, Liouville theorem,

Unit-II

Taylor's Series, Laurent's Series , Maclaurin's Series

Unit - III

Fourier series, Fourier integrals, Fourier transform, Inverse Fourier transform, Parseval relations, Convolutions, Laplace Transform

Unit - IV

Matrices: Introduction of matrices through rotation of co-ordinate systems, Orthogonal, Hermitian, Unitary, Null and Unit matrices, Singular and Non-singular matrices, Inverse of a matrix, Trace of a matrix, Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors, Diagonalization. Green's Function

Unit - V

Group Theory: Definition and examples of physically important finite groups, Basic symmetry operations and their matrix representations, Multiplication table, Cyclic groups and subgroups,

Suggested Books:

- Mathematical Methods for Physicists, G.B.Arffen, H.J.Waber, E.E. Harris, 2013, 7th Edn., Elsevier.
- Boas, M.L., "Mathematical Methods in Physical Sciences", Wiley International Editions.
- Mathematical Physics : B.D.Gupta
- Matrices and Tensors: A. W. Joshi
- Mathematical Physics: Das and Sharma. 6. Mathematical Physics: A.K.Ghatak, I.C.Goyal& S.J. Chua.
- Mathematical Physics by H.K. Dass

Paper: Quantum Mechanics I (Code: MPH103)

Unit-I

Introductory concepts: Wave-particle duality, interpretation of the wave function, Schrodinger equation,

Unit –II

Heisenberg uncertainty principle, operators and expectation values, Ehrenfest theorem, Expectation values

Unit- III

Time-independent Schrodinger equation, stationary states and their properties, energy quantization, properties of energy Eigen functions, general solution of the time dependent Schrodinger equation for a time independent potential.

Unit- IV

One-dimensional problems: Normalization, Eigen values and Eigen functions of particle in a) infinitely deep potential b) finite square well potential, and c) simple harmonic oscillator potential, potential barrier - transmission and reflection coefficients , rectangular potential box. Schrodinger equation in three dimensional box. Central potential, separation of variables in the Schrodinger equation, the radial equation, Hydrogen atom.

Unit-V

Angular momentum: Orbital angular momentum commutation relations, Eigen values and Eigen functions, General operator algebra of angular momentum operators J_x , J_y , J_z . Ladder operators, eigen values and eigen state of J^2 and J_z , matrix representations of angular momentum operators, Pauli spin matrices, addition of angular momentum, Clebsch-Gordan coefficients for the case $j_1 = j_2 = 1/2$.

Suggested Books:

- Quantum Mechanics : Concepts and Applications By Nouredine Zettili
- Introduction to Quantum Mechanics, David J Griffiths, 2nd Edition, Pearson Prentice Hall, 2005.
- Quantum Mechanics, LI Schiff, 3rd Edition, McGraw Hill Book Company, 1955.
- Modern Quantum Mechanics, JJ Sakurai, Revised Edition, Addison-Wesley, 1995.
- Quantum Mechanics by Ghatak & Loknathan,.

Paper: Electronic Devices (Code: MPH104)

Unit-1

Transistors: BJT, FET, MOSFET, JFET: Structure, Working, Derivations of the equations for I-V characteristics under different conditions

Unit- 2

Microwave Devices: Tunnel Diode, Transfer Electron Devices (Gunn Diode)

Unit -3

Photonic Devices: Radiative and Non Radiative transitions , Optical Absorption, Photoconductive devices (LDR), diode photo detectors, solar cell (Open circuit voltage and short circuit current), LED : operation of LED, Diode Lasers, Optical gain and threshold current for lasing.

Unit- 4

Electro- optic , Magneto- optic and Acoustic – Optic Effects, Material Properties related to these effects, Piezoelectric, Electrostrictive and Magnetostrictive effects, important materials exhibiting these properties and their applications in sensor and actuator devices.

Unit -5

Satellite communication:Orbital satellites, geostationary satellites, orbital patterns, look angles, orbital spacing, satellite systems, Link modules

Suggested Books:

- Semiconductor Devices- Physics and Technology, S.M.Sze (Wiley)
- Introduction to semiconductor Devices- M.S.Tyagi, John Wiley & Sons
- Optical Electronics by Ajay Ghatak and K. Thyagarajan Cambridge Univ. Press
- Microelectronics by Jacob Milman, McGraw Hill International Book Co, New Delhi, 1990
- Advanced Electronics Communications Systems by Wayne Tomasi

General Physics Lab I (Code: MPH105P I)

1. Studies with Michelson's Interferometer.
 - (a) Determination of wavelength separation of sodium D-lines.
 - (b) Determination of thickness of mica sheet.
2. Studies of phenomena with polarized light:
 - (a) Verification of Brewster's law.
 - (b) Verification of Fresnel's law of reflection of plane polarized light.
 - (c) Analysis of elliptically polarized light using $\lambda/4$ plate and Babinet's compensator.
3. Verification of Rayleigh's criterion for the limit of resolution of spectral lines using
 - (a) Prism spectrum and
 - (b) Grating spectrum.
4. Young's modulus determination by optical method.
5. Experiments using He-Ne laser source:
 - (a) Determination of laser parameters.
 - (b) Measurement of the angle of a wedge plate using Haidinger fringes.
 - (c) Determination of grating pitch using phenomena of self-imaging.
 - (d) Determination of wavelength with a vernier callipers.
6. Experiment to study the applications of Newton's Ring Method.

General Physics Lab II (Code: MPH106P2)

1. Network Analysis- Thevenin and Norton Equivalent circuits.
2. Basics Of PN Junction – Forward and Reverse Biasing, Significance of Fermi Level.
3. Zener Diode- Characteristics and Voltage Regulation
4. Transistor Characteristics and Biasing
5. Wein's Bridge and Phase shift
6. Solving Boolean expressions
7. Negative Feedback (Voltage series/shunt and current series /shunt)
8. A stable, monostable and bistable multivibrator
9. Characteristics and applications of silicon controlled rectifier.
10. To verify and design AND, OR, NOT and XOR gates using NAND gates.





Year-I

Semester-II

Paper: Electromagnetic Theory (Code: MPH201)

Unit-I

Electrostatics: Coulomb's law, Electric field, Gauss's law, applications of Gauss's law, Electric Potential, Poisson's equation and Laplace's equation, Work and energy in electrostatics, boundary conditions and uniqueness theorems

Unit- II

Magnetostatics: Biot-Savart Law, Divergence and Curl of B, Ampere's law and applications of Ampere's law, Magnetic vector potential, Multipole expansion of the vector potential.

Unit-III

Electrodynamics: Faraday's law, Energy in magnetic fields, Maxwell's equations, Maxwell's displacement current, Maxwell's equations and magnetic charge, Maxwell's equations inside matter, boundary conditions. Scalar and vector potentials, Gauge transformations, Coulomb and Lorentz Gauge; Lorentz force law in potential form, Energy and momentum in electrodynamics, Poynting's theorem Maxwell's stress tensor, Conservation of momentum.

Unit –IV

Electromagnetic waves: Electromagnetic waves in non-conducting media: Monochromatic plane waves in vacuum, propagation through linear media, Reflection and transmission at interfaces. Fresnel's laws; Electromagnetic waves in conductors: Modified wave equation, monochromatic plane waves in conducting media

Unit-V

Electromagnetic radiation: Retarded potentials, Electric dipole radiation, magnetic dipole radiation, Radiation from a point charge: Lienard-Wiechart potentials, fields of a point charge in motion, power radiated by a point charge

Suggested Books:

- Introduction to Electrodynamics, David J Griffiths, 2 nd Edition, Prentice Hall India, 1989.
- Classical Electrodynamics, JD Jackson, 4 th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2005.
- Electrodynamics, Gupta, Kumar, Singh, Pragati prakashan, 18 th edition, 2010.

Paper: Solid State Physics (Code: MPH202)

Unit-I

Scattering of x-rays, Laue conditions and Bragg's law, geometrical scattering structure and atomic scattering factor, Reciprocal lattice (Properties).

Unit-II

Free electron theory of metals: Free electron model, Electrical conductivity of metals, relaxation time and mean free path, electrical conductivity and Ohm's law, thermal conductivity, Wiedemann - Franz law, thermionic emission, Hall effect.

Unit-III

Semiconductors: Introduction to semiconductors, band structure of semiconductors, Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors, expression for carrier concentration (only for intrinsic), ionization energies, charge neutrality equation, conductivity-mobility and their temperature dependence, Hall effect in semiconductors.

Superconductors: Meissner effect- heat capacity-energy gap-Isotope effect- BCS theory (qualitative)-Josephson tunneling exotic superconductors- high T_c superconductors, AC and DC Josephson effect, London's theory.

Unit IV

Dielectrics: Introduction, Dielectric constant and displacement vector different kinds of polarization-local electric field-Lorentz field- Clausius - Mossotti equation relation- expressions for electronic, ionic and dipolar polarizability, Ferroelectricity and piezoelectricity.

Unit – V

Magnetism: Review of basic formulae -classification of magnetic materials-Langevin theory of diamagnetism, para-magnetism and Ferromagnetism, domains-Weiss molecular field theory (classical)-Heisenberg exchange interaction theory-. Antiferromagnetism and ferrimagnetism. Bloch, wall energy

Suggested Books:

- Solid State Physics, AJ Dekker, Macmillan India Ltd., Bangalore, 1981.
- Solid State Physics, C Kittel, V Ed., Wiley Eastern Ltd., 1976.
- Elementary Solid state physics, MA Omar, Addison Wesley, New Delhi, 2000.
- Solid state Physics, SO Pillai. New Age International Publication, 2002.
- Solid state Physics, MA Wahab, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 1999.

Paper: Scientific Computing (Code: MPH203)

Unit – I

Introduction: Role of computers in physics; Numerical analysis, modeling and simulation; Flow charts; Introduction to computer programming in Python/C/C++,

Unit- II

Integer and Floating point arithmetic, Operators and Expressions, While, Do-While, For loops, Arrays and Strings, Functions, I/O with files. Programs:- (1) Roots of a Quadratic Equation, (2) Sum and Average of Numbers, (3) Sum, Difference and Product of Matrices, (4) Largest of Three Numbers, (5) Factorial of an Integer by Normal Method and by Recursion, (6) Largest of a List of Numbers and its Location in the List, (7) Fitting a Straight Line to a Data, (8) Deviations About an Average, (9) Arrange a List of Numbers in Ascending and Descending Order, (10) Binary Search

Unit – III

Solution of Algebraic and Transcendental Equations: (1) Fixed-Point Iteration Method, (2) Bisection Method, (3) Secant Method, (4) Newton-Raphson Method

Unit-IV

Matrices and Linear System of Equations: Solution of Linear Equations :(1) Gauss Elimination Method and (2) Gauss-Seidel Iterative Method, Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors :Computation of Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors of Matrices by using Iterative Methods.

Unit - V

Interpolation: Forward and Backward Differences. Symbolic Relation, Differences of a Polynomial, Newton' Forward and Backward Interpolation Formulas.Divided Differences.

Suggested Books:

- Numerical Methods in Engineering with Python by Jaan Kiusalaas, Cambridge University Press.
- Mathews, J. H., Numerical Methods for Mathematics, Science and Engineering, Prentice-Hall, (2000).
- Introduction to Numerical Analysis, S.S. Sastry, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- Schaum's Outline of Programming with C++, J. Hubbard, MCGraw-Hill Pub.
- Numerical Methods for Scientists & Engineers, R.W. Hamming, Courier Dover Pub.
- Scilab(A free Software to Matlab): H.Ramchandran, A.S. Nair. 2011, S.Chand& Company.

Paper: Quantum Mechanics-II (Code: MPH204)

Unit-I

Approximation Methods for stationary problems: Time independent perturbation theory, Time independent perturbation theory for i) non-degenerate and ii) degenerate energy levels, applications: one dimensional harmonic oscillator subjected to a perturbing potential in x and x^2 , the fine structure of the hydrogen atom and Zeeman effect.

Unit –II

Approximation Methods for time dependent problems: Time dependent perturbation theory: Approximate solution of the Schrodinger equation with time dependent Hamiltonian,

Unit- III

WKB approximation and variational method, Born approximation, scattering by a spherically symmetric potential, Fermi Golden Rule.

Unit-IV

Symmetry Principles and Conservation Laws: Continuous symmetries: Spatial translation symmetry and conservation of linear momentum, time translation symmetry and conservation in energy, Rotations in Space: Conservation of angular momentum scattering of identical particles, Three dimensional problems: Spin 1/2 particles in a box - The Fermi gas.

Unit-V

Relativistic quantum mechanics: Klein-Gordon equation for a free relativistic particle, Properties of Dirac Matrices, Plane wave solutions of Dirac equations, Spin and Magnetic Moment of an electron, Nonrelativistic reduction of Dirac equation.

References

1. Introduction to Quantum Mechanics, David J Griffiths, 2nd Edition, Pearson Prentice Hall, 2005.
2. Quantum Mechanics, VK Thankappan, 2nd Edition, Wiley Eastern Limited, 1993.
3. Quantum Mechanics Vol I & II, C Cohen Tannoudji, B Diu and F Laloe, 2nd Edition, Wiley Interscience Publication, 1977.
4. Quantum Mechanics, LI Schiff, 3rd Edition, McGraw Hill Book Company, 1955

Paper: Physics Lab III (Code: MPH205P1)

1. 'e/m' measurement by Braun's tube and by Magnetron valve method.
2. 'e' measurement by Millikan oil drop apparatus.
3. Characterization of Photo-resistor.
4. Determine the plateau characteristics of the given GM counter.
5. Verification of Inverse Square Law for Gamma-rays.
6. To measure the absorption coefficient of gamma rays in Aluminum or Copper.
7. To plot the Gaussian or normal distribution curve for background radiation.
8. Determination of dead time of the GM Counter.



Paper: Scientific Computing Lab (Code: MPH206P2)

The computer laboratory work will to develop & execute the following in Python/C/C++ & in MATLAB/Scilab: Python/C/C++-Programming

1. To evaluate a Polynomial:-

(1) Converting Temperature from Fahrenheit to Celsius,

(2) Area of a Circle

(3) Volume of Sphere etc.

2. To find the Roots of a Quadratic Equation: Real and Distinct, Repeated and Imaginary.

3. To locate a Number in a Given List (linear search).

4. (i) To find the Largest of Three Numbers. (ii) To find the Largest Number in a Given List of Numbers.

5. (i) To check whether a Given Number is a Prime Number. (ii) To calculate the first 100 prime numbers.

6. To rearrange a List of Numbers in Ascending and Descending Order.

7. (i) To calculate Factorial of a Number. (ii) To calculate the first few Factorials.

8. Manipulation of Matrices

(i) To Add and Subtract two Matrices.

(ii) To Multiply two Matrices.

Year-II
Semester- III



Paper: Atomic and Molecular Physics (Code: MPH301)

Unit –I

Atomic Spectra: Space quantization, Relation between angular momentum and magnetic moment, Bohr magneton. Fine structure of spectral lines, Term symbols of alkali and alkaline earth atoms. LS and JJ coupling

Unit- II

Quantum theory of Zeeman effect (normal and anomalous), Paschen-Back effect, Stark effect (linear and non-linear). Hyperfine structure of spectral lines, X-ray spectra characteristics and absorption.

Unit- III

Electronic states and electronic transitions in diatomic molecules, Frank Condon principle. Raman Spectra,

Unit- IV

Types of Molecular Spectra, Pure Rotational Spectra, Vibrational –Rotational Spectra.

Unit-V

Laser and Holography: Spontaneous and stimulated emission, Einstein A and B coefficients, Basic Principles of Laser, Population Inversion-Two level and Three level Laser system, The CO₂ Laser, Semi-conductor Laser, Principle of Holography,

Suggested Books:

- Atomic and molecular Physics by Rajkumar.
- Atomic and Molecular Physics by Gupta and Sharma
- Elements of Spectroscopy: Gupta, Kumar and Sharma, Pragati Prakashan.
- Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy: Colin and Elaine, TMH.
- Laser and Non-linear Optics: B.B. Laud, New Age Publications.

Paper: Introduction to Astrophysics (Code: MPH302)

Unit- I

Sky coordinates and motions: Earth Rotation - Sky coordinates - seasons - phases of the Moon - the Moon's orbit and eclipses

Unit –II

Planetary motions: Kepler's Laws - Gravity; Light & Energy - Telescopes - Optics - Detectors;

Unit- III

Galaxies: Our Milky Way - Galactic structure - Galactic rotation - Galaxy types - Galaxy formation

Unit- IV

Planets: Formation of Solar System - planet types - planet atmospheres - extrasolar planets; Stars, Black Holes

Unit -V

Expansion of the Universe, redshifts, Supernovae, the Big Bang - history of the Universe, fate of the Universe.

Suggested Books:

- COSMOS by Carl Sagan
- Black Holes: The Reith Lectures by Stephen Hawking
- Astrophysics for People in a Hurry by Neil deGrasse Tyson
- An Introduction to Astrophysics by Basu
- Space Encyclopedia: A Tour of Our Solar System and Beyond by NAT GEO
- An Introduction to Modern Astrophysics, BW Carroll & DA Ostlie Latest Edition, Addison-Wesley.
- Frank Shu, The Physical Universe, Latest Edition, University Science Books
- Martin Harwit, Astrophysical Concepts, Latest Edition, Springer.
- T. Padmanabhan, Invitation to Astrophysics, Latest Edition, World Scientific Publishing Co.

Paper: Statistical Mechanics (Code: MPH303)

Unit-I

Classical statistical description of system of particles: Specification of the state of a classical system, Phase space, Statistical ensemble, Basic postulates, Probability calculations, Behaviour of density of states, Statistical Equilibrium, Liouville theorem, Microcanonical, canonical, grand canonical ensembles.

Unit-II

Partition function of ideal gas and their properties, Calculation of thermodynamic quantities of ideal monoatomic gas, Gibbs' paradox, Equipartition theorem

Unit-III

Quantum statistical mechanics: Basic concepts – Quantum ideal gas, Identical particles and symmetry requirements, Bose - Einstein statistics, Ideal Bose gas, black body radiation, Virial equation of state, Virial coefficients in classical limits.

Unit -IV

Bose - Einstein condensation, Evaluation of α and β and its thermodynamical interpretation, Thermal properties of Bose-Einstein gas and liquid He, The Lambda transition, two fluid model, Pauli paramagnetism, electronic specific heat, Quantum statistics in the classical limit.

Unit-V

Irreversible processes and fluctuations: Random walk in one dimension, Brownian motion, Langevin equation, Ising Model, Bragg-Williams Approximation, White Dwarf, Chandrasekhar's Limit.

References

1. Fundamentals of Statistical and Thermal Physics, F Reif, First Indian Edition, Levant Books, 2010.
2. Statistical Mechanics, K Huang, Wiley Eastern Limited, New Delhi, 1963.
3. Statistical Mechanics, RK Pathria and PD Beale, 3rd Edition, Academic Press (Oxford), 2011.
4. Statistical Physics by Gupta, Kumar
5. Fundamentals of Statistical Mechanics, BB Laud, 5 th Edition, New Age International Publication

SPECIALIZATION PAPER SYLLABUS

Code: MPH304 (One to be selected from the three electives)

Paper: ELECTRONICS (ELECTIVE -I)

Unit- I

Physics of devices: Calculation of carrier concentration in intrinsic semiconductors; Calculation of carrier concentration in extrinsic semiconductors; Fermi energy level; electrical conductivity; p-n junction; abrupt junction; band structure; Calculation of junction voltage; variation of electric field across the junction; expression for width of the depletion region; expression for junction capacitance; diffusion and drift currents; equilibrium current calculation;

Unit-II

Forward and reverse bias of the diode; current relations under non equilibrium; Derivation of diode equation; V-I characteristics of diode; Junction field effect transistor; band structure; construction and working principle; current – voltage characteristics; Depletion and Enhancement mode MOSFET: Principle and working; calculation of threshold voltage; V-I characteristics.

Unit -III

Operational amplifiers: Operational amplifier as open loop amplifier - Limitations of open loop configuration – Operational amplifier as a feedback amplifier: closed loop gain, input impedance, output impedance of inverting and non-inverting amplifiers - Voltage follower - Differential amplifier: voltage gain. Linear applications – Phase and frequency response of low pass, high pass and band pass filters (first order), summing amplifier – inverting and non-inverting configurations, subtractor, difference summing amplifier, Differentiator, Integrator

Unit –IV

Simplification using Karnaugh Map technique (6 variables) Flip flops: Latch using NAND and NOR gates- RS flip flop, clocked RS flip flop, JK flip flop, JK master slave flip flop - racing – Shift Registers basics - Counters: Ripple / asynchronous counters truth table-timing diagram, Synchronous counters-truth table-timing diagram, Decade counter. Digital to Analog converters, ladder and weighted resistor types. Analog to digital Converters- counter method, successive approximation and dual slope converter.

Unit-V

BJT Logic Families: TTL logic NAND gate circuit, ECL logic OR/NOR gate circuit, analysis and evaluation of logic parameters. MOS Logic Families: NMOS inverter circuit and its analysis with linear and non-linear loads, CMOS inverter.

Suggested Books:

- Semiconductor Devices Physics and Technology, SM Sze, 3 rd Edition, John Wiley and Sons Inc. Asia, 2006.
- Solid State Electronic Devices, Ben G Streetman, Sanjay Bannerjee, 7 th edition, Pearson, Asia, 2014.
- Electronic Principles, AP Malvino and J Bates, Eighth Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, Delhi, 2016.
- Op-Amps and Linear Integrated Circuits, RA Gayakwad, 4 th Edition, Eastern Economy Edition, 2004.
- Digital principles and applications, DP Leach and AP Malvino, 5 th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2002.
- Millman & Brabel, “Microelectronics”, McGraw-Hill (International Students’ Edition).
- Gayakwad, “Op-Amps and Linear Integrated Circuits”, 3/e, Prentice-Hall of India
- Sedra & Smith, “Microelectronic Circuits”, 3/e, Sounders College Publishing.



**TO BE SELECTED ACCORDING TO CORRESPONDING SPECIALIZATION
THEORY PAPER**

**Practical Paper: Electronics Lab-I (Elective)
(Code: MPH305P1)**

1. p-n junction diodes-clipping and clamping circuits.
2. FET – characteristics, biasing and its applications as an amplifier
3. MOSFET – characteristics, biasing and its applications as an amplifier.
4. UJT – characteristics and its application as a relaxation oscillator.
5. SCR – Characteristics and its application as a switching device.
6. Filters-passive and active, all pass (phase shifters)
7. Power supply-regulation and stabilization
8. Oscillator-design and study
9. Multi stage and tuned amplifiers
10. Multivibrators-astable, monostable and bistable with applications
11. Design and study of a triangular wave generator
12. A/D and D/A converters



Paper: Elective II:

Condensed Matter Physics-I (Specialization) (Code: MPH304)

Unit-I

Inter-atomic forces and bonding in solids: Forces between atoms, binding energy, cohesion of atoms and cohesive energy, calculation of cohesive energy, bond energy of NaCl molecule, calculation of lattice energy of ionic crystals, calculation of Madelung constant of ionic crystals.

Unit-II

Diffusion in solids: Fick's law of diffusion, determination of diffusion coefficients, diffusion couple, applications based on second law of diffusion, atomic model of diffusion-electrical conductivity of ionic crystals.

Unit-III

Lattice vibrations and phonons: Wave motion of one dimensional atomic lattice, lattice with two atoms with primitive cell, Some facts about diatomic lattice, number of possible normal modes of vibrations in a band, phonons, momentum of phonons.

Unit-IV

Thermal properties: Classical calculations of lattice specific heat, Einstein theory of specific heats, Debye's model of lattice specific heat, Debye approximation, An-harmonic crystal interactions, thermal expansion, lattice thermal conductivity of solids- Umklapp process.

Unit- V

Imperfections in crystals: Classification of imperfections, crystallographic imperfections, point defects, concentrations of Schottky and Frenkel defects, line defects, edge dislocations, screw dislocation.

Suggested Books:

- Solid State Physics, A.J. Dekker, MacmillanIndia Ltd, Bangalore, 1981.
- Solid State Physics, C Kittel, V Ed, Wiley Eastern Ltd, 1976.
- Elementary Solid state physics, M. A Omar, AddisonWesley, New Delhi, 2000.
- Solid State Physics, SO Pillai, New Age International Publication, 2002.
- Solid State Physics, MA Wahab, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi.

Practical Paper: Condensed Matter Physics Lab-I (Elective)
(Code: MPH305P1)

1. Analysis of X-ray powder photographs (NaCl, KCl, Cu)
2. Analysis of single crystal rotation photograph (NaCl)
3. Analysis of a backscattering of powder photograph of copper
4. Estimation of R-factor using X-ray diffractogram.
5. Calibration of electromagnet and magnetic susceptibility determination of magnetic salts (MnSO_4 , MnCl_2) by Quincke's method
6. Experiments with pn-junction
 - (a) Determination of n , E_g and dV/dt of PN -junction material
 - (b) Determination of junction capacitance
7. Determination of Curie temp for a ferromagnetic material (Ni-Fe alloy)
8. Study of B-H curve of a Ferromagnetic material (both hard and soft).
9. Electrical resistivity of semiconducting Ge sample using four probe method.

Paper Elective III- Laser and Spectroscopy – I (Specialization) **(Code: MPH304)**

Unit – I

Interaction of Matter with radiation: Interaction of electromagnetic radiation with matter, Einstein coefficients (2 level system interacting with radiation) Beer's law- attenuation and amplification of light.

Unit - II

Molecular symmetry: Review of definition and properties of a Group. Molecular symmetry elements and symmetry operations, Matrix representation of symmetry operations, geometric transformations.Reducible and Irreducible representation for simple molecules such as NH₃ and H₂O.

Unit-III

Spin resonance spectroscopy-A: Basic principles of NMR, absorption and resonance condition, Relaxation processes: concepts of spin-lattice relaxation and spin-spin relaxation, Line broadening and dipolar interaction, MASS experiment, chemical shift, spin-spin coupling.

Unit-IV

Spin resonance spectroscopy:Electron spin and magnetic moment, Basic concepts of ESR, characteristics of g-factor and its anisotropy, nuclear hyperfine interaction, Spin Hamiltonian, ESR of organic and inorganic radicals: equivalent and non-equivalent sets of nuclei, experimental technique and ESR spectrometer (Block diagram level).

Unit-V

Basic principles of NQR, nuclear quadrupole interaction, fundamental requirements of NQR. Electron Nuclear Double Resonance (ENDOR)-General treatment of an ENDOR experiment in a system with $s = 1/2$ and $I = 1/2$. Advantages of ENDOR over ESR

Suggested Books:

- Physics of atoms and molecules, Bransden and Joachain, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education,
- Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy, Banwell and McCash, Tata McGraw Hill
- Modern Spectroscopy, JM Hollas, John Wiley, 1998.
- Introduction to Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy: ESR, NMR, NQR, 2nd Edition, DN Sathyanarayana, IK International Publishing House Ltd, 2014.



Practical Paper: Spectroscopy & Laser I (Elective)
(Code: MPH305P1)

1. Determination of g-factor for standard ESR sample using portable ESR spectrometer
2. Ion trap (q/m determination) quadrupole AC trap
3. CCD spectrometer to record absorption bands of Iodine molecule
4. CCD spectrometer to record band spectrum of AlO
5. Analysis of band spectrum of PN molecule
6. Analysis of Rotational Raman spectrum of a molecule
7. Twyman-Green interferometer
8. Fabry-Perot interferometer experiments
9. Zeeman effect experiment
10. Numerical aperture and bending loss of optical fiber.
11. Wavelength of laser by diffraction method (Transmission grating).
12. Wavelength of laser by diffraction method (Reflection grating).
13. Wavelength of laser by interference method.
14. Determination of spin coupling constant from NMR spectrum of a molecule

Dissertation – I(MPH306P2)

I Objective:

This paper aims to facilitate students to create the basic understanding of research, problem identification, report writing carry out extensive research and development project or technical project at place of work through problem and gap identification, development of methodology for problem solving, interpretation of findings, presentation of results and discussion of findings in context of national and international research. The overall goal of the dissertation is for the student to display the knowledge and capability required for independent work.

II Learning Outcomes (CLOs):

The student will be able to

- gain in-depth knowledge and use adequate methods in the major subject/field of study.
- create, analyze and critically evaluate different technical/research solutions
- clearly present and discuss the conclusions as well as the knowledge and arguments that form the basis for these findings
- identify the issues that must be addressed within the framework of the specific dissertation in order to take into consideration

III Project Allotment:

On the first day of 3rd semester, common guidelines will be provided to the students & within a week the field/ title & supervisor will be decided by the departmental council. It may be theoretical, experimental & computational in nature. The student should work continuously as per the credit hour under the supervision of Guide. The final Master's Dissertation will be uploaded on the Departmental website, archives & on INFLIBNET.

IV Project Submission & Evaluation

At the end of third semester, the students will submit the soft binding of report in three copies (Dept., Guide & Candidate). The student will prepare a presentation & present it in front of External Examiner, Faculty members of Dept. & students of the Department. The dissertation will be evaluated according to the relevance of topic, intensity of actual work done, conceptual understanding of the work.

The marking guidelines are following:

- Marks Awarded for 2 Reviews (20 + 20) (Guide + External Examiner) = 40 Marks
- Evaluation of the Dissertation (20 + 20) : (Guide + External Examiner) = 40 Marks
- Presentation (15 Min) followed by Viva-voce Examination = 20 Marks
(Guide +External Examiner)

Total : 100 Marks





Paper: Nuclear Physics (Code: MPH401)

Unit - I

Basic concepts of General properties of nuclei, mass defect, size and shape, binding energy, angular momentum, magnetic dipole moments and electric quadrupole moments. Nuclear radius

Unit II

Radioactivity, units of radiation, Alpha, Beta and Gamma-Rays decay. Constituents of nuclei : Nature of interactions: Electromagnetic and weak interactions

Unit – III

Nuclear Models: Liquid drop model, Fermi Gas Model, Shell Model Magic numbers, spin-orbit coupling prediction of angular momenta of nuclear ground states, Nuclear Energy levels

Unit - IV

Reaction dynamics, the Q of Nuclear reaction, Compound nucleus formation and breakup, nuclear fission and heavy ion induced reactions, fusion reactions, types of nuclear reactors.

Unit - V

Elementary particle physics, Hadrons and leptons, their masses, spin parity decay structure, quarks and gluons., Conservation Laws, Gell-mann-Nishijima formula, parity non conservation in weak interactions etc.,

Suggested Books:

- Introductory nuclear Physics by Kenneth S. Krane, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd., 2008.
- Concepts of nuclear physics by Bernard L. Cohen, Tata Mcgraw Hill, 1998
- Introduction to Elementary Particles by D. Griffith, John Wiley & Sons
- Introductory Nuclear Physics by S.S.M. Wong, PHI
- Nuclear Physics by R.R. Roy & B.P.Nigam, John Wiley
- Basic ideas and concepts in Nuclear Physics - An Introductory Approach by K. Heyde (IOP Institute of Physics Publishing, 2004)

Paper: Introduction to Nanotechnology (Code: MPH402)

Unit- I

General Concepts in Nanotechnology, What is nanotechnology, Classification of different areas of nanotechnology, the interdisciplinary nature of nanotechnology, What does nanotechnology offer for our future.

Unit- II

Carbon Nanotubes, Structures of CNTs, Mechanical Properties of CNTs , Electrical and Electronic Properties of CNTs

Unit III

Photonic crystals and Nano photonics, Photons and Electrons: Similarities and differences, Photonic Crystals, Properties and applications of photonic crystals

Unit- IV

Quantum dot structure, Properties of quantum structure, Quantum confinement

Unit- V

Carbon Nanofoam and Graphene , Generation of graphene sheets

Suggested Books:

- Introduction to nanoscience and nanomaterials by Dinesh. C. Agarwal
- “Nanostructures & Nanomaterials: Synthesis, Properties & Applications” G. Cao, Imperial College Press, 2004.
- Nanomaterials, Nanotechnologies and Design: An introduction for engineers and Architects, Micheal F. Ashby, P.J. Ferreria, D.L. Schodek,
- Introduction to Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, Gabor .L et al,
- Fundamentals of Nanotechnology, Hornyak, G. Louis, Tibbals, H. F., Dutta, Joydeep, CRC Press, 2009
- Nanomaterials: An introduction to synthesis, properties and application, Dieter Vollath, WILE-VCH, 2008

Paper: Environmental Physics (Code: MPH403)

Unit -1

Essentials of Environmental Physics

Structure and thermodynamics of the atmosphere, Composition of air, Greenhouse Effect, Transport of matter, energy and momentum in nature. Stratification and stability of atmosphere , General circulation of tropics, Elements of weather and climate.

Unit -2

Solar and Terrestrial Radiation

Physics of radiation, Interaction of light with matter, Rayleigh scattering, Laws of radiation i.e. Kirchoff's law, Planck's law, Wein's Displacement Law etc., UV radiation, Ozone depletion problem, Energy balance of earth 's atmosphere system.

Unit-3

Environmental Pollution and Degradation

Factors governing air, water and noise pollution, Air and water quality standards, waste disposal, Land and sea breeze, Wet and dry deposition, Dispersal mechanism of air and water pollutants, Environmental Degradation.

Unit-4

Environmental Changes and Remote sensing

Energy sources, Renewable sources of Energy: Solar Energy, Wind Energy, Bioenergy, Hydroenergy, Deforestation, Degradation of soils, Remote sensing techniques.

Unit-5

Global and Regional Climate

Elements of weather and climate, Stability and vertical motion of air, Horizontal motion of air and water, Global climate models, Projection of global climate changes, Energy balance- a zero dimensional greenhouse model.

Suggested books:

1. J. Twidell and J.Weir : Renewable Energy Resources (Elbs, 1988)
2. J.T. Houghton: The Physics of Atmosphere (Cambridge University Press, 1977)
3. R.N. Keshavamurthy and M.Shankar Rao: The Physics of Monsoons (Allied Publishers,1992)

Specialization Paper –II (Code- MPH404)

Elective I (Electronics- II)

Unit-1

Analog circuits: Comparators, Multivibrators, Waveform generators: Square wave, triangle wave and pulse generators.

Unit-2

Digital MOS circuits: NMOS and CMOS gates (AND, NAND and NOT), Dynamic MOS circuits, ratio inverter, two phase inverter; dynamic MOS shift register, static MOS shift registers, four phase shift registers. Memory Devices; Static and dynamic random access memories (SRAM and DRAM)

Unit -3

Physics of Semiconductor devices: Carrier concentrations in semiconductors; Band structure of p-n junction; Basic semiconductor equations; p-n diode current voltage characteristics; Dynamic diffusion capacitances; Ebers-Moll equation.

Unit- 4

Physics of Semiconductor devices: Metal semiconductor junctions: Schottky barriers; Rectifying contacts; Ohmic contacts; Typical Schottky barriers, Miscellaneous semiconductor devices: Tunnel diode; Photodiode; Solar cell; LED; LDR; p-n-p-n switch, SCR; Unijunction transistor (UJT); Programmable Unijunction transistor (PUT).

Unit- 5

Experimental design: Scintillation detectors; Solid state detectors (Si and HPGe).

Measurement of energy and time using electronic signals from the detectors and associated instrumentation, Signal processing; Multi channel analyzer; Time of flight technique; Coincidence measurements: true-to-chance ratio.

Suggested Books:

- Integrated Electronics ,J. Millman and C.C.Halkias.
- Electronic Devices and Circuits, S.Salivahanan & N.S. Kumar
- Semiconductor Devices: Physics and Technology, S.M.Sze
- Electronic Devices, ThomasL.Floyd

Practical Paper: Electronics Lab-II (Elective)
(Code: MPH405P1)

1. Operational amplifier parameters measurements and their dependence on frequency.
2. Basic operational amplifier configurations: inverting amplifier, non-inverting amplifier, voltage follower, differentiator, integrator and instrumentation amplifier
3. Butterworth second order active low pass and high pass filters.
4. Studies on second order band-pass and band-elimination active filters.
5. Precision rectification: half- and full- wave.
6. Design and study of Wein bridge oscillator circuit.
7. Design and study of op amp based square wave oscillator.
8. To draw the characteristic curve of SCR and to determine its holding voltage, holding current and break-over voltage
9. Use of IC 555 timer.
10. To simulate electronic circuits using Pspice/ MultiSim.
11. BCD adder and subtractor.
12. DIAC and TRIAC characteristics and applications.

Paper: Elective II

Condensed Matter Physics-II (Code: MPH404)

Unit-I

Crystal Physics: Introduction, symmetry elements of crystals, concept of point groups, derivation of equivalent point position, experimental determination of space groups, expression for structure factor, analytical indexing, Weissenberg and rotating crystal method, Determination of relative structures, amplitudes from measured intensities, Multiplicity factor, Lorentz polarization factor, Reciprocal lattices, concept of reciprocal lattice, geometrical construction, relation between reciprocal lattice vector and inter-planar spacing, properties of reciprocal lattice.

Unit-II

Energy bands in solids: Elementary ideas of formation of energy bands, Bloch function, KronigPenney model, number of states in a band, Energy gap, Distinction between metals, insulators and intrinsic semiconductors, concept of holes, equation of motion for electrons and holes, effective mass of electrons and holes. Nearly free electron approximation.

Unit-III

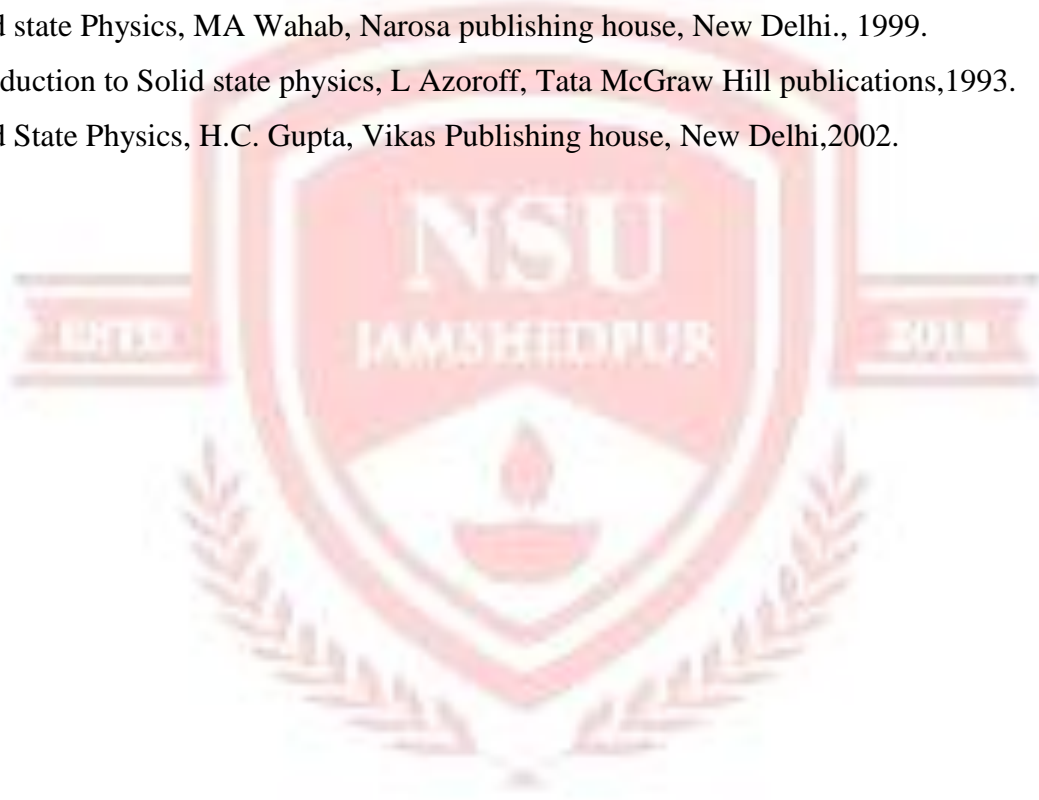
Ferroelectrics: General properties of ferroelectric materials, Classification and properties of representative ferroelectrics, The dipole theory of ferroelectricity, objections against the dipole theory, ionic displacements and behaviour of BaTiO₃ above the Currie temperature, The theory of spontaneous polarization of BaTiO₃, Thermodynamics of ferroelectric transitions, ferroelectric domains.

Unit-IV

Films and surfaces: Preparation - Thermal Vapour Deposition, Chemical Vapour Deposition, laser ablation, Molecular Beam Epitaxy, study of surface topography by multiple beam interferometry, conditions for accurate determination of step height and film thickness Fizeau fringes, Electrical conductivity of thin films, difference of behaviour of thin films from bulk material, expression for electrical conductivity for thin film.

Suggested Books:

1. Crystallography Applied to Solid State Physics, A.R. Verma and O.N. Srivastava 2nd edition, New Age International publishers, 2001.
2. Solid State Physics, A.J. Dekker, MacmillanIndia Ltd, Bangalore, 1981.
3. Solid State Physics, C. Kittel, V Ed, Wiley Eastern Ltd, 2013.
4. Elementary Solid state physics, MA Omar, Adison Wesley, New Delhi,2000.
5. Solid state Physics, SO Pillai. New age international publication, 2002.
6. Solid state Physics, MA Wahab, Narosa publishing house, New Delhi., 1999.
7. Introduction to Solid state physics, L Azoroff, Tata McGraw Hill publications,1993.
8. Solid State Physics, H.C. Gupta, Vikas Publishing house, New Delhi,2002.



Paper : Condensed Matter Physics Lab-II (Elective)
(Code: MPH405P1)

1. Magnetic susceptibility of Ferrous ammonium sulphate by Gouy's balance method
2. Temperature variation of dielectric constant and determination of Curie point of a Ferro electric solid PZT (Lead Zirconium Titanate)
3. Thermo-stimulated luminescence of F-centre in Alkali halide.
4. Hall effect experiment in semiconductors.
5. Determination of Fermi energy of copper.
6. Determination of Plank's constant using LED's
7. Determination of energy gap of a semiconductor using diode.
8. Determination of Solar cell characteristics
9. Energy band gap of a thermistor 10. Determination of lattice parameter using Bernal Chart



Paper Elective III- Laser and Spectroscopy - II (Code- MPH404)

Unit-I

Absorption spectroscopy: Basic principles, Beer - Lambert law, Molar extinction coefficient, Intensity of electronic transitions. Types of electronic transitions. Franck - Condon principle, Ground and excited electronic states of diatomic molecules. Electronic spectra of polyatomic molecules, Electronic spectra of conjugated molecules - dissociation and pre-dissociation spectra, UV-Visible spectrophotometer - Principles and Instrumentation, Applications.

Unit-II

Fluorescence spectroscopy: Jablonski diagram; characteristics of fluorescence emission - Stokes shift, mirror image rule; solvent and environmental effects on fluorescence; lifetimes and quantum yields; Fluorescence quenching: mechanism and dynamics; Fluorescence anisotropy; Spectrofluorimeter - Principles and Instrumentation, Applications.

Unit-III

Laser Raman spectroscopy: Review of Raman scattering and Raman spectrum of diatomic and linear polyatomic molecules, molecular polarizability, Polarization of Raman lines, Depolarization ratio and its determination, Resonance Raman scattering. Application of Raman spectroscopy to study phase transitions and proton conduction in solids. Non- linear effects of Raman scattering: General principles. Hyper Raman effect, Inverse Raman effect, stimulated Raman scattering, Principle and experimental technique.

Unit-IV

Mossbauer spectroscopy: Mossbauer effect, recoilless absorption and emission of gamma rays, basic principles of gamma ray fluorescence spectroscopy, hyperfine interaction, chemical isomer formula 12, Verification of Beer-Lambert law 13. Iodine absorption spectra using CDS

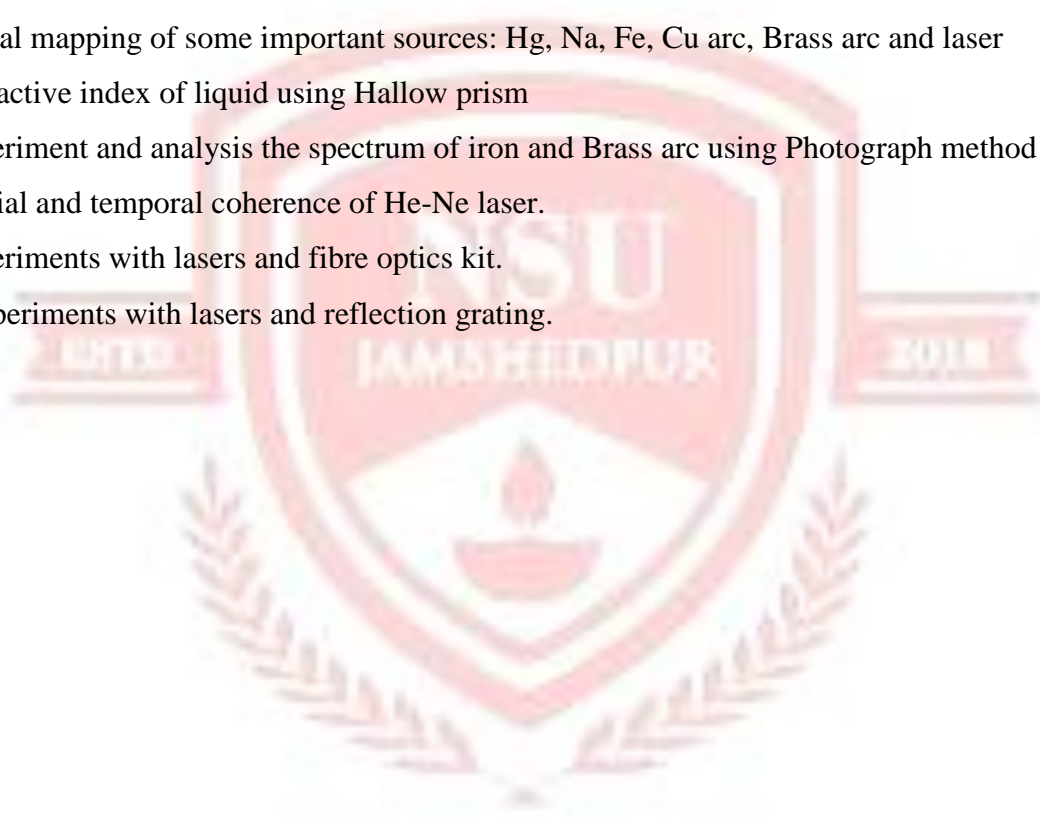
Suggested Books:

1. Fundamental of Photochemistry, KK Rohatgi-Mukherjee, New Age International Ltd, New Delhi, 1986.
2. Principles of Fluorescence Spectroscopy, 3 rd Ed, JR Lakowicz, Springer, New York, 2006.
3. Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy, Banwell and McCash, Tata McGraw Hill, 1998.
4. Modern Spectroscopy, JM Hollas, John Wiley, 1998.
5. Molecular Quantum Mechanics, PW Atkins and RS Friedman, 3 rd Edition, Oxford Press, 2004.
6. Spectra of Atoms and Molecules, P Bernath, Oxford Press, 1999.

Paper Elective III- Laser and Spectroscopy - II

(Code- MPH405P1)

1. Determination of hyper fine coupling constant from ESR spectrum of a molecule
2. Michelson Interferometer:
3. Experiment with CCD: Analysis of the spectrum of aluminium oxide (AlO)
4. Analysis of Mossbauer spectrum
5. Visual mapping of some important sources: Hg, Na, Fe, Cu arc, Brass arc and laser
6. Refractive index of liquid using Hallow prism
7. Experiment and analysis the spectrum of iron and Brass arc using Photograph method
8. Spatial and temporal coherence of He-Ne laser.
9. Experiments with lasers and fibre optics kit.
10. Experiments with lasers and reflection grating.



Dissertation – II (MPH406P2)

Same project will continue from 3rd semester:

I Objective:

This paper is focused to guide the students and provide them an opportunity to facilitate learning and training to carry out extensive research and development project or technical project identifying different areas of gap, problem identification, application of concepts and methodologies in context of a research quest. The working on a dissertation is aimed at instilling confidence in their minds about a systematic approach, writing skills, creative imaginations, presentation skills and knack of research pursuits.

II Learning Outcomes:

The student will be able to

- gain in-depth knowledge and use adequate methods in the major subject/field of study.
- create, analyze and critically evaluate different technical/research solutions
- Develop confidence for independent research and proceedings.
- develop appropriate presentation, explanation and communication skills.
- Have complete knowledge of research related procedures and activities.
- compile the research findings and justifications.

III Final Dissertation Submission & Evaluation

At the end of 4th semester, the students will submit the soft copy and three hard copies in binding of final dissertation report (Dept., Guide & Candidate). The soft copy of final Master's Dissertation will be uploaded on the Departmental website & archives. The student has to prepare a presentation & present it in front of External Examiner, Faculty members of Dept. & students of the Department.

The marking guidelines are following:

- Marks Awarded for 2 Reviews (20 + 20) (Guide + External Examiner) = 40 Marks
- Evaluation of the Dissertation (20 + 20) (Guide + External Examiner) = 40 Marks
- Presentation (15 Min) followed by Viva-voce Examination = 20 Marks
(Guide+ External Examiner)

Total: 100 Marks

